

C3

CO₂ + RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

FEEDBACK

RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE
CARBOXYLASE
(RUBP-CARBOXYLASE)

UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

ATP

ATP

BISPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

BISPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

NADPH

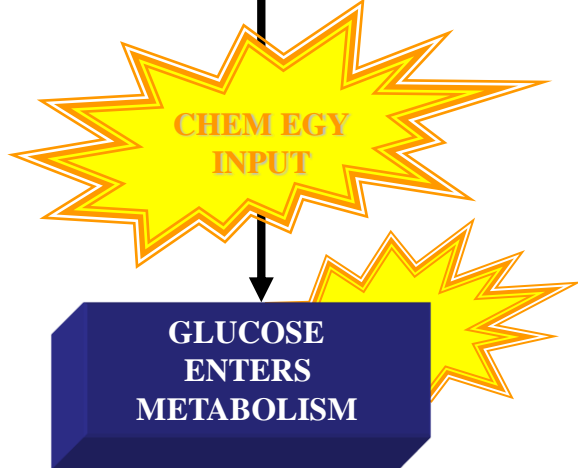
NADPH

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

ALL RXTS
REQUIRE
A SPECIFIC
ENZYME

COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)

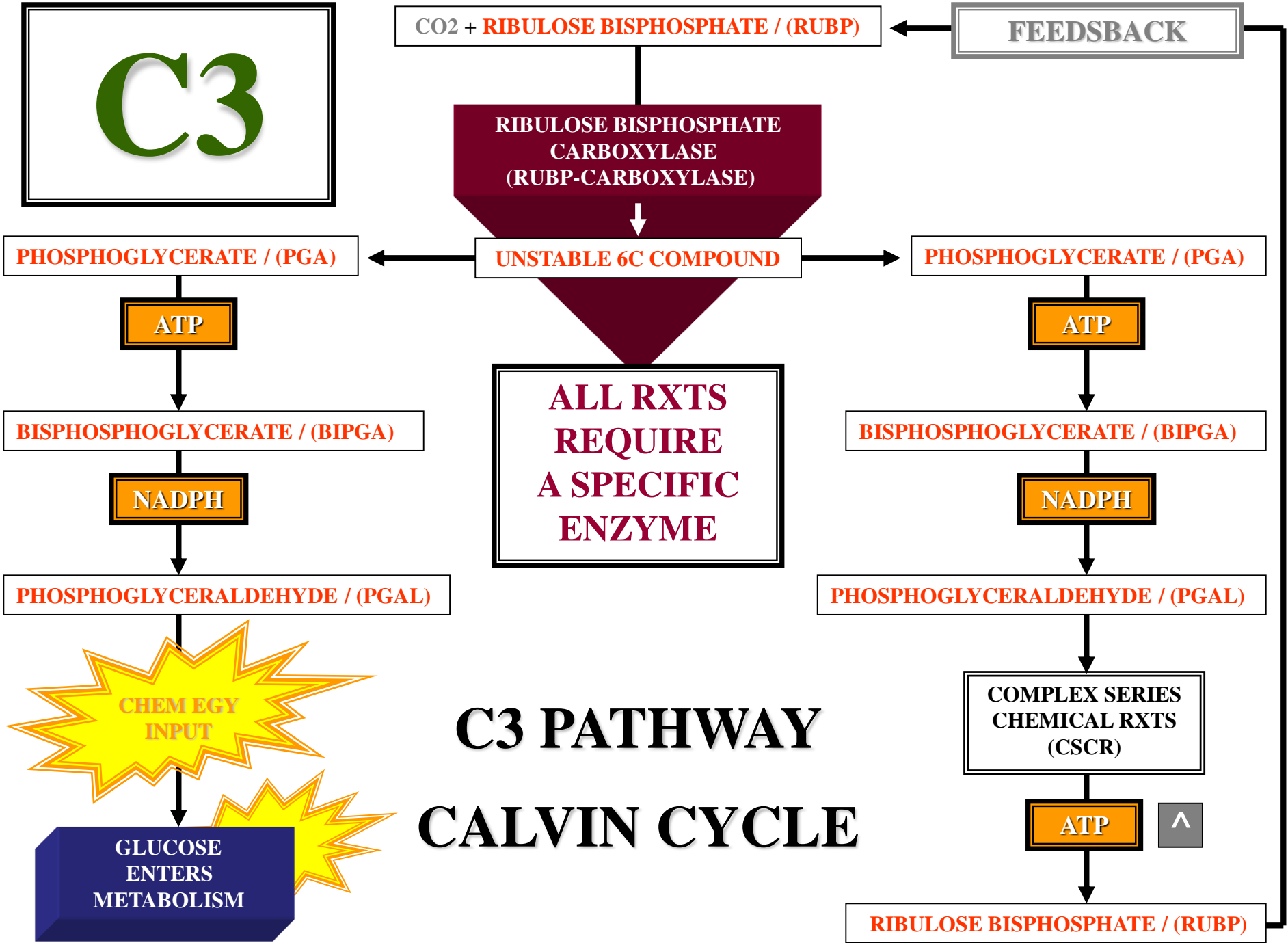


C3 PATHWAY CALVIN CYCLE

ATP



RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

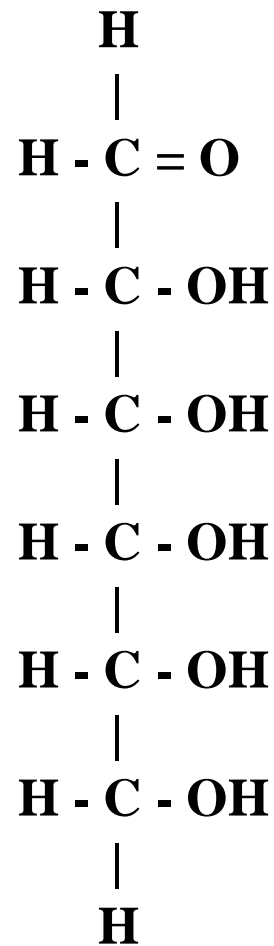


C3

PATHWAY

ENERGY COST

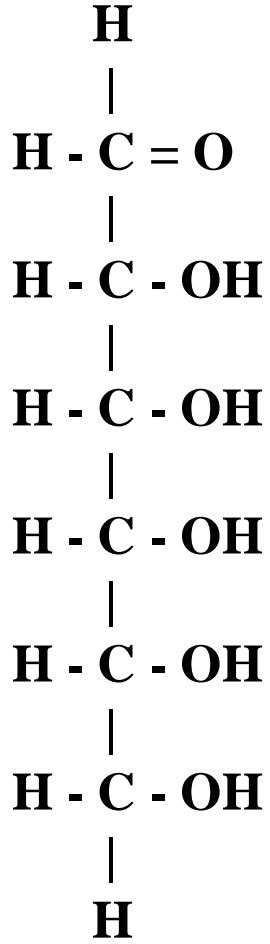
GLUCOSE





GLUCOSE

GLUCOSE
6C
SUGAR



GLUCOSE
6C
SUGAR



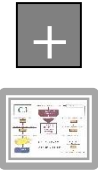
QUESTION



WHAT COMPOUND
CONTRIBUTES C ATOMS
TO THE SYNTHESIS OF
GLUCOSE?

QUESTION

PHOTOSYNTHESIS



WATER

CO₂

LIGHT ENERGY

PHOTO

ATMOSPHERE

E-

PHOTOLYSIS



LT RXT

THYLAKOID
GRANUM

CHEMICAL
ENERGY

DK RXT

STROMA

CHLOROPLAST

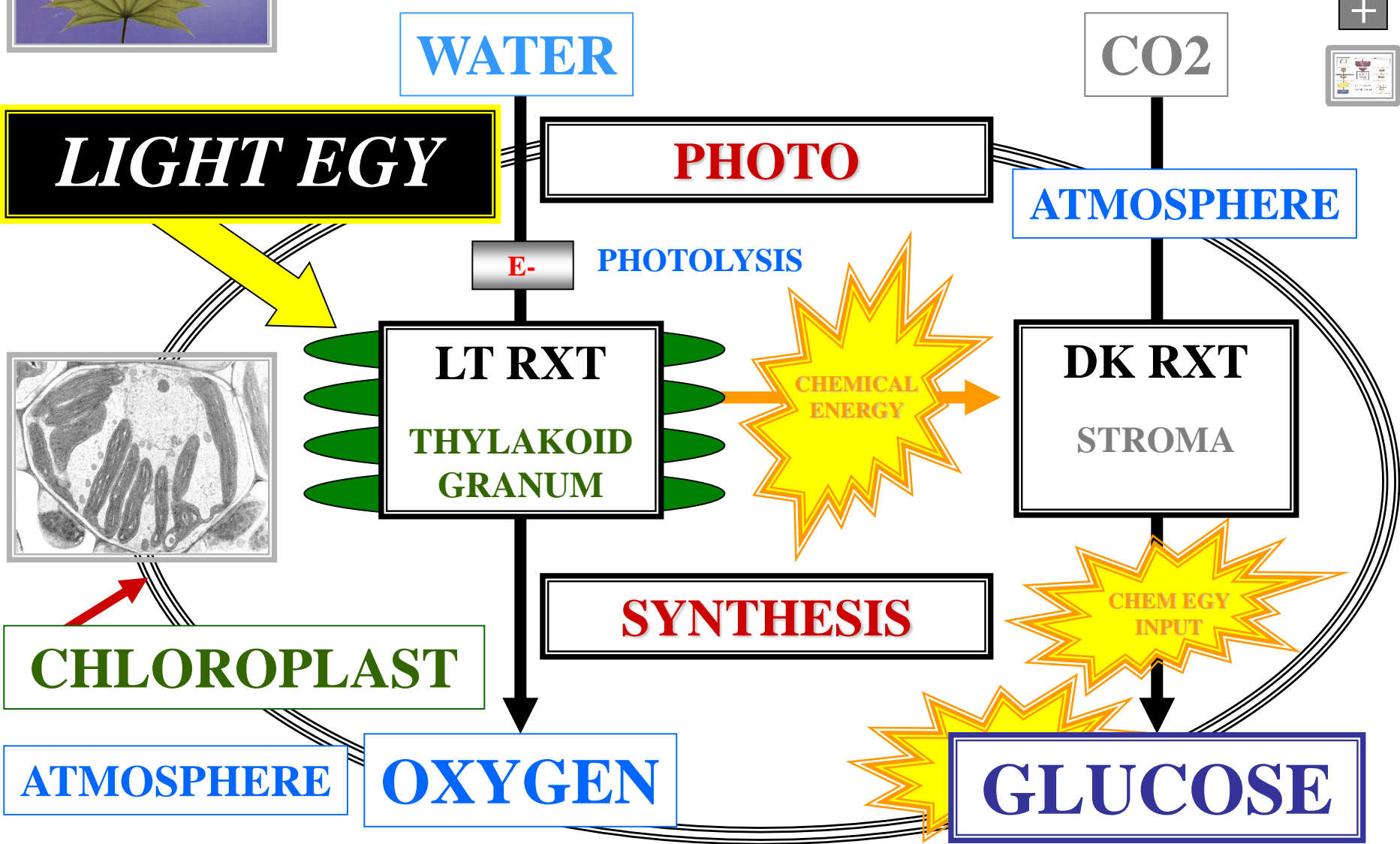
SYNTHESIS

CHEMICAL
ENERGY
INPUT

ATMOSPHERE

OXYGEN

GLUCOSE



C3

CO₂ + RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

FEEDBACK

?

RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE
CARBOXYLASE
(RUBP-CARBOXYLASE)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

ATP

ATP

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

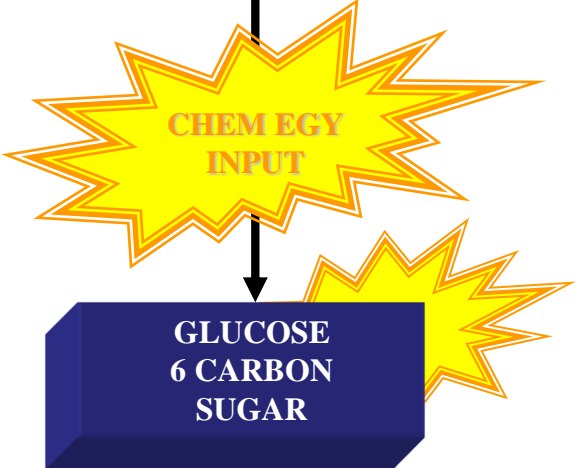
NADPH

NADPH

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

ALL RXTS
REQUIRE
A SPECIFIC
ENZYME



C3 PATHWAY CALVIN CYCLE

COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)

ATP

RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

QUESTION

WHAT COMPOUND
CONTRIBUTES C ATOMS
TO THE SYNTHESIS OF
GLUCOSE?

QUESTION



ANSWER

CO2

ANSWER



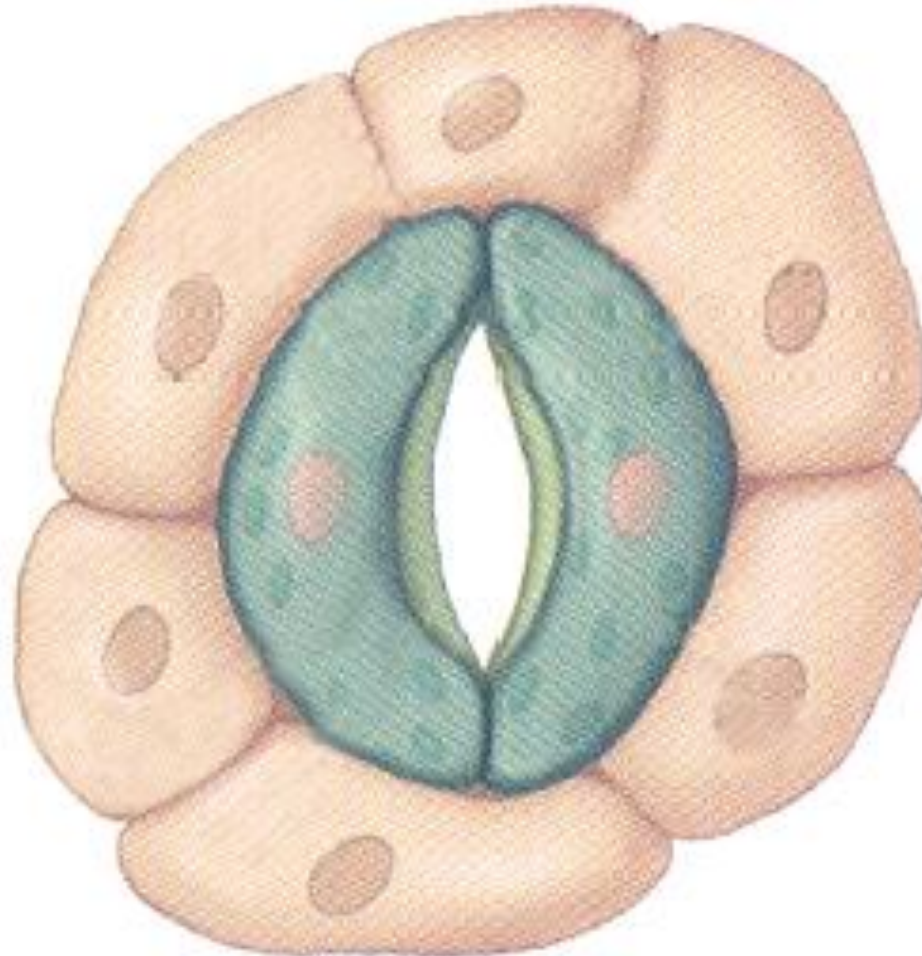
ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂



CO₂

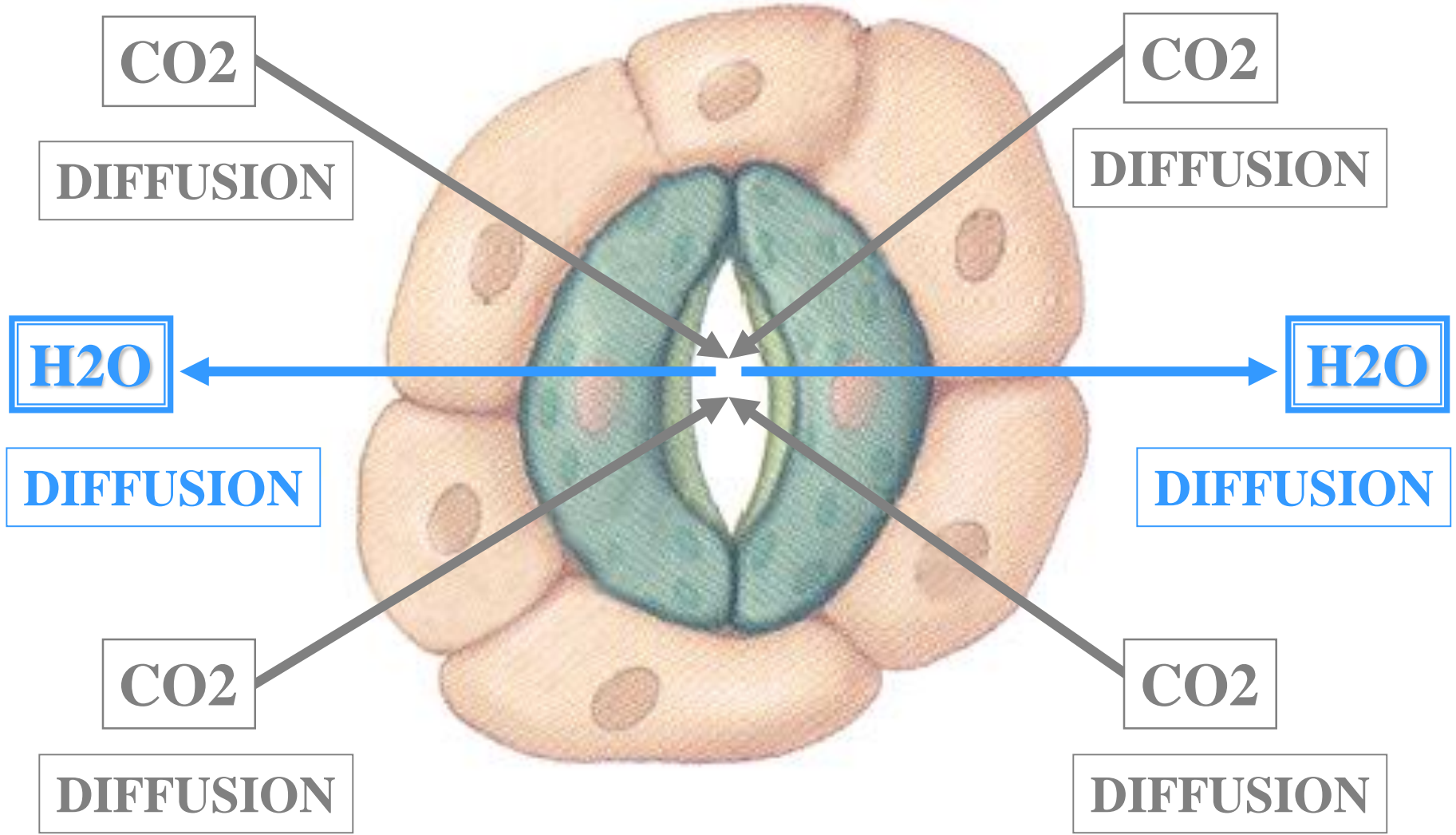
CO₂

→
CO₂

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE



CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

H₂O

H₂O

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

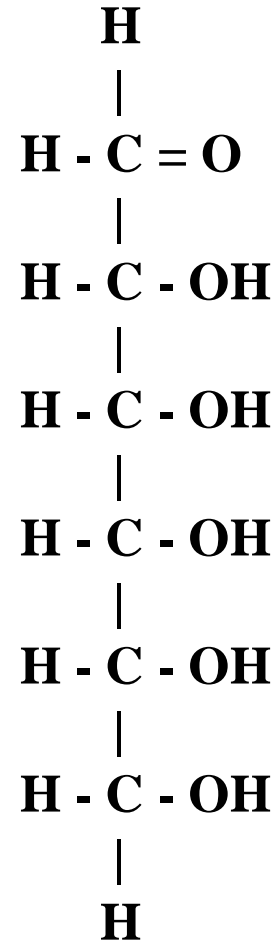
PHOTOSYNTHESIS



CO₂
CO₂
CO₂
CO₂
CO₂
CO₂



SYNTHESIZE



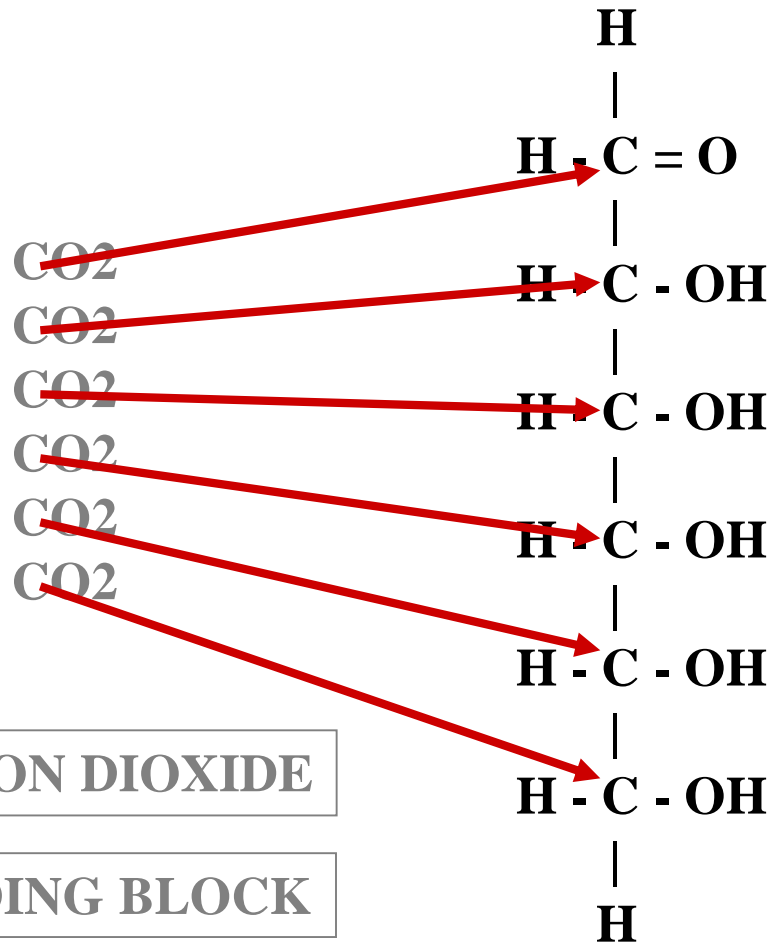
CARBON DIOXIDE

BUILDING BLOCK

C₆H₁₂O₆

GLUCOSE

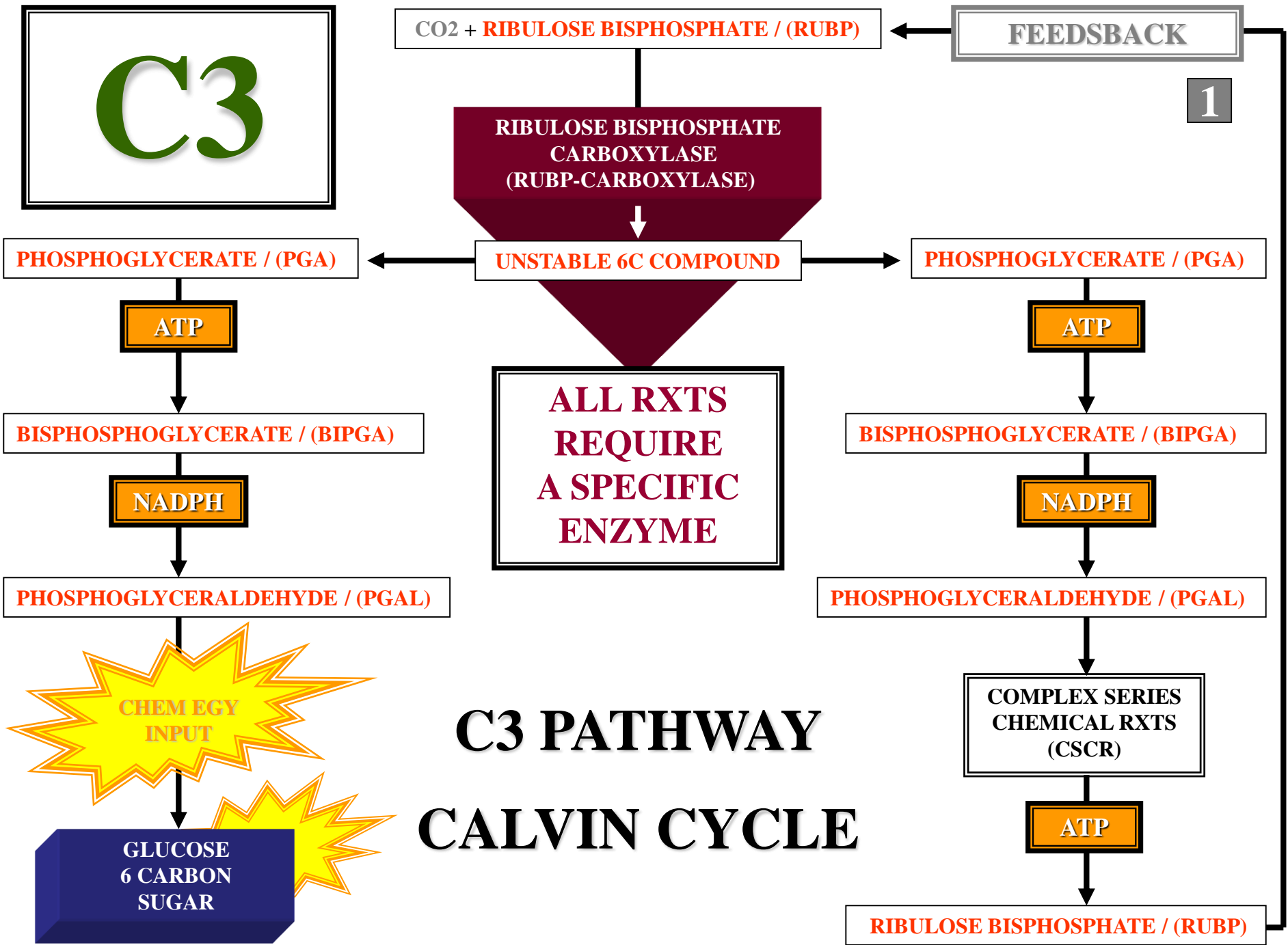
PHOTOSYNTHESIS

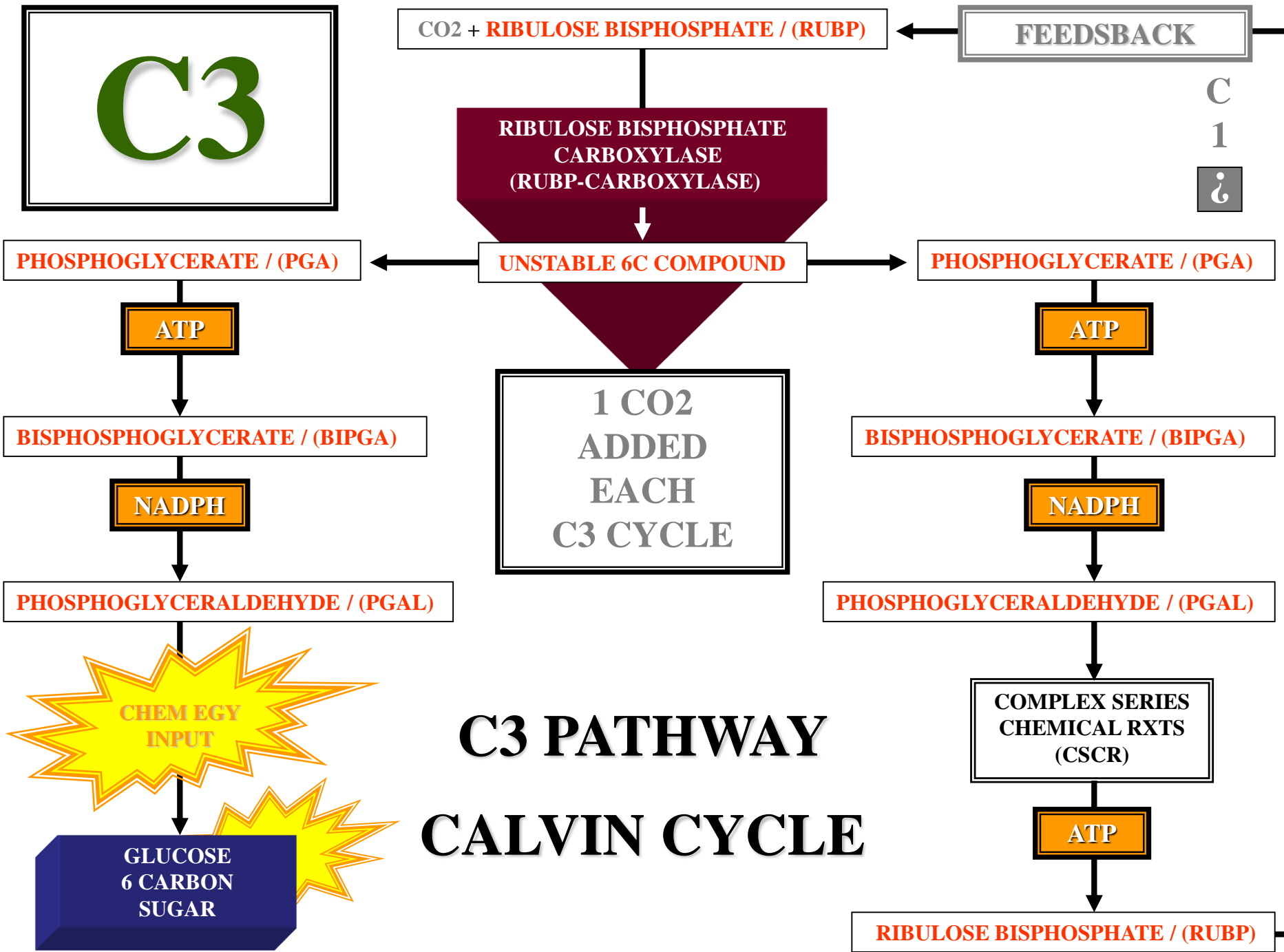


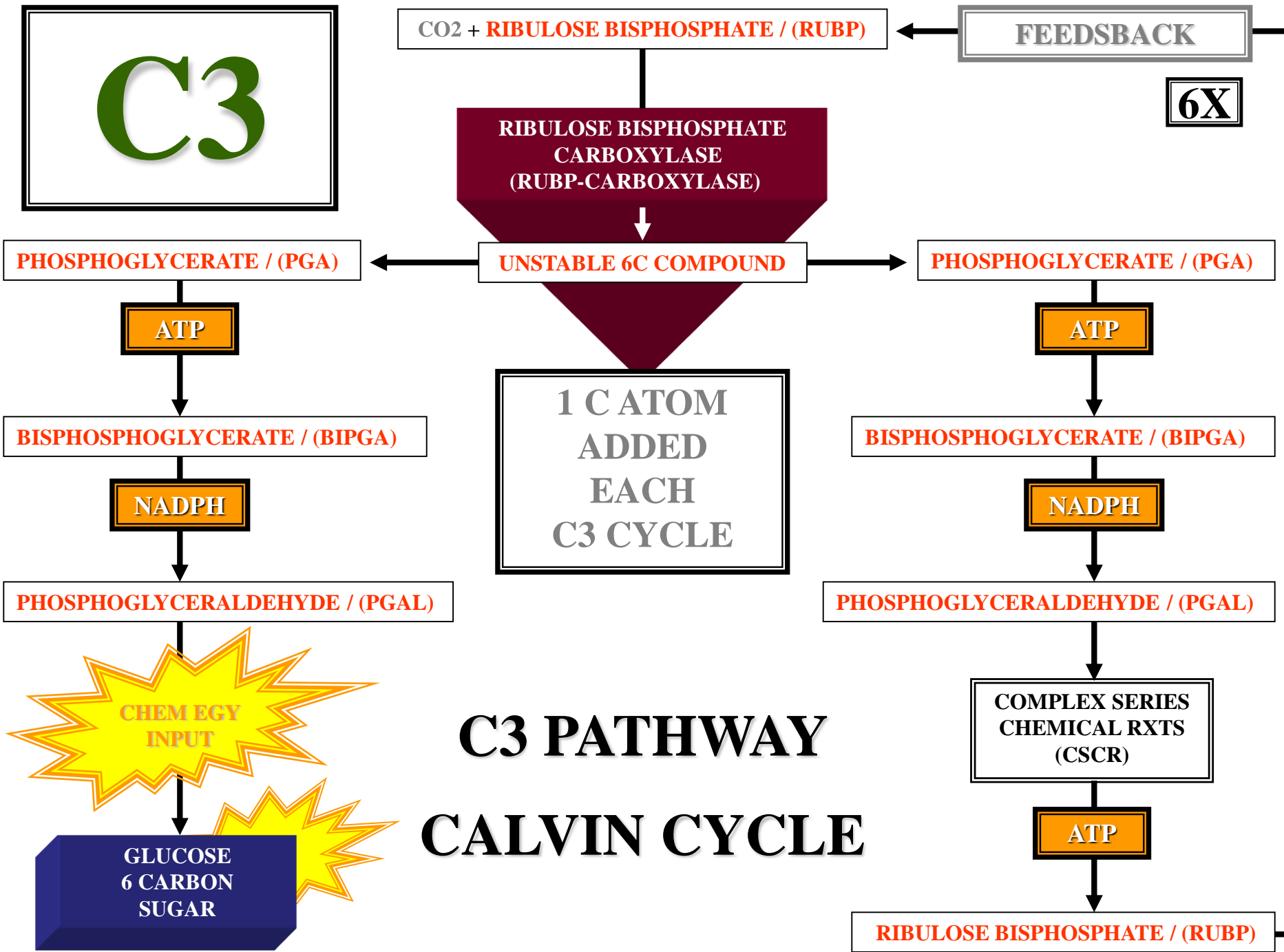
CARBON DIOXIDE

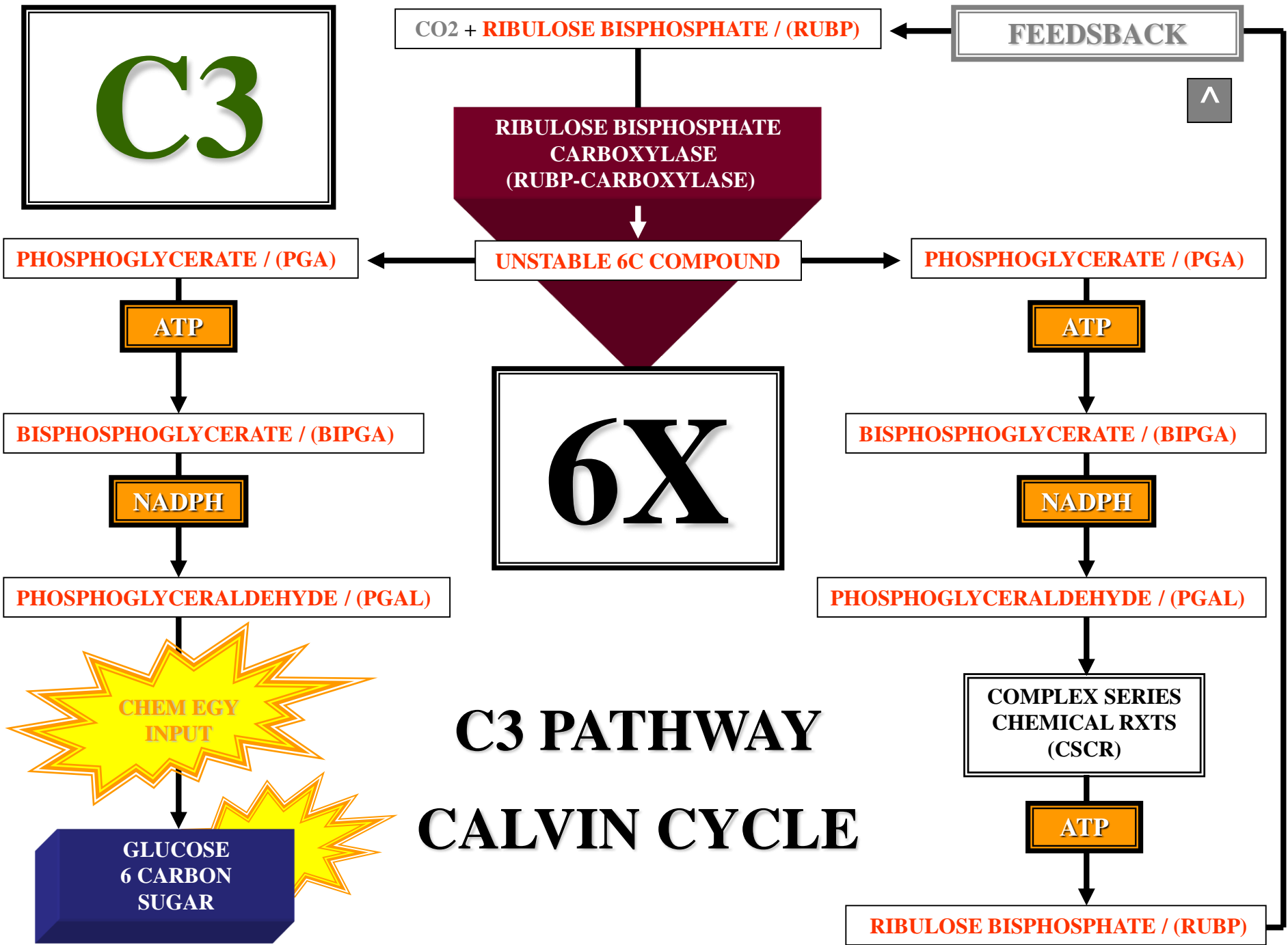
BUILDING BLOCK

GLUCOSE











ENERGY EXPENSE

PHOTOSYNTHESIS

A



WATER

LIGHT ENERGY

E-

PHOTOLYSIS

LT RXT

THYLAKOID
GRANUM

DK RXT

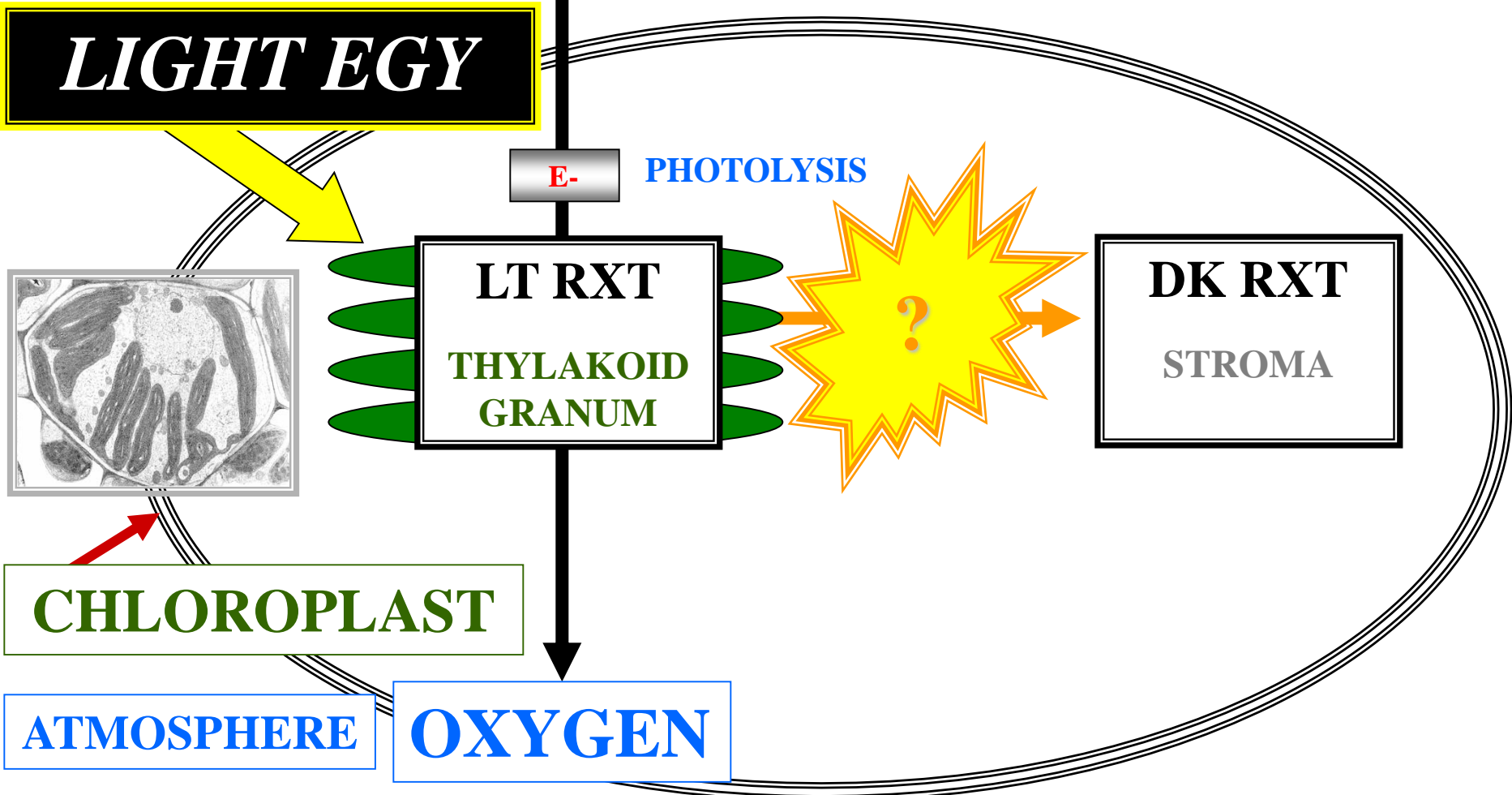
STROMA



CHLOROPLAST

ATMOSPHERE

OXYGEN



PHOTOSYNTHESIS

N



WATER

LIGHT ENERGY

E-

PHOTOLYSIS

LT RXT

THYLAKOID
GRANUM

ATP

DK RXT

STROMA



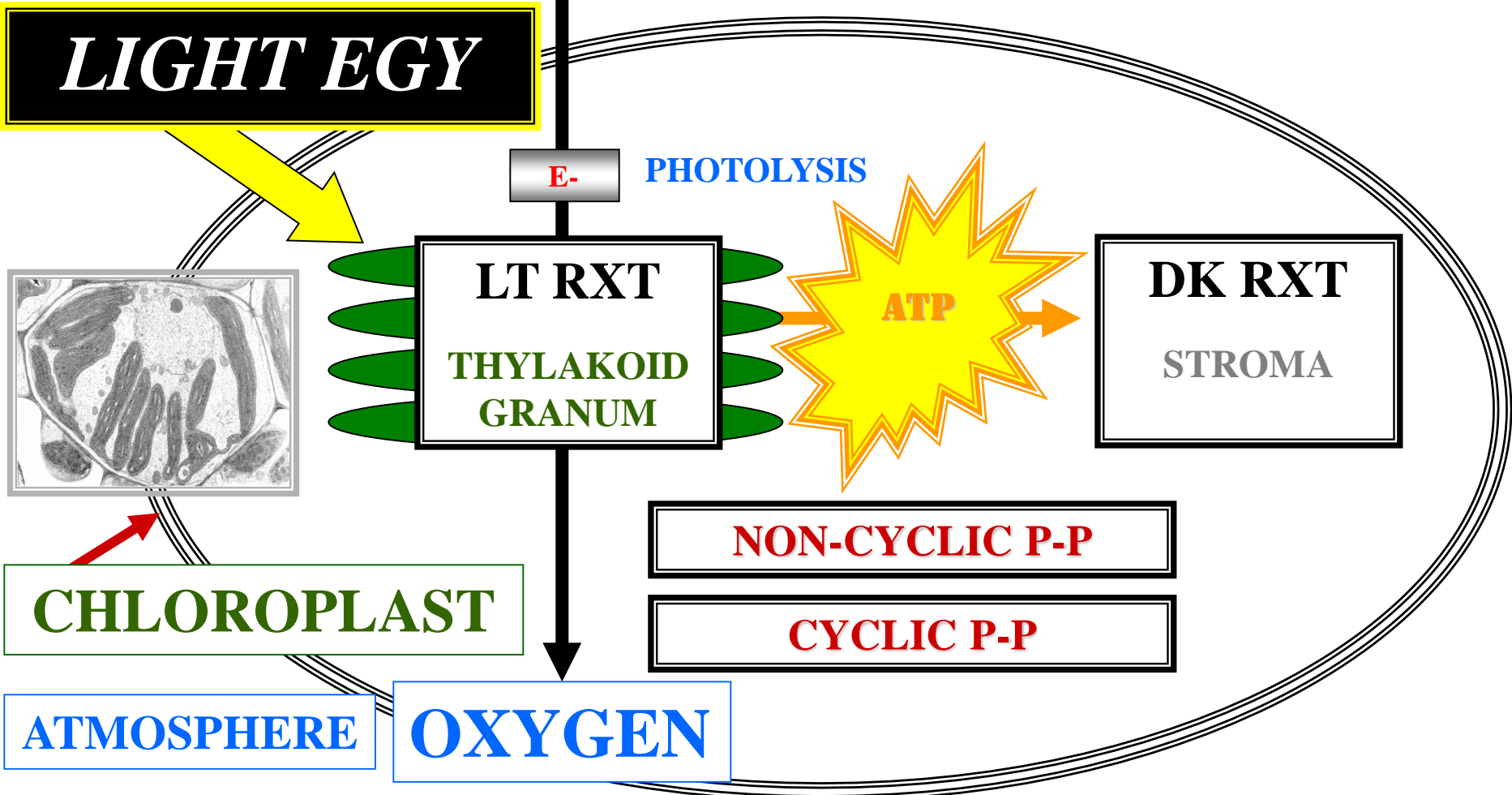
CHLOROPLAST

NON-CYCLIC P-P

CYCLIC P-P

ATMOSPHERE

OXYGEN



PHOTOSYNTHESIS



WATER

LIGHT ENERGY

E- PHOTOLYSIS

LT RXT

**THYLAKOID
GRANUM**

DK RXT

STROMA

**ATP
NADPH**

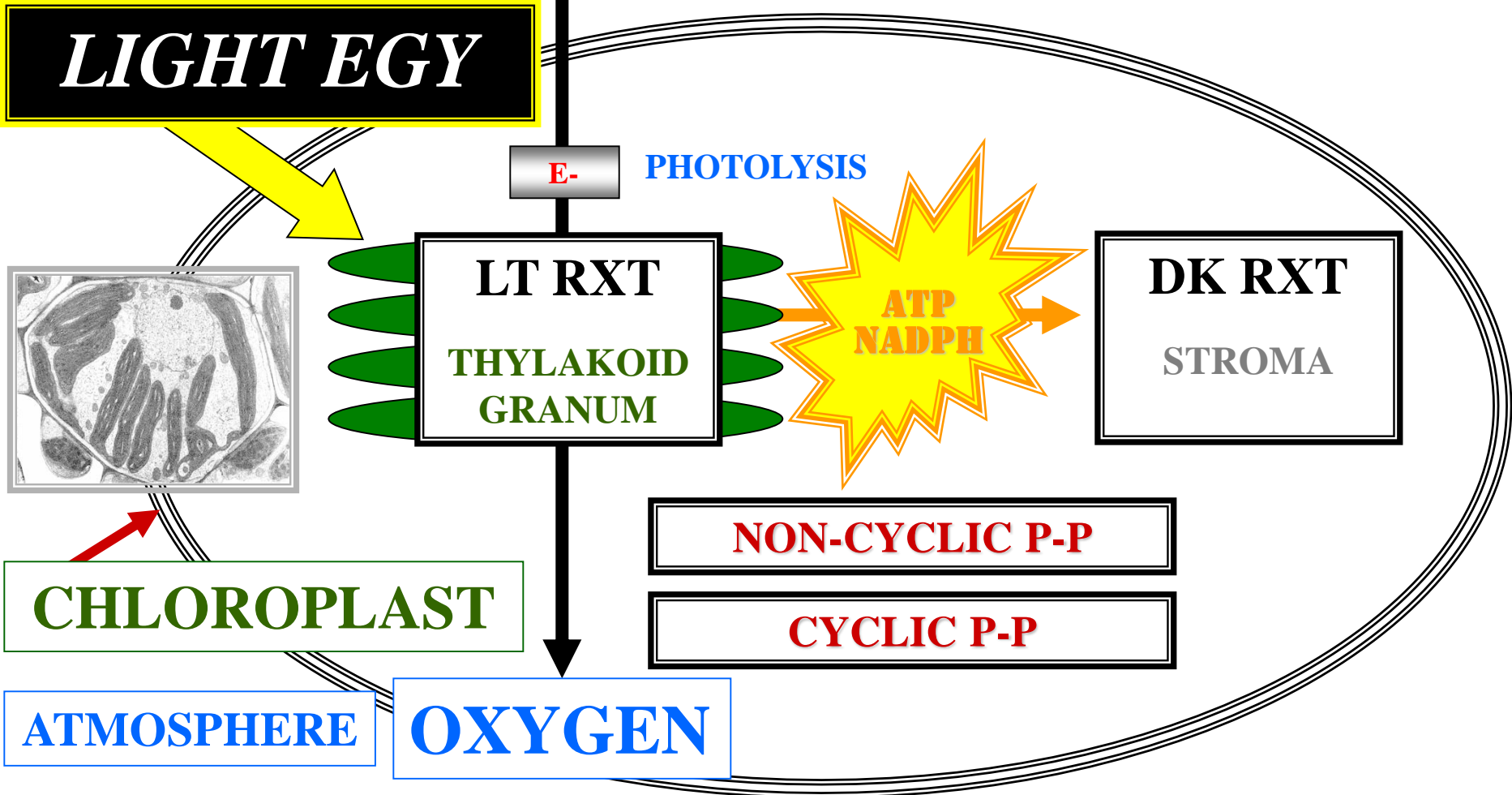
NON-CYCLIC P-P

CYCLIC P-P

CHLOROPLAST

ATMOSPHERE

OXYGEN



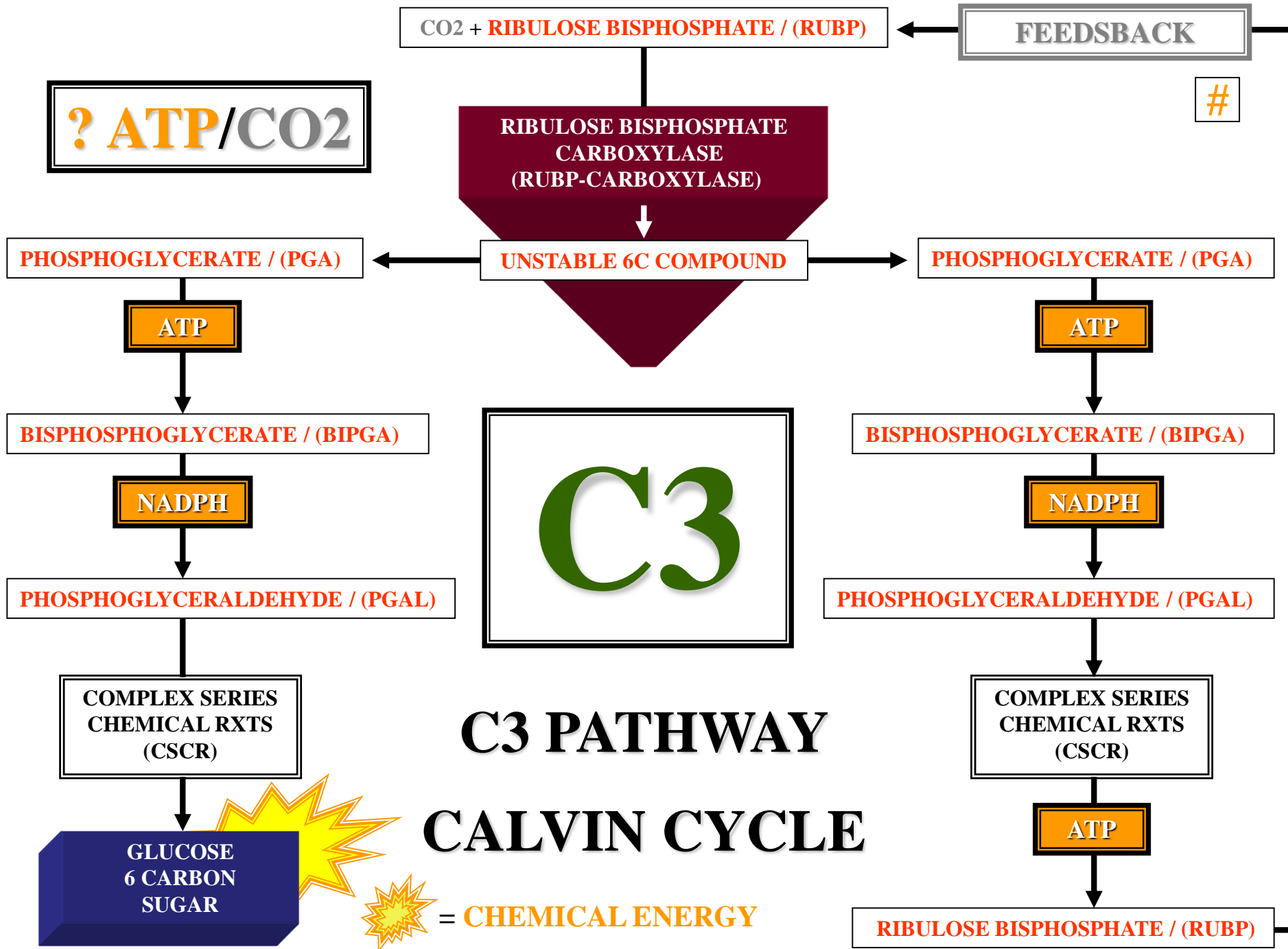


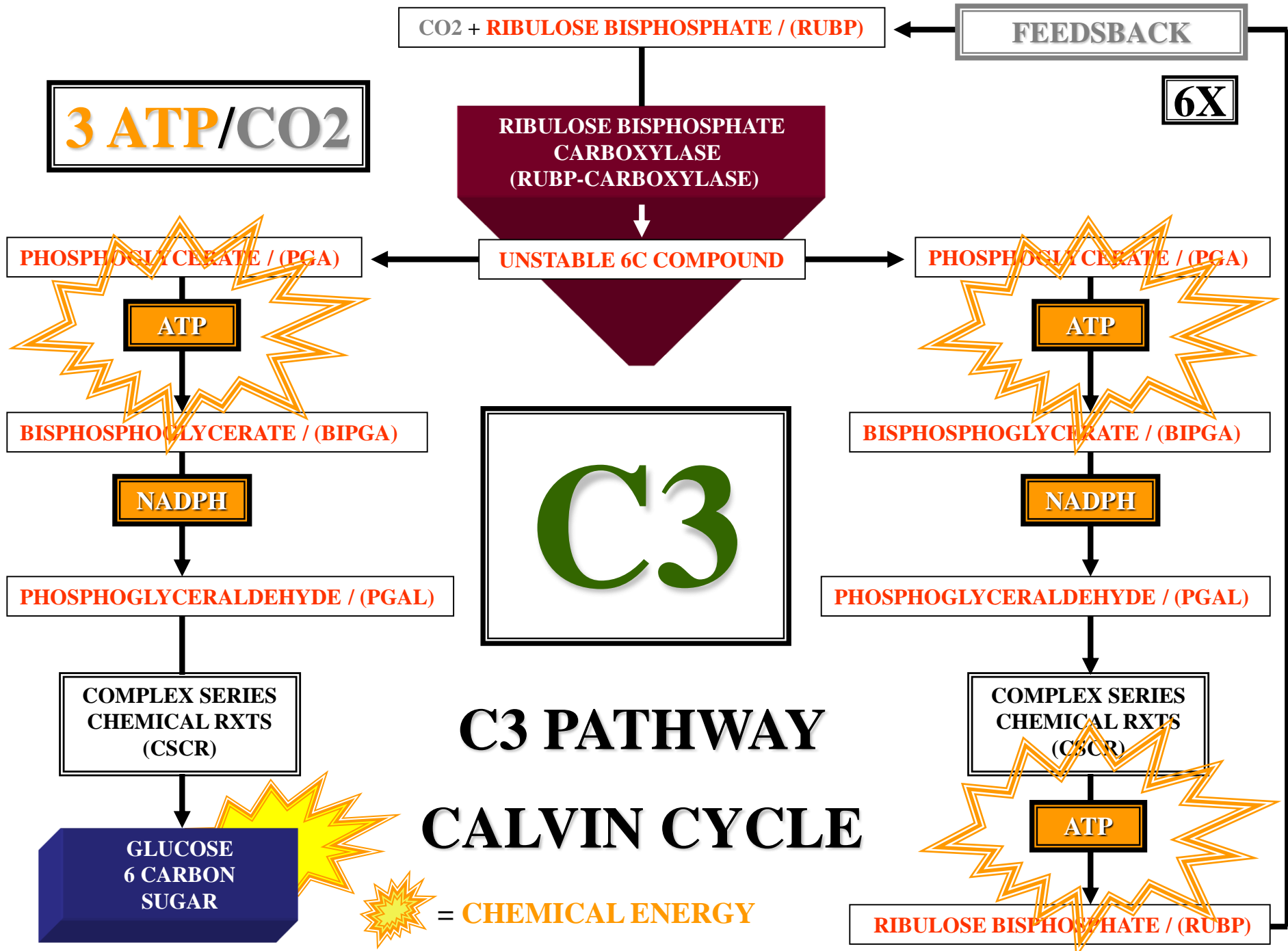
ATP

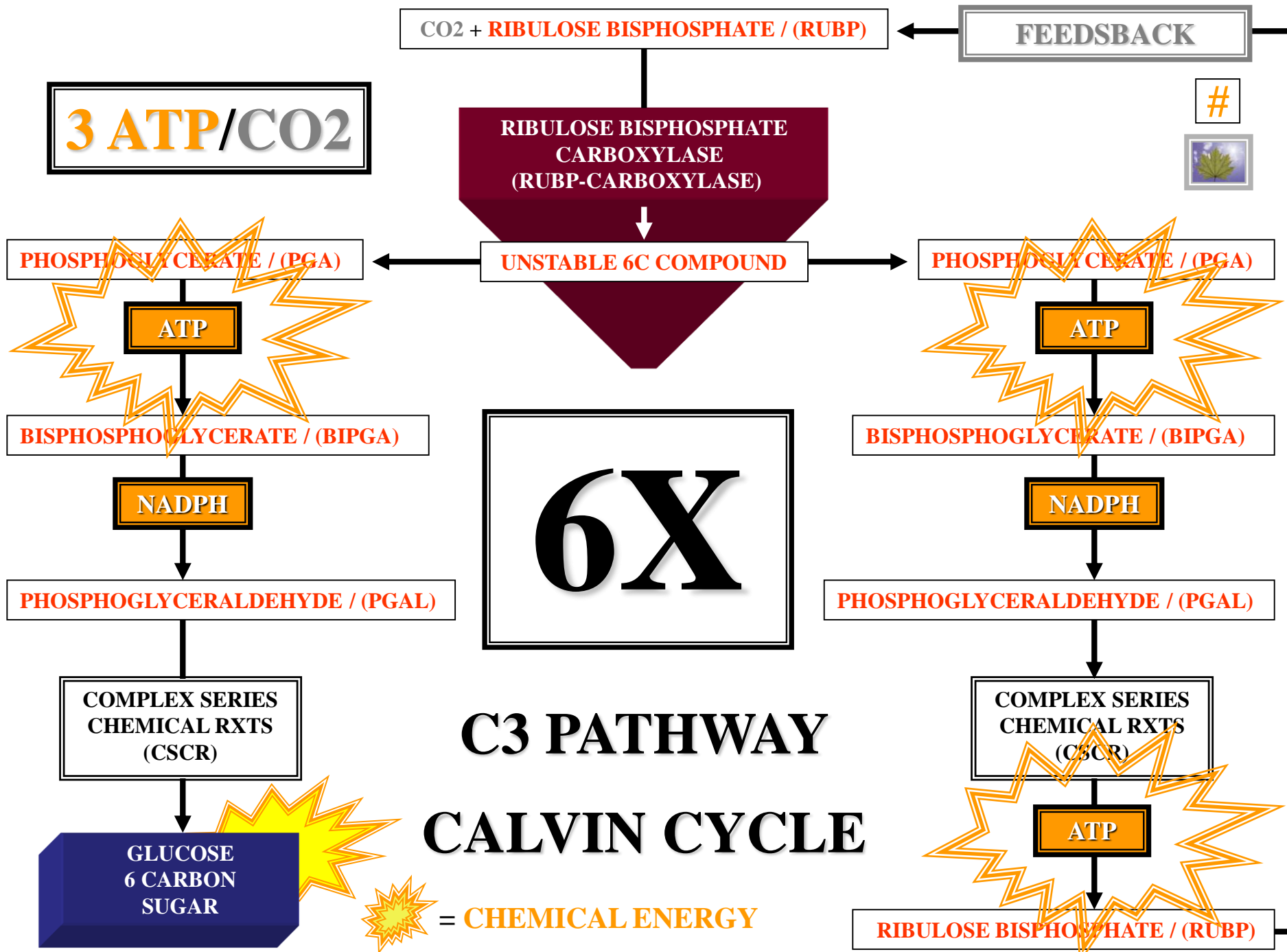
ENERGY EXPENSE

C3

MAPLE









ATP
ENERGY EXPENSE
18 ATP

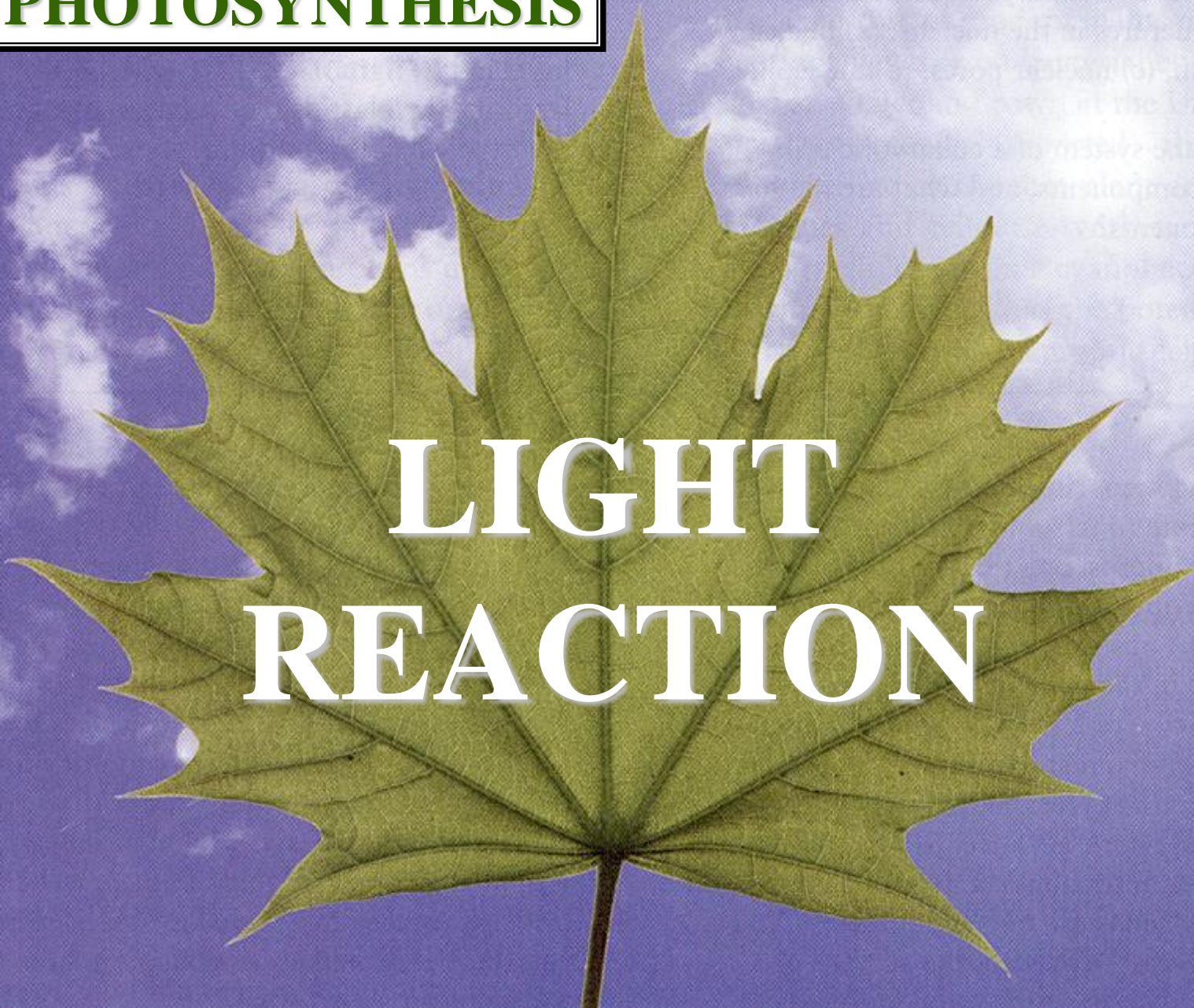
C3

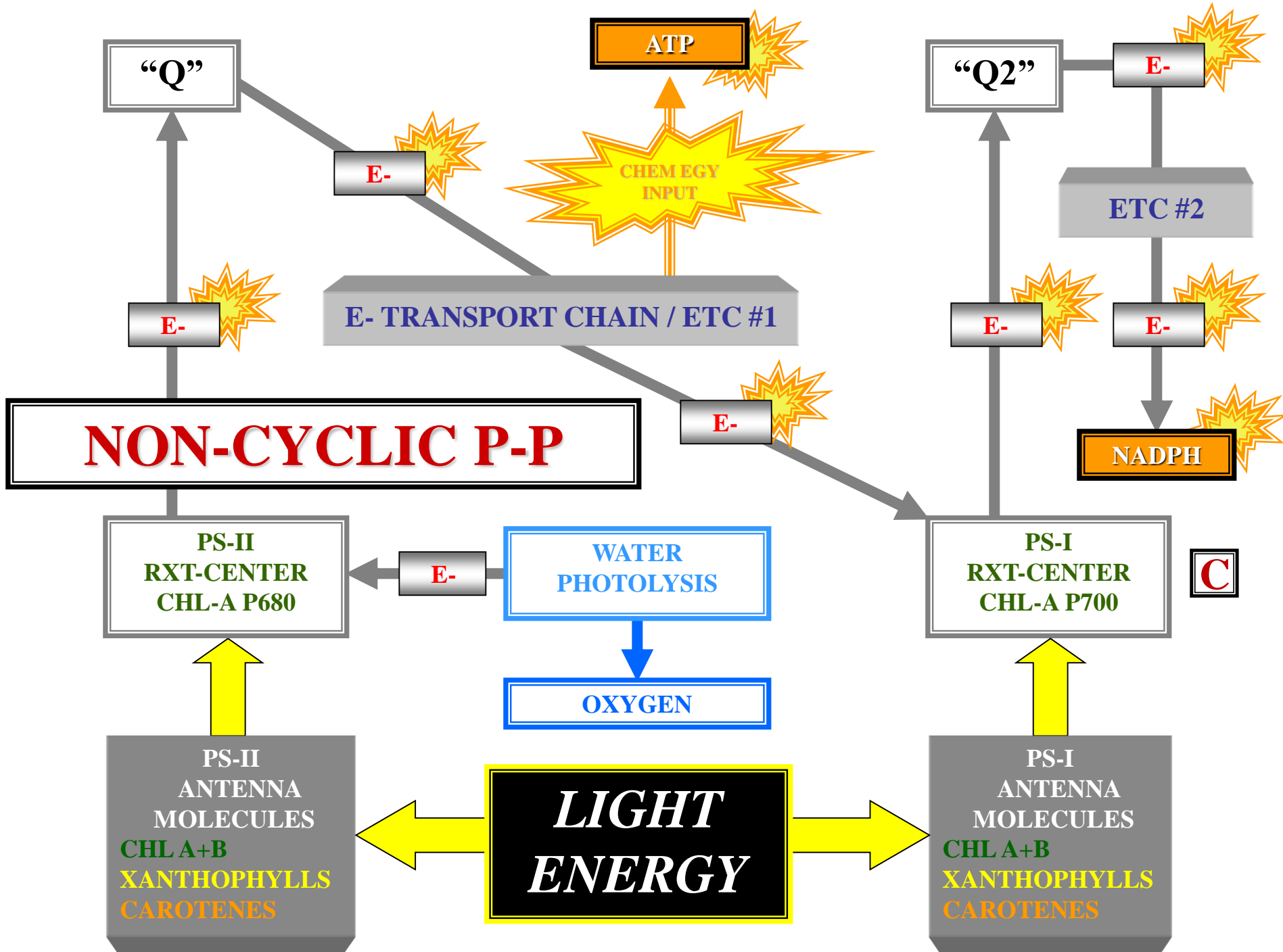
MAPLE

PHOTOSYNTHESIS



LIGHT REACTION





CYCLIC P-P

“Q2”

E-

ETC #3

CHEM
EGY
INPUT

ATP

E-

E-

E-

= RECYCLED

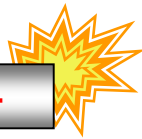
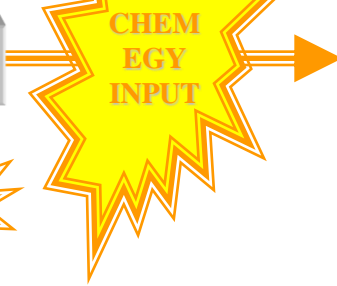
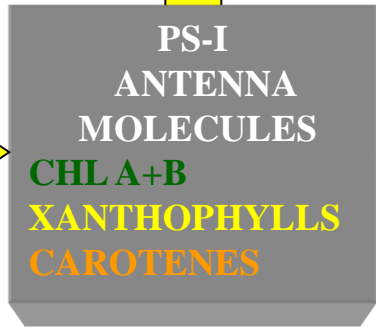
PS-I
RXT-CENTER
CHL-A P700

PS-I
ANTENNA
MOLECULES

CHL A+B
XANTHOPHYLLS
CAROTENES

LIGHT
ENERGY

LIGHT
ENERGY



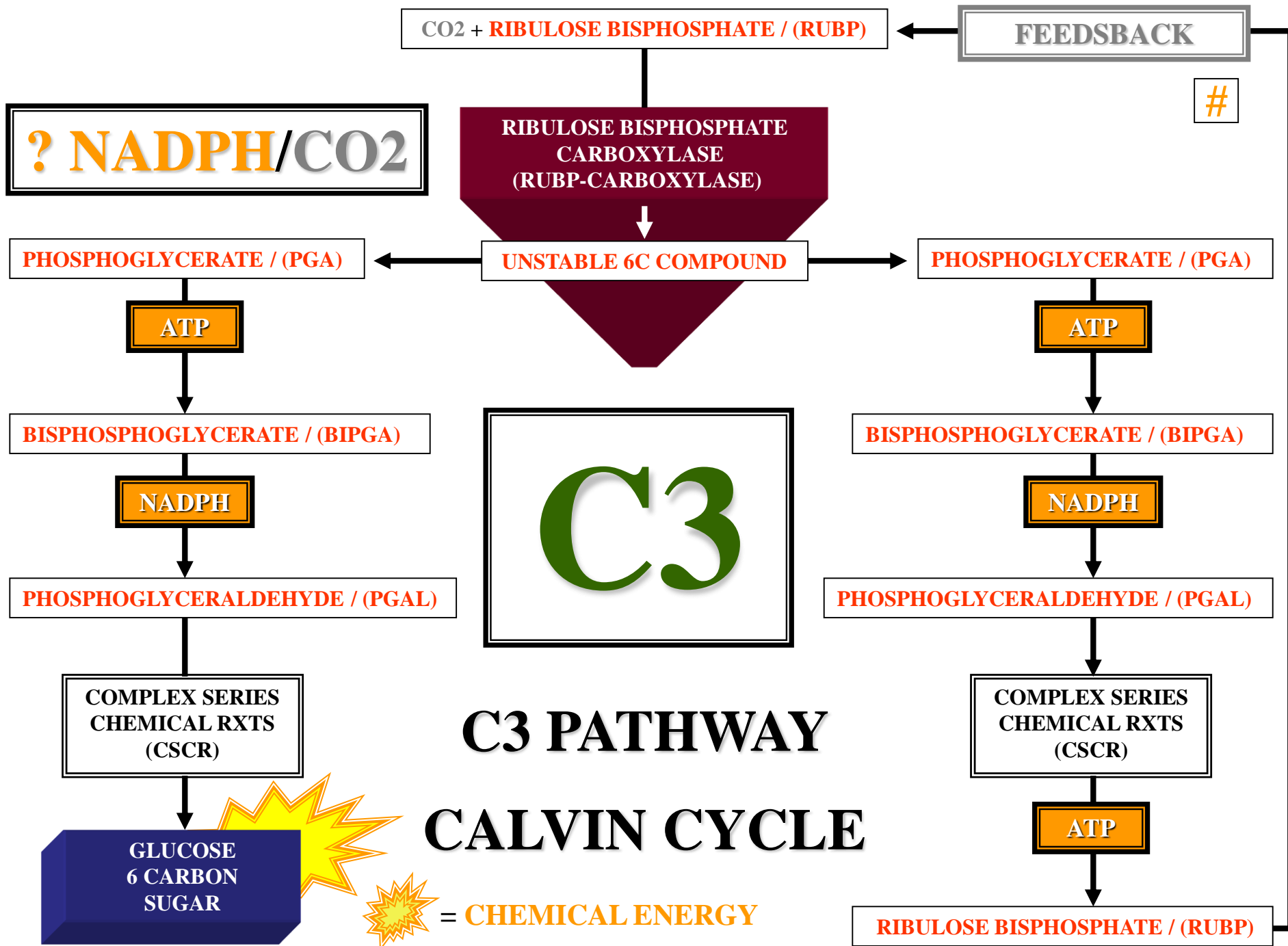


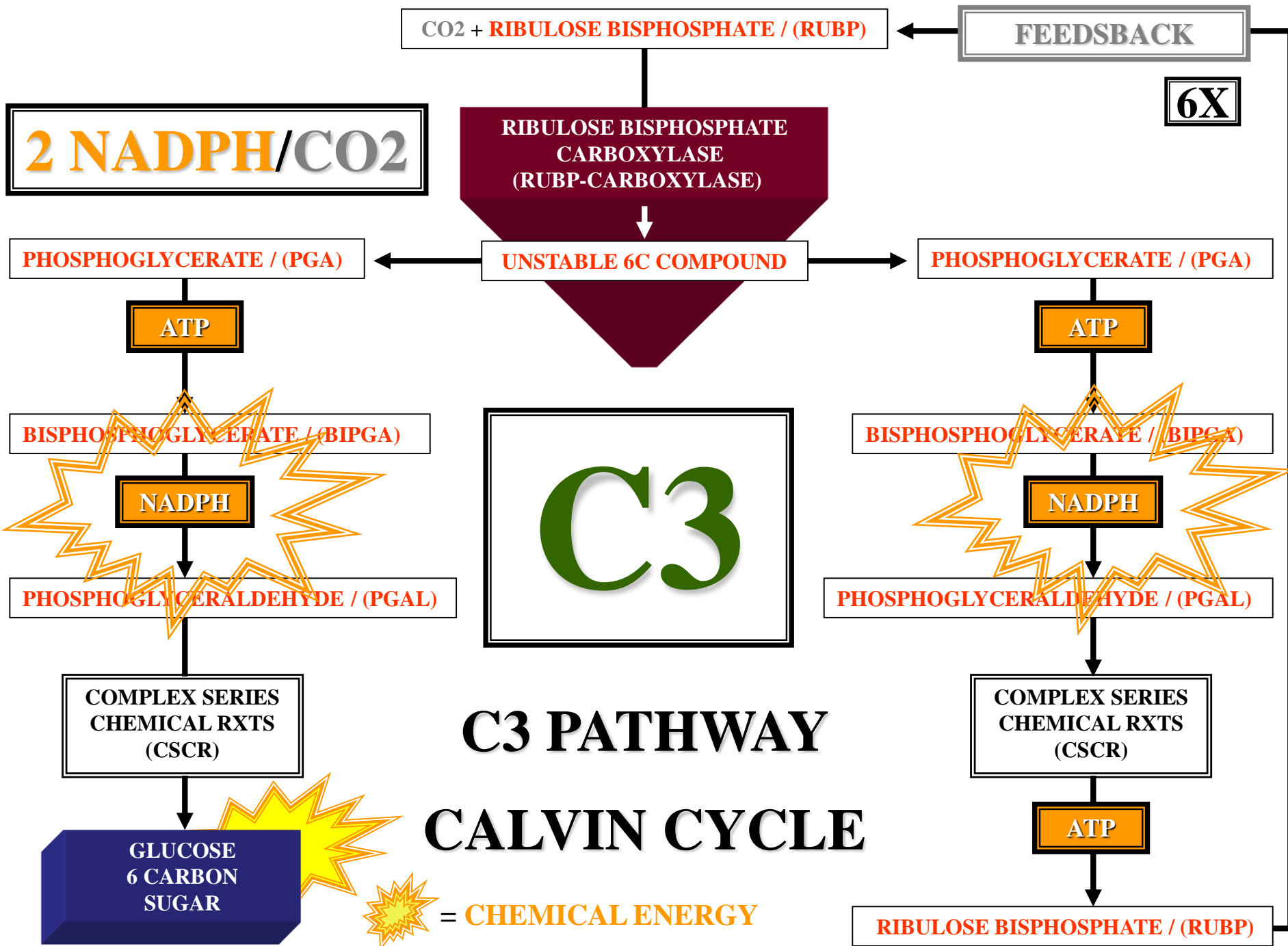
NADPH

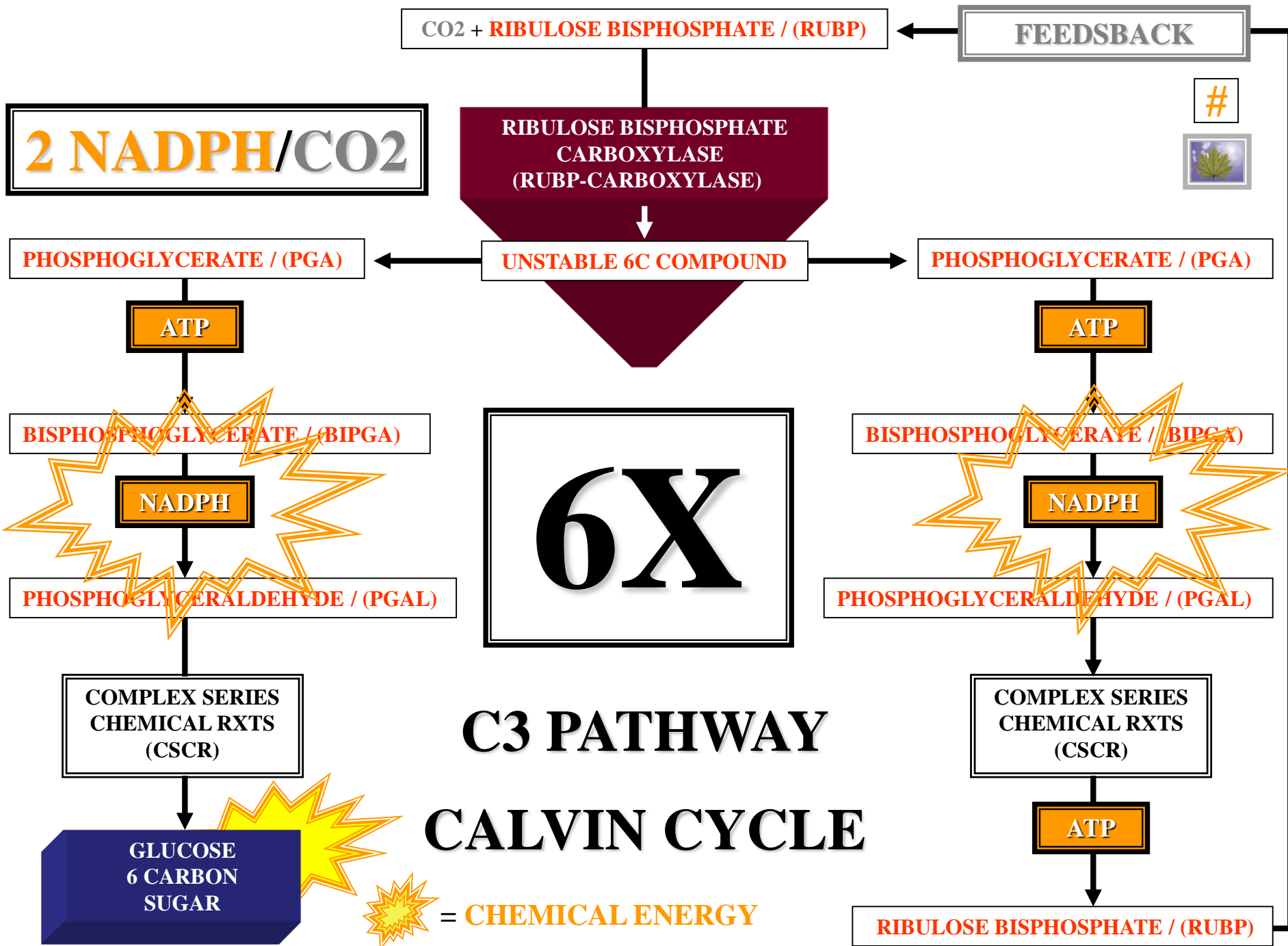
ENERGY EXPENSE

C3

MAPLE









NADPH

ENERGY EXPENSE

12 NADPH

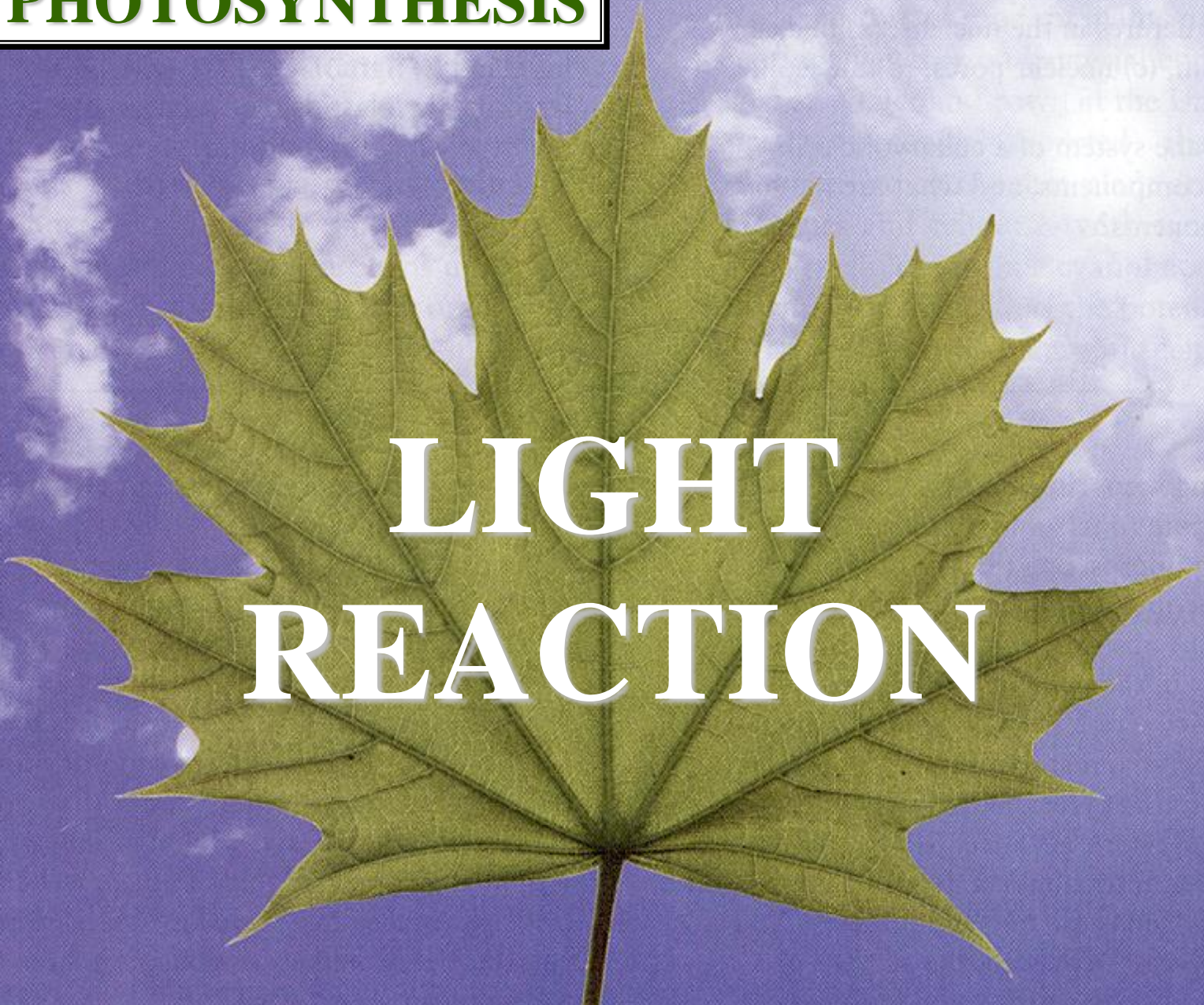
C3

MAPLE

PHOTOSYNTHESIS



LIGHT REACTION



CYCLIC P-P

“Q2”

E-

ETC #3

CHEM
EGY
INPUT

ATP

E-

E-

E- = RECYCLED

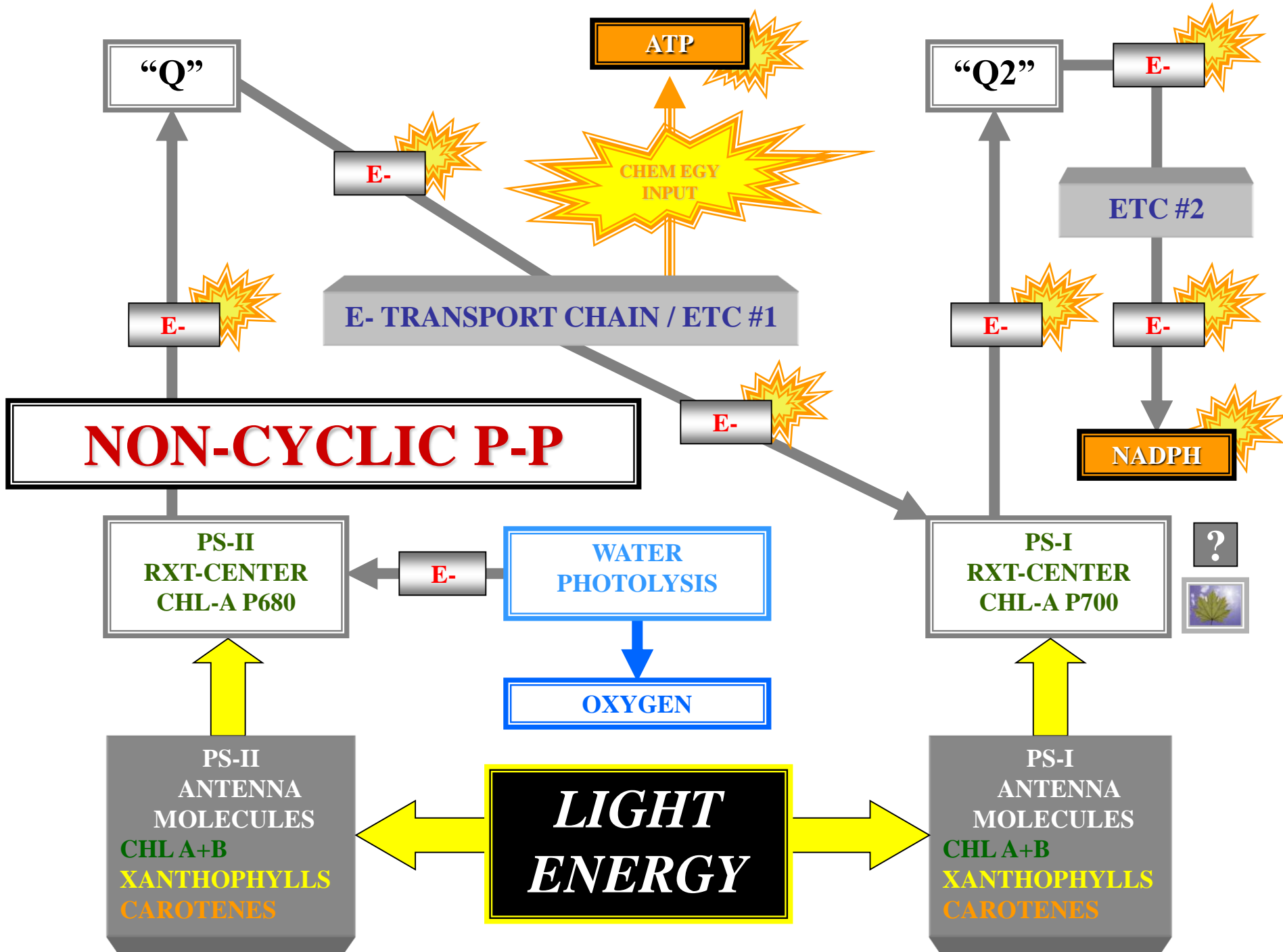
PS-I
RXT-CENTER
CHL-A P700

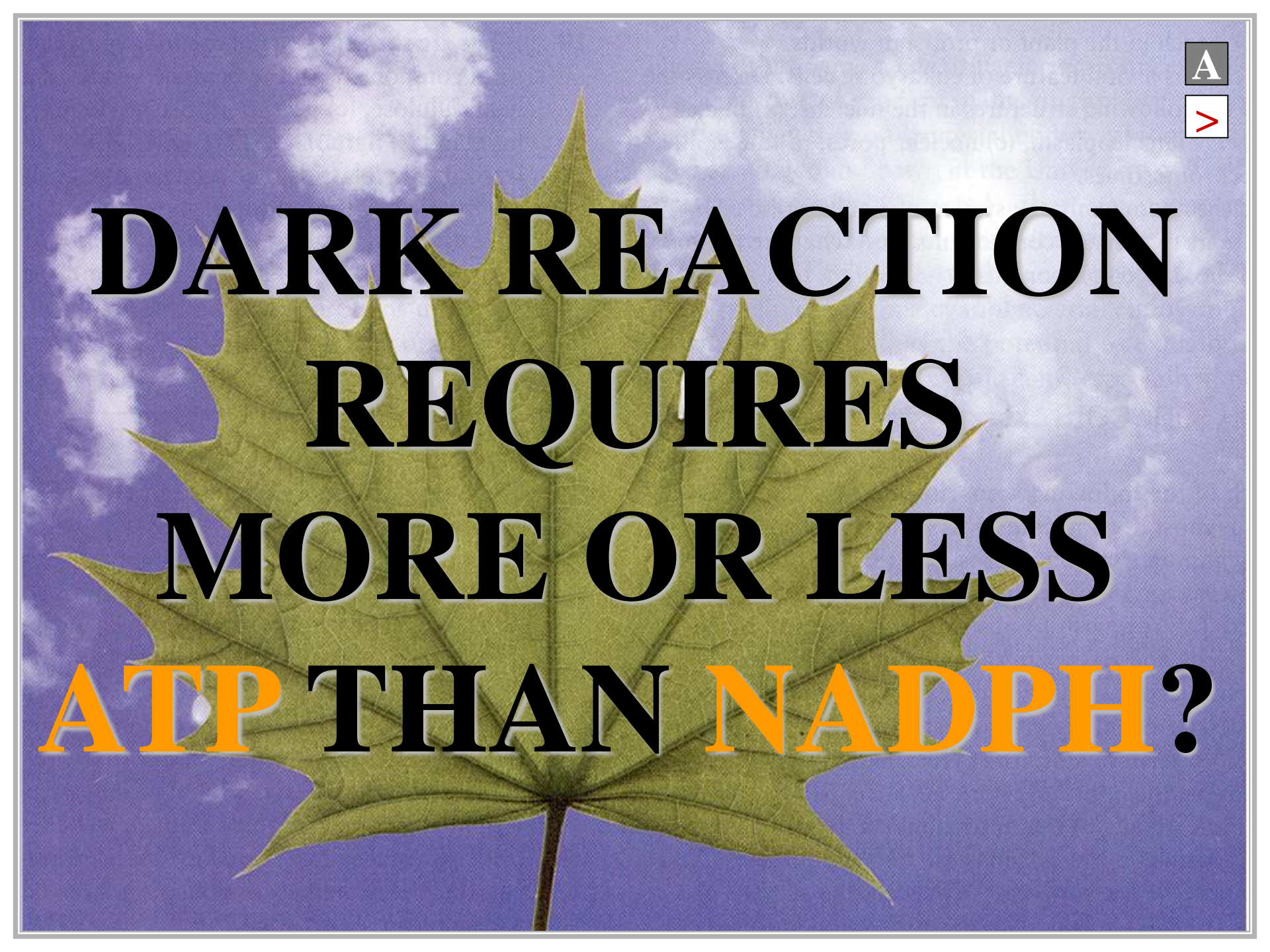
LIGHT
ENERGY

PS-I
ANTENNA
MOLECULES
CHL A+B
XANTHOPHYLLS
CAROTENES

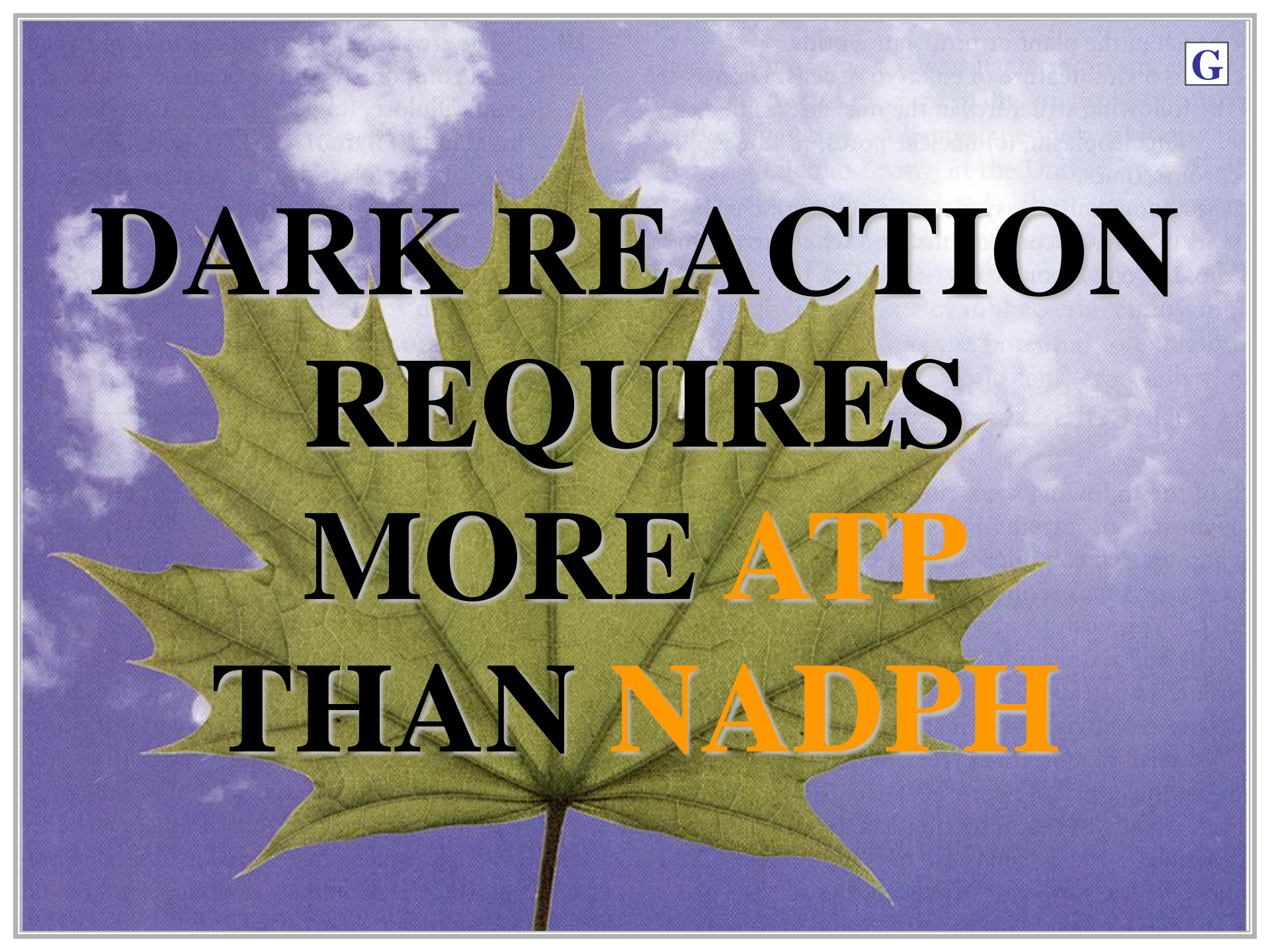
LIGHT
ENERGY

N





**DARK REACTION
REQUIRES
MORE OR LESS
ATP THAN NADPH?**



**DARK REACTION
REQUIRES
MORE ATP
THAN NADPH**



CO₂ + **RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)**

FEEDBACK

**RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE
CARBOXYLASE
(RUBP-CARBOXYLASE)**

?



PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

ATP

ATP

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

NADPH

NADPH

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

C₃

**COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)**

**COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)**

GLUCOSE

**C₃ PATHWAY
CALVIN CYCLE**

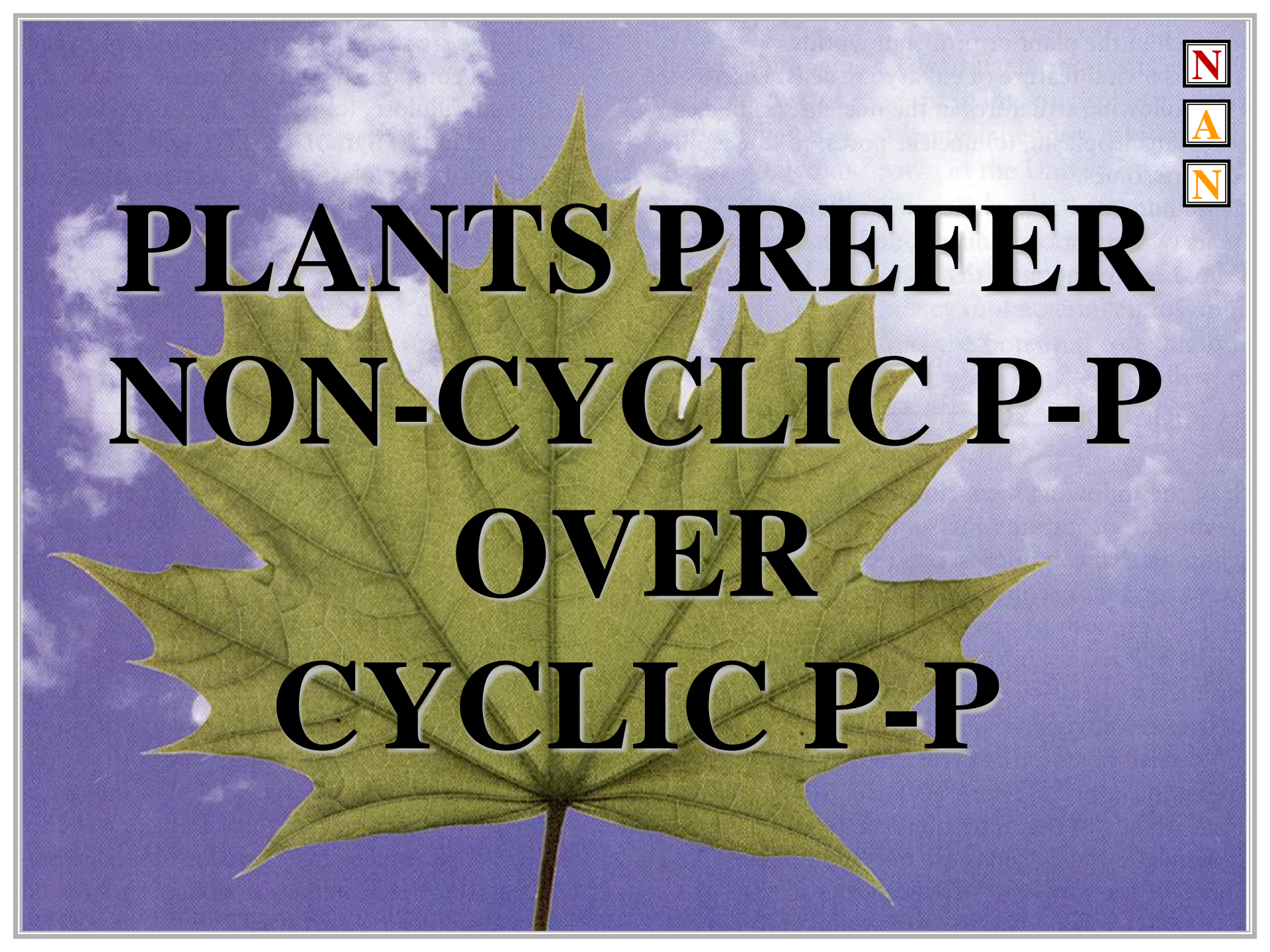
ATP

RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

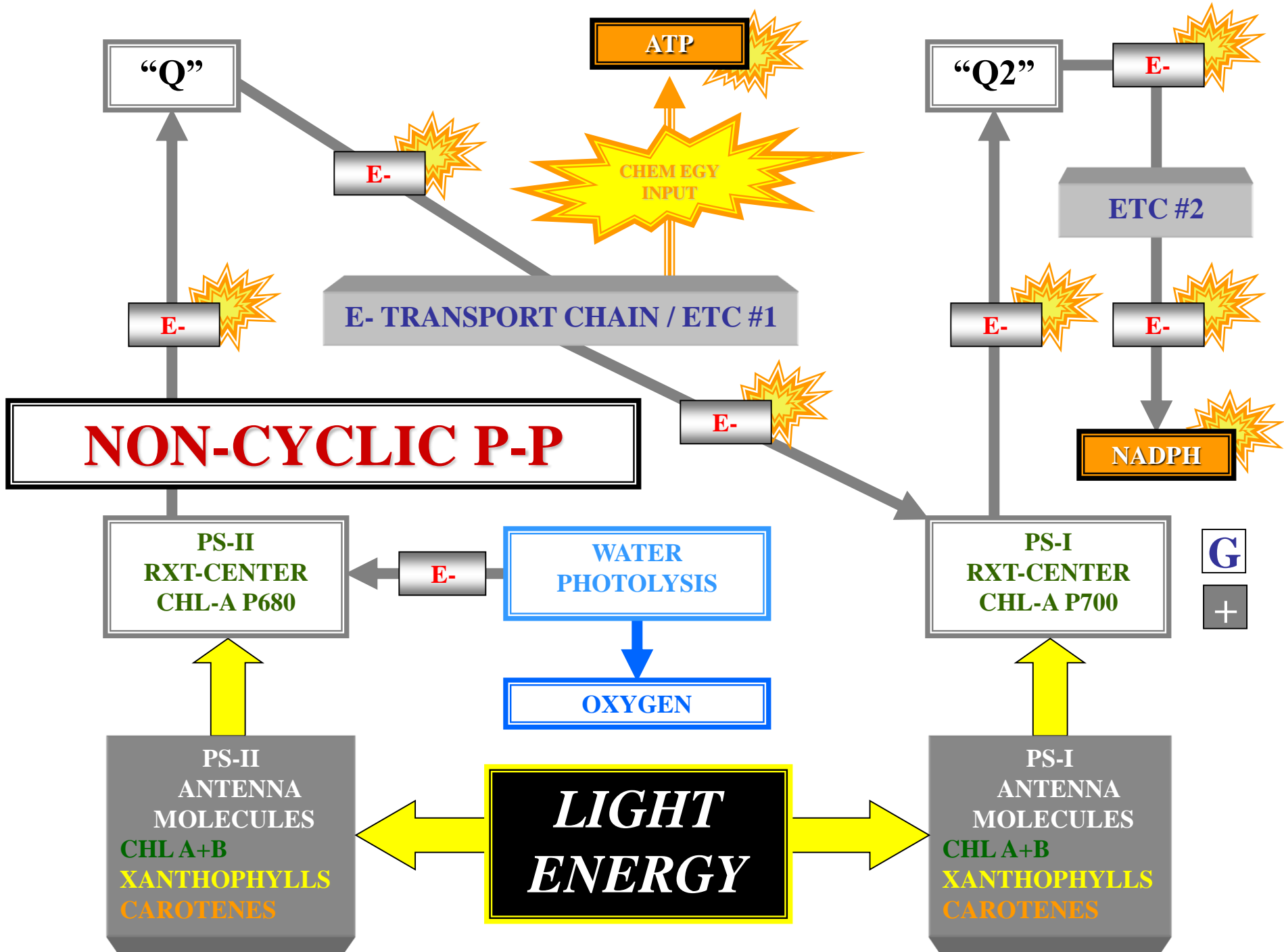
= CHEMICAL ENERGY



**WHAT DO PLANTS
PREFER
NON-CYCLIC P-P
OR
CYCLIC P-P?**



**PLANTS PREFER
NON-CYCLIC P-P
OVER
CYCLIC P-P**





CO₂ + **RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)**

FEEDBACK



2

**RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE
CARBOXYLASE
(RUBP-CARBOXYLASE)**

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (PGA)

ATP

ATP

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

BIPHOSPHOGLYCERATE / (BIPGA)

NADPH

NADPH

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

PHOSPHOGLYCERALDEHYDE / (PGAL)

C₃

**COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)**

**COMPLEX SERIES
CHEMICAL RXTS
(CSCR)**

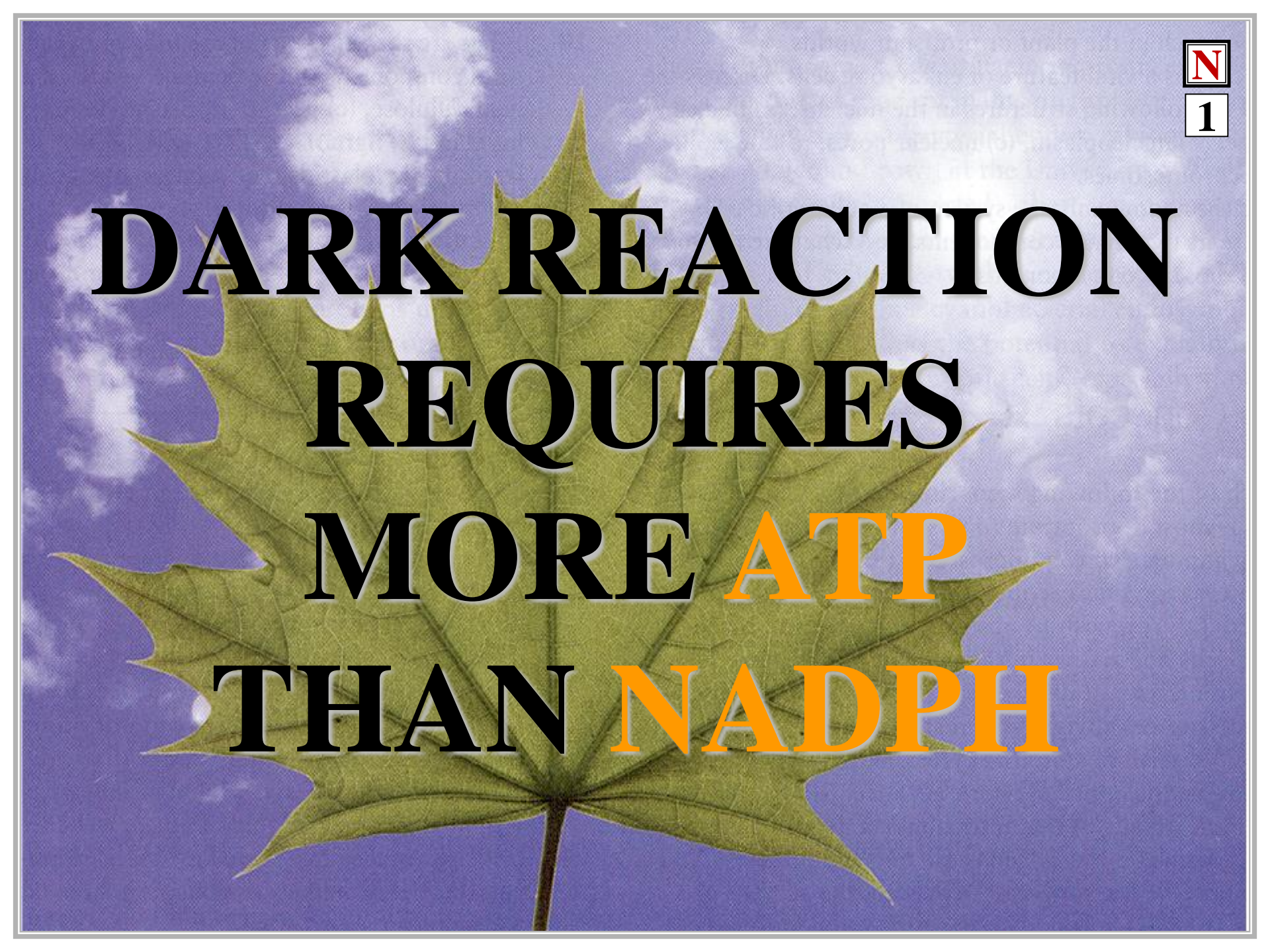
GLUCOSE

ATP

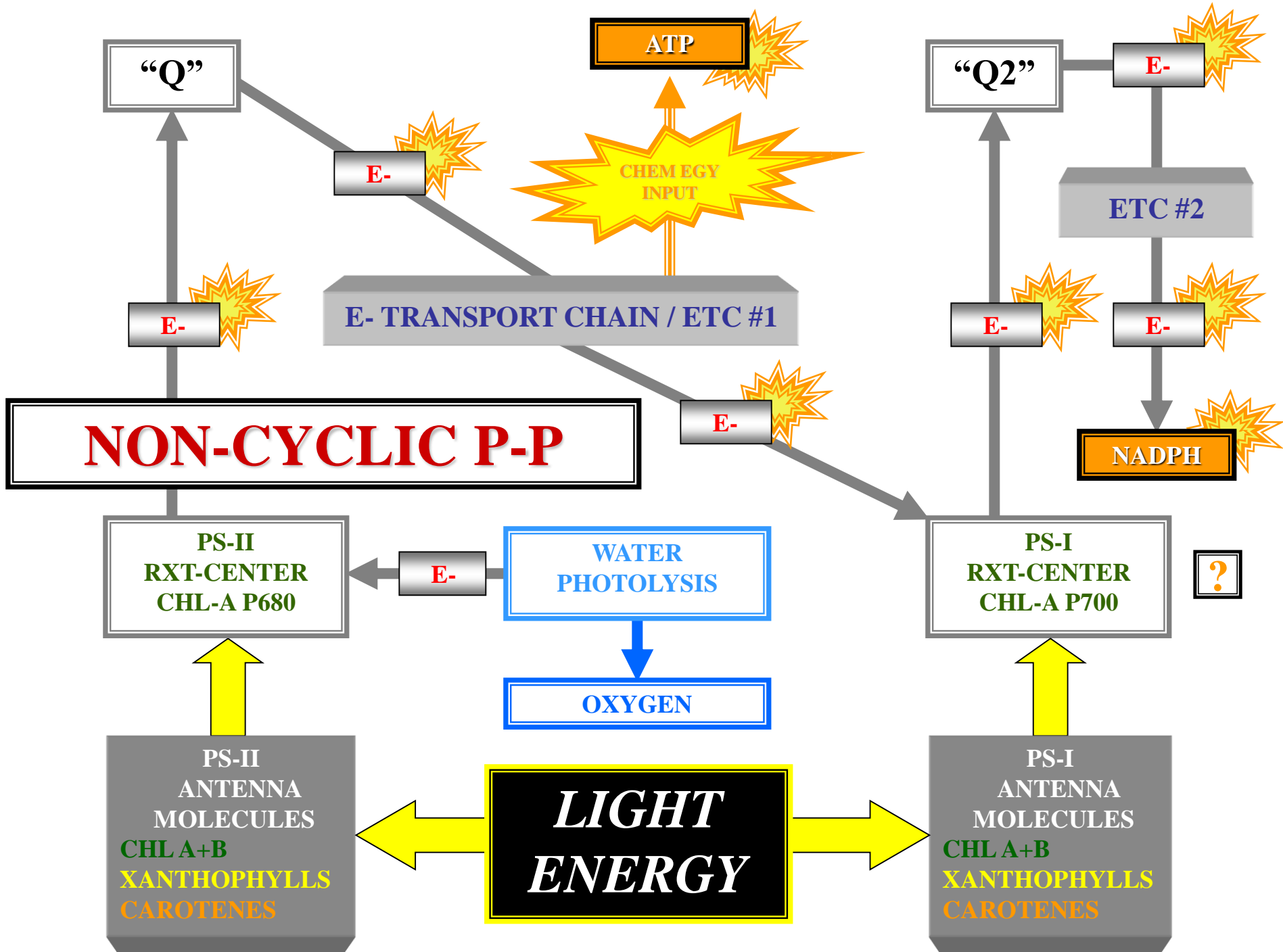
RIBULOSE BIPHOSPHATE / (RUBP)

C₃ PATHWAY CALVIN CYCLE

= CHEMICAL ENERGY

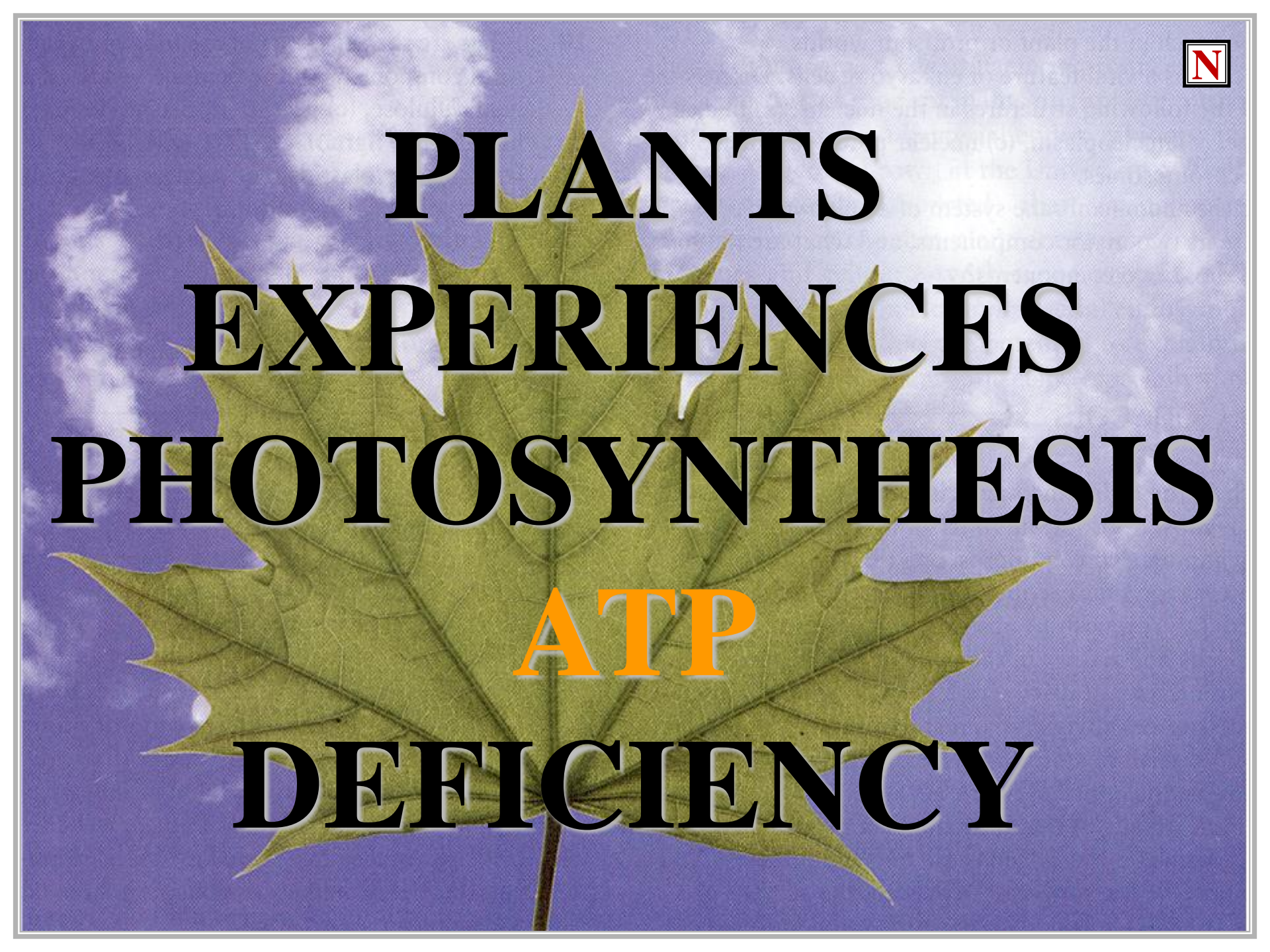


**DARK REACTION
REQUIRES
MORE ATP
THAN NADPH**

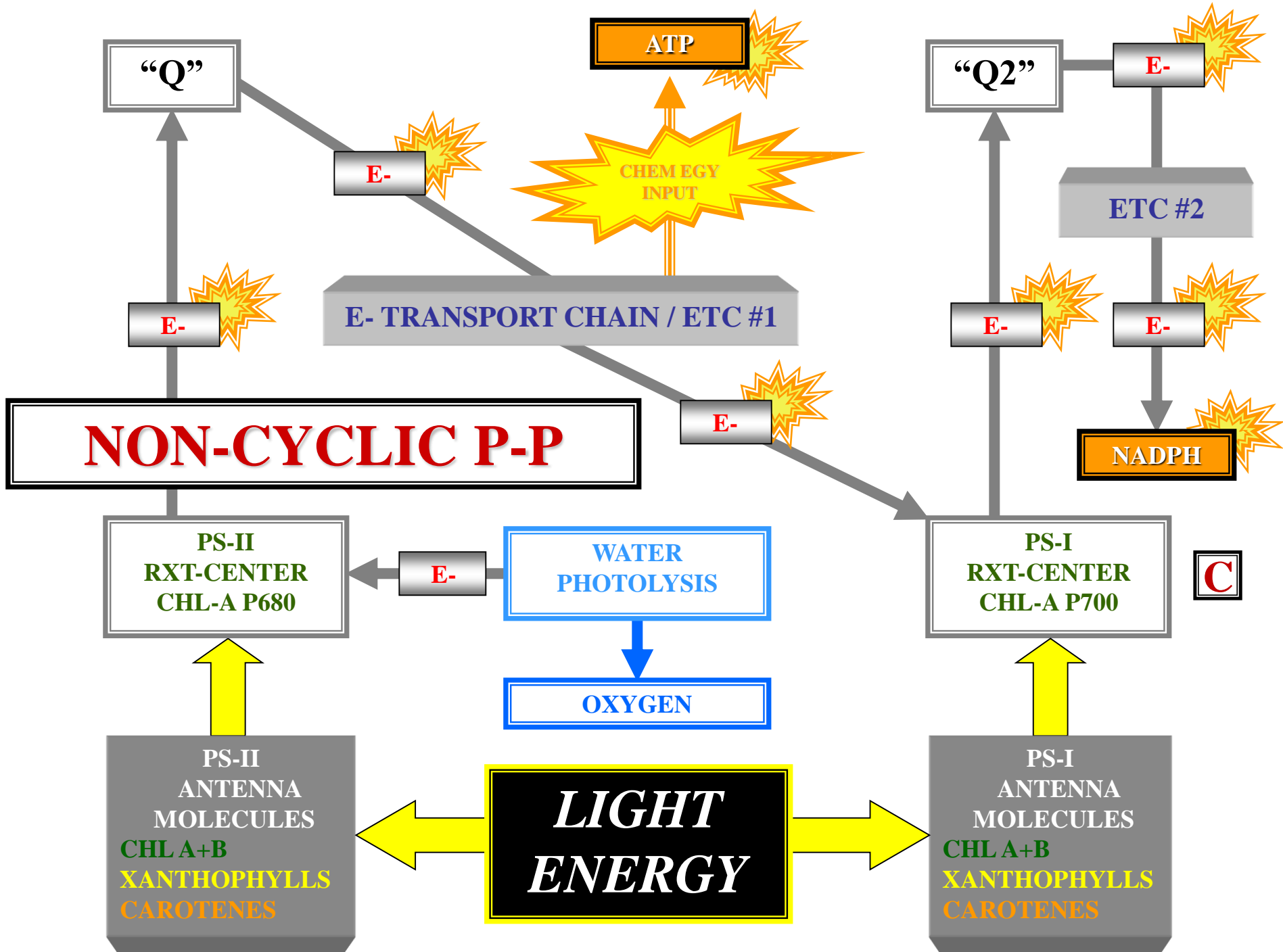


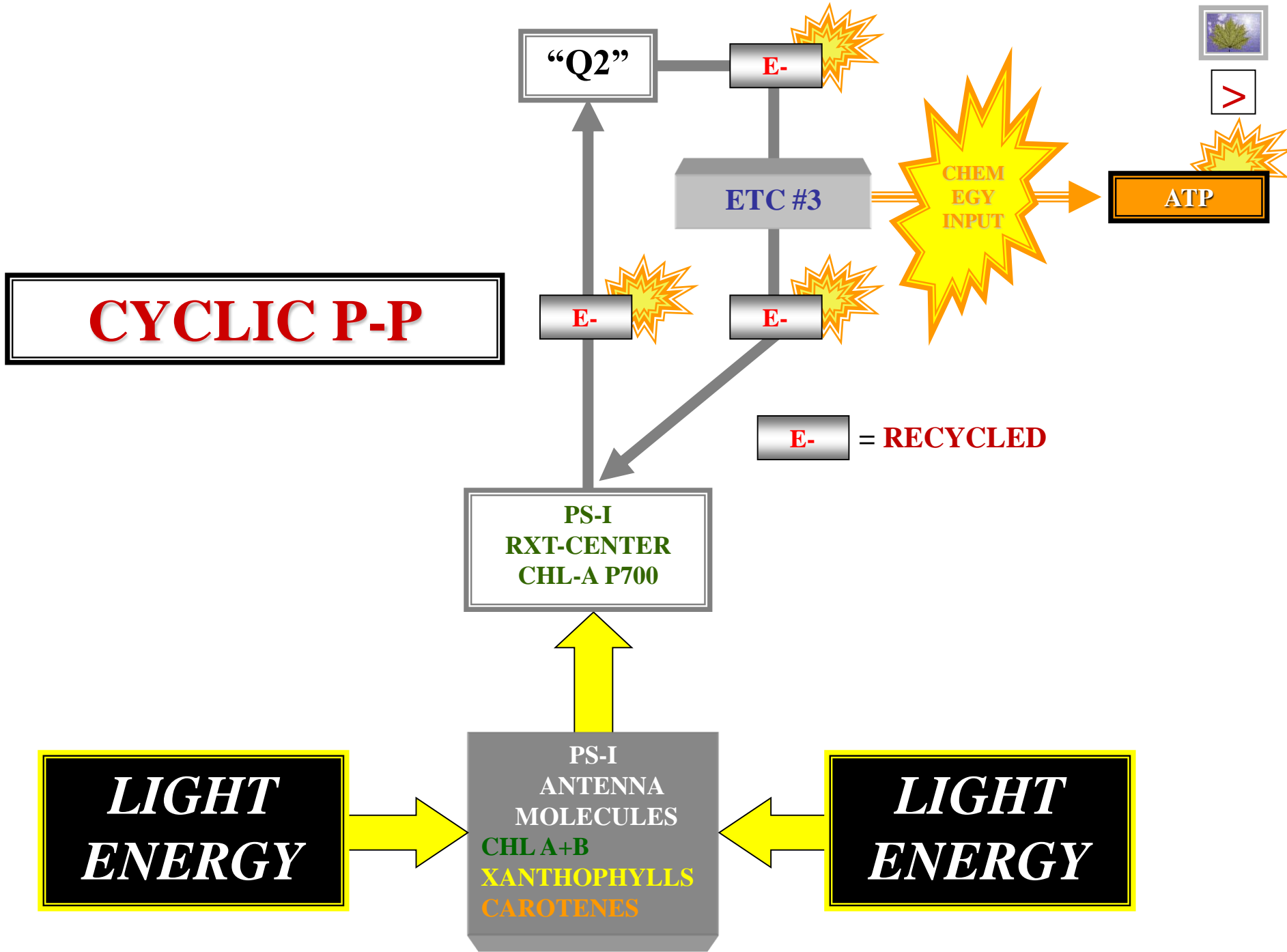


PLANTS
EXPERIENCES
PHOTOSYNTHESIS
?
DEFICIENCY



PLANTS
EXPERIENCES
PHOTOSYNTHESIS
ATP
DEFICIENCY







PLANTS RELY

CYCLIC P-P

ELIMINATE

ATP

DEFICIENCY

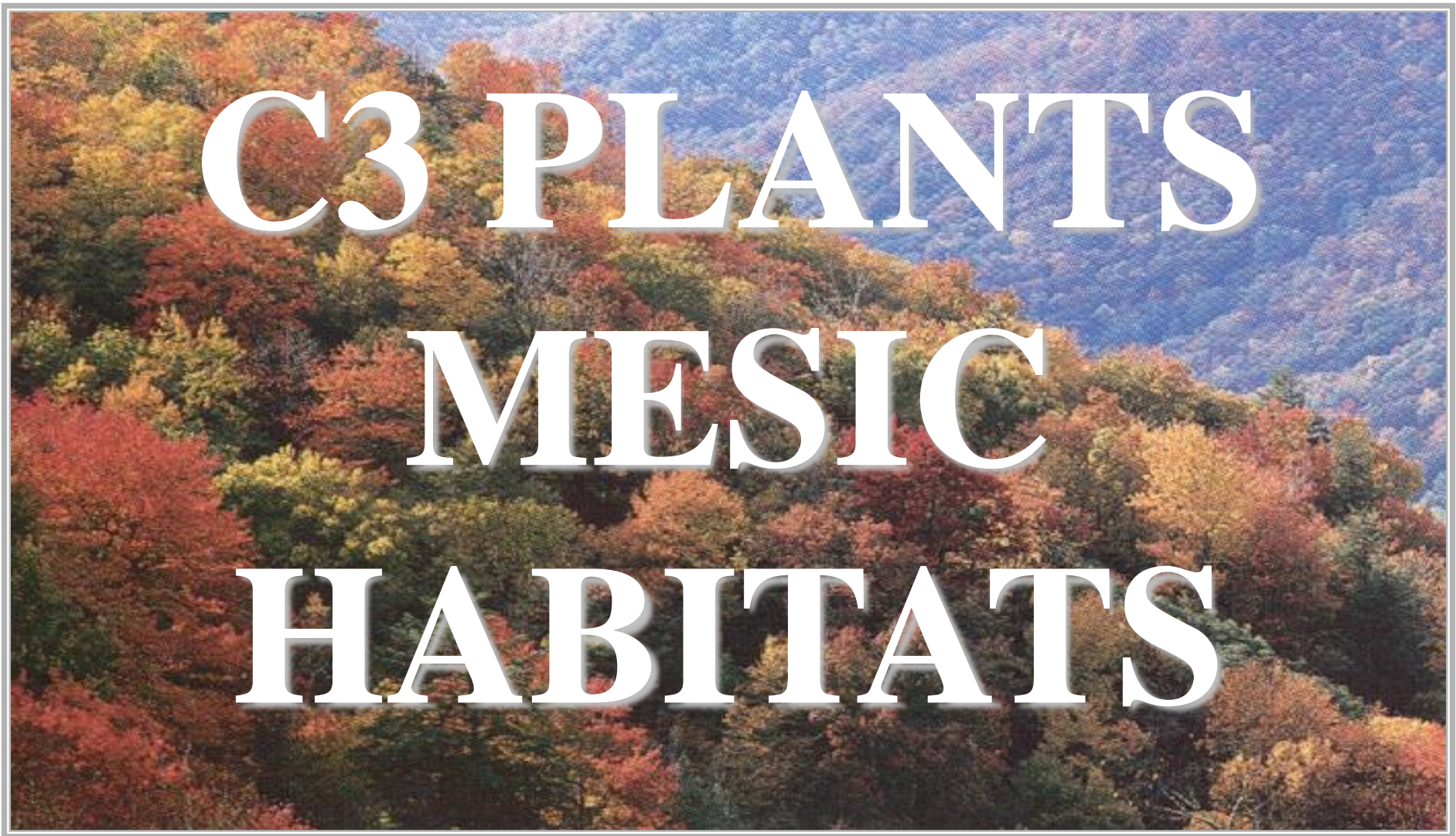


C3

PATHWAY

ECOLOGY

C3 ECOLOGY



C3 PLANTS
MESIC
HABITATS

MESIC HABITATS

C3 ECOLOGY

EG



ADEQUATE
WATER

MESIC HABITATS

C3 ECOLOGY

A photograph of a mountainous landscape covered in dense forests with vibrant autumn foliage in shades of red, orange, yellow, and green. The text 'ALABAMA FORESTS' is overlaid in large white letters with a drop shadow.

ALABAMA FORESTS

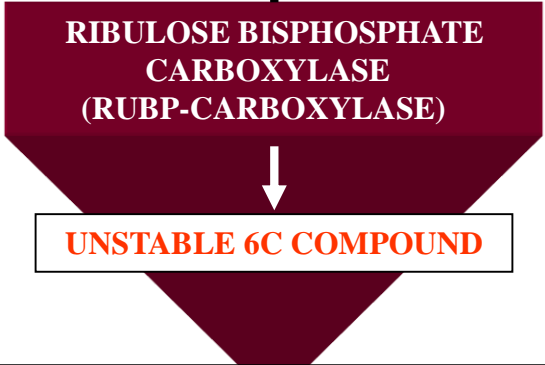
MESIC HABITATS

C3

CO₂
ENTERS
STROMA



CO₂ + **RIBULOSE BISPHOSEPHATE / (RUBP)**



I

UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND

?

ENZYME

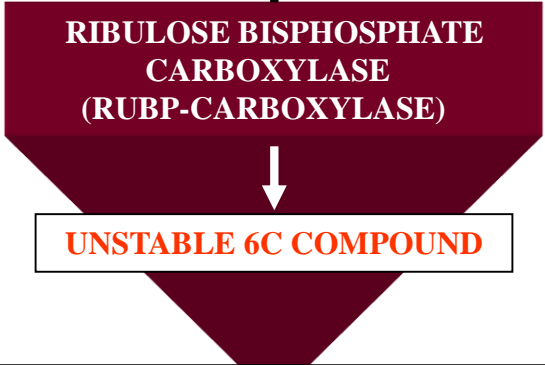
C3 CO₂ FIXATION ENZYME

C3

CO₂
ENTERS
STROMA



CO₂ + **RIBULOSE BISPHOSEPHATE / (RUBP)**



UNSTABLE 6C COMPOUND



**INEFFICIENT
ENZYME**

C3 CO₂ FIXATION ENZYME



ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

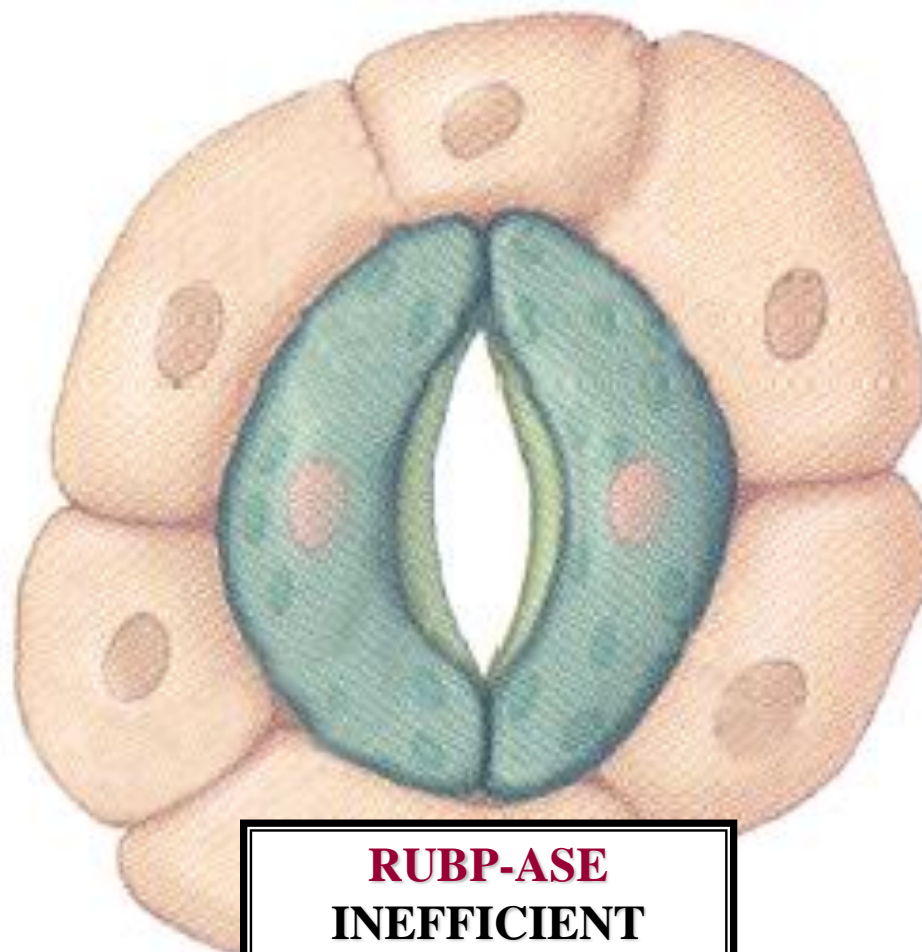
CO₂

CO₂



CO₂

CO₂



RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME



LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

H₂O

H₂O

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

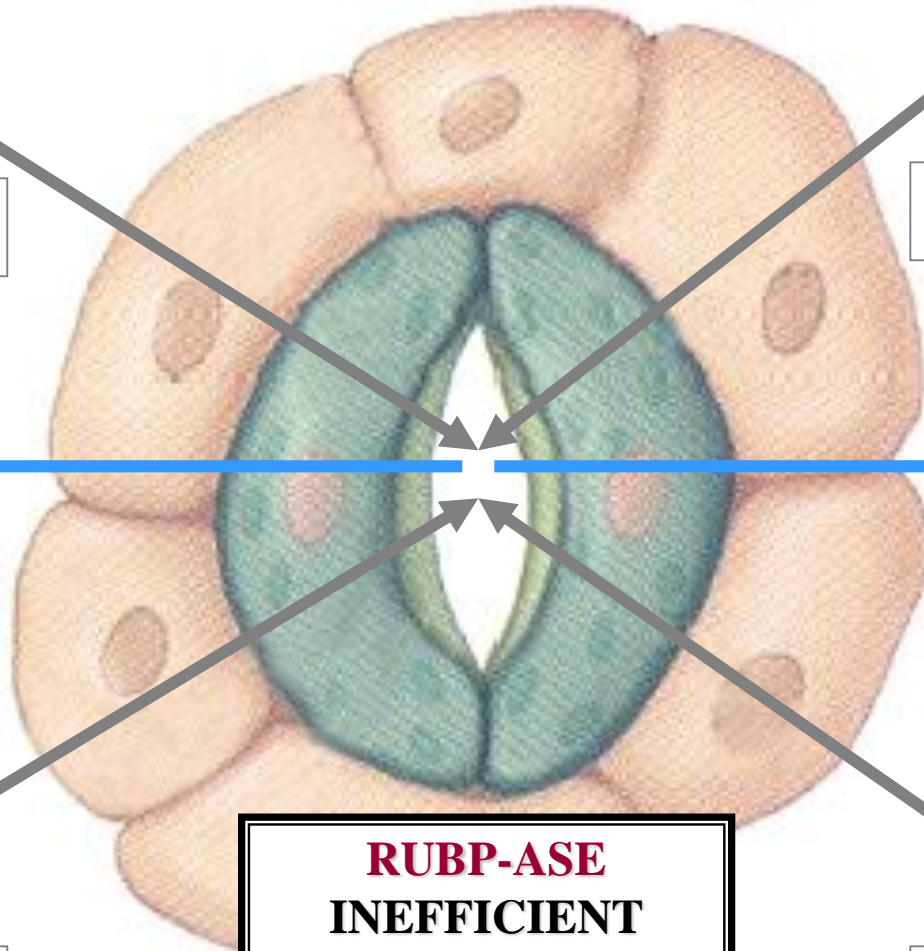
CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME



LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE + →

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

H₂O

H₂O

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

CO₂

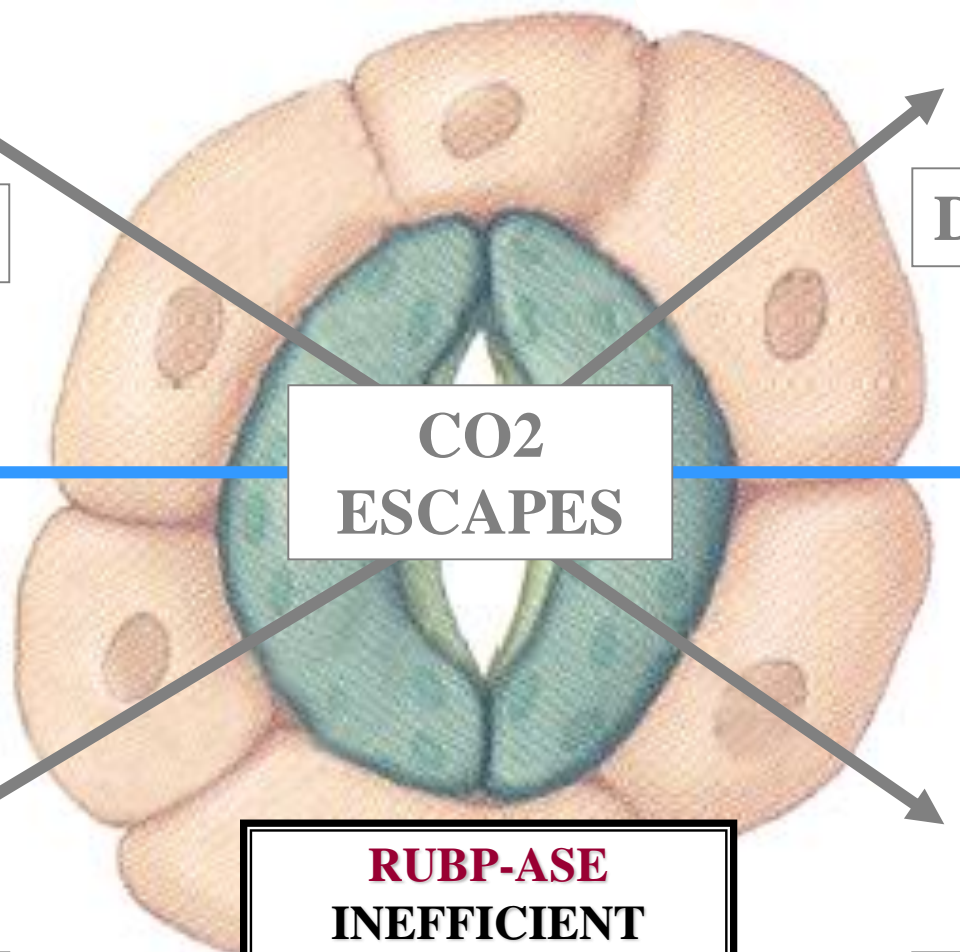
CO₂

DIFFUSION

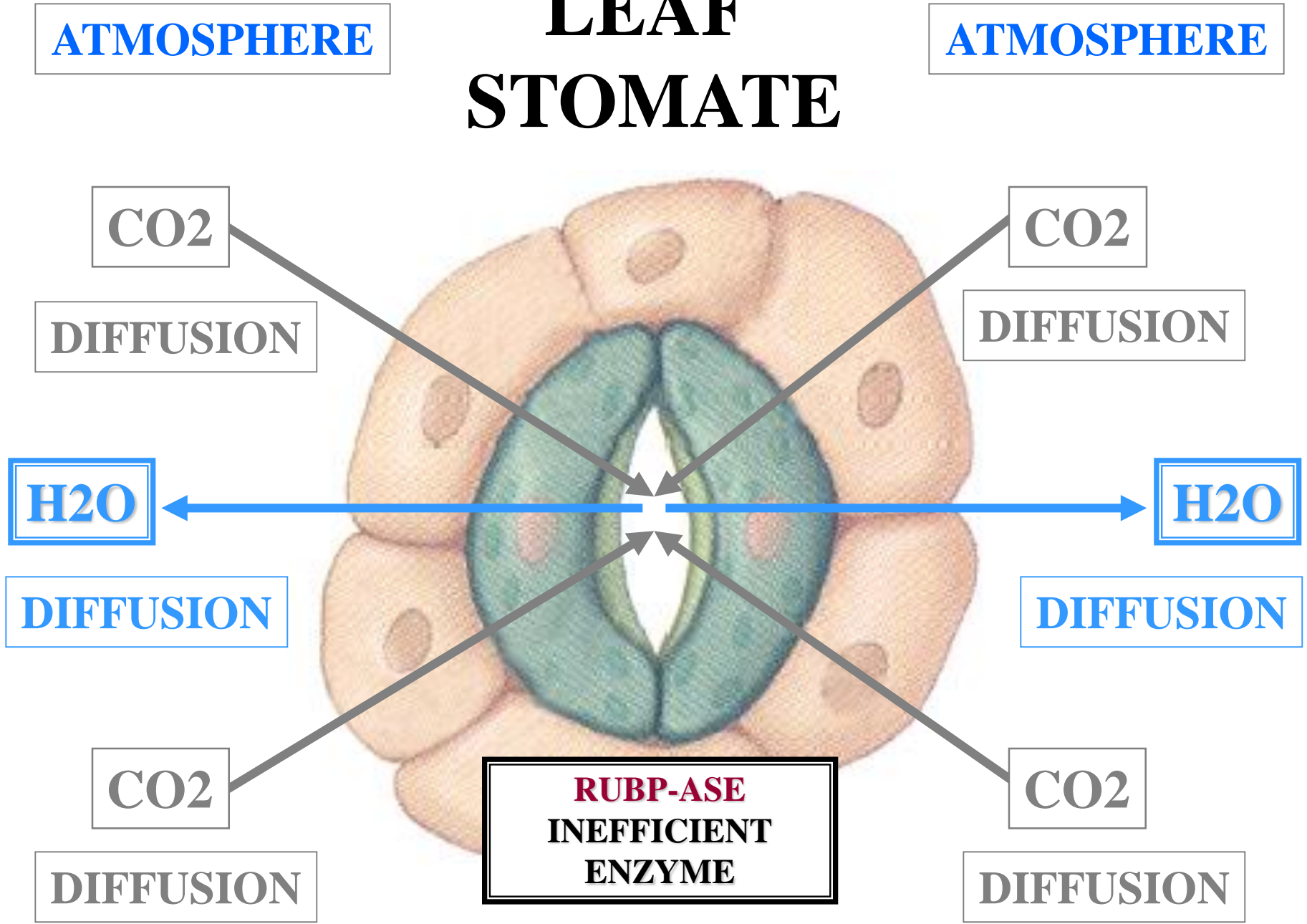
DIFFUSION

CO₂
ESCAPES

RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME



LEAF STOMATE



ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

H₂O

H₂O

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME

ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂

OPEN LONG PERIODS

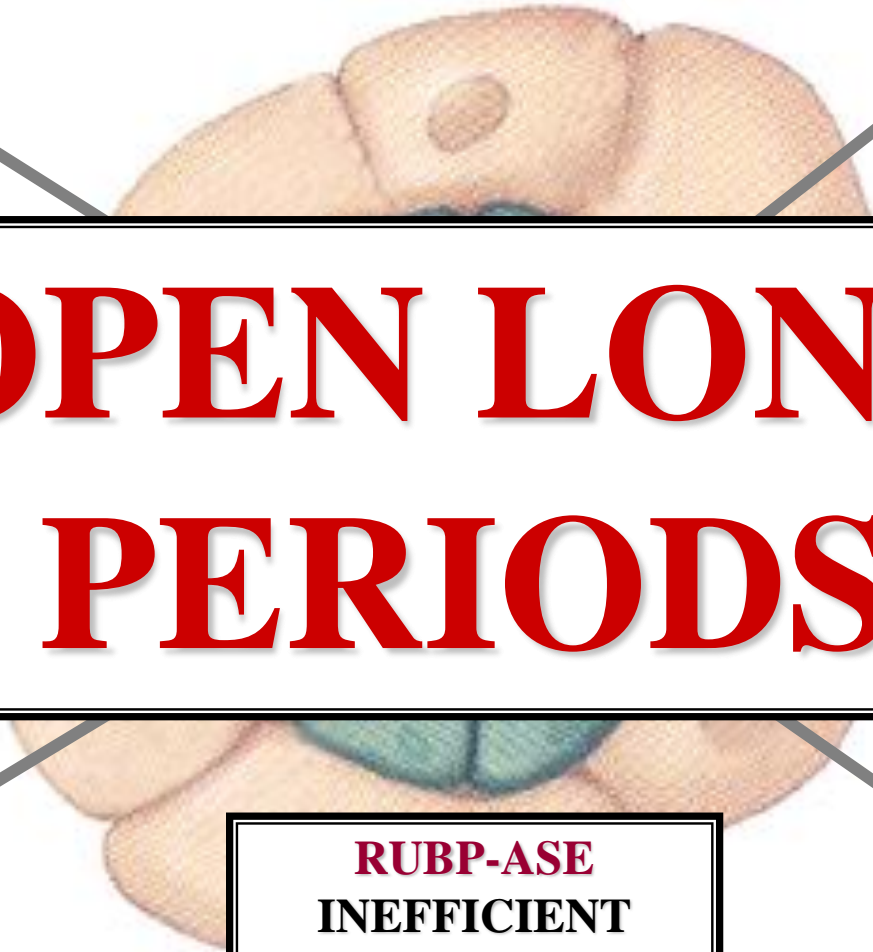
C₃

C₃

CO₂

CO₂

**RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME**



LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

H₂O

TRANSPIRATION

H₂O

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

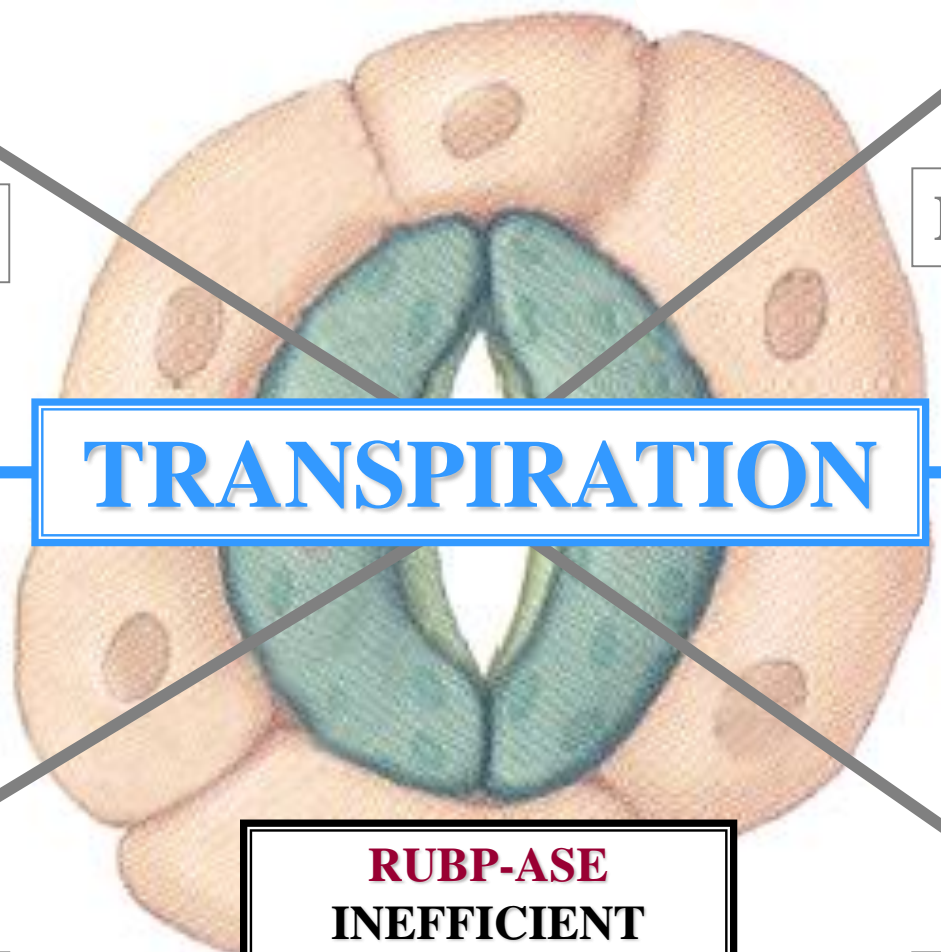
CO₂

CO₂

DIFFUSION

DIFFUSION

RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME



ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

CO₂

C₃

HIGH

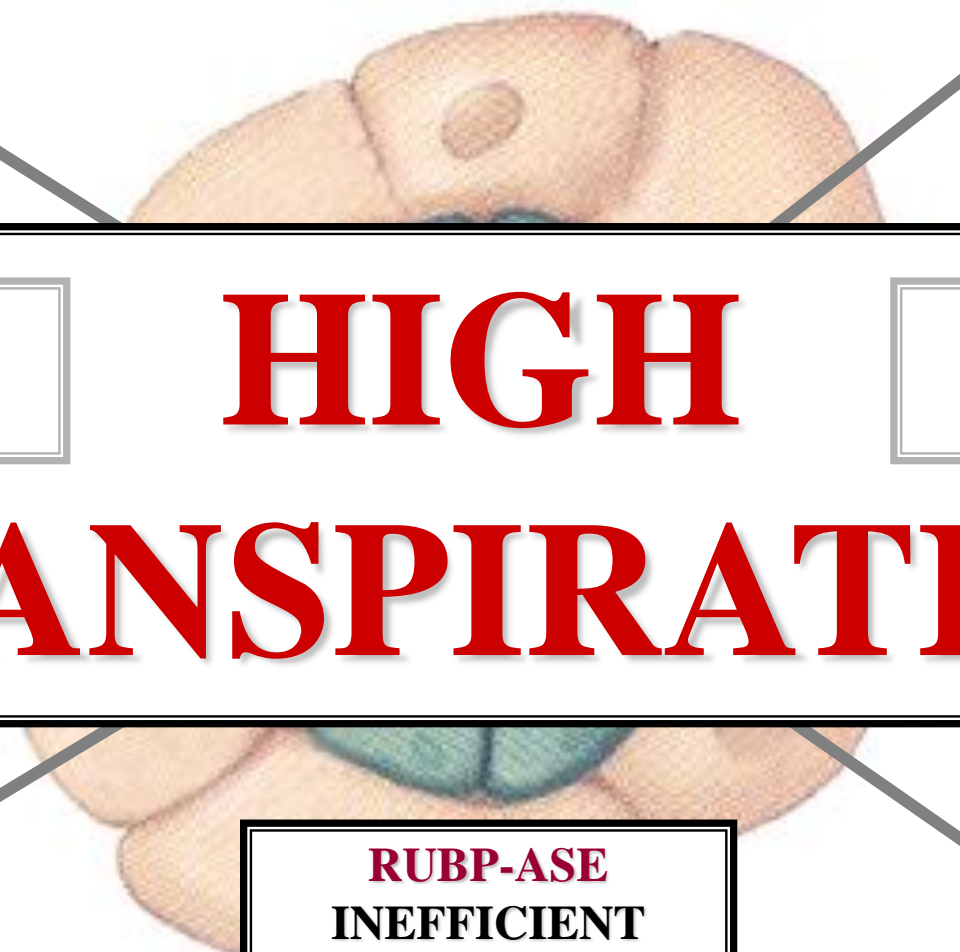
C₃

TRANSPIRATION

CO₂

CO₂

RUBP-ASE
INEFFICIENT
ENZYME



C3 ECOLOGY

MH



ADEQUATE
WATER

MESIC HABITATS

C3 ECOLOGY



MESIC HABITATS

MESIC HABITATS

C3 ECOLOGY

A vibrant landscape photograph of a forest during autumn. The trees are covered in a mix of bright reds, oranges, yellows, and greens, set against a backdrop of blue-toned mountains. The scene is captured from an elevated perspective, showing the undulating terrain of the forest.

ALABAMA FORESTS

MESIC HABITATS

DARK REACTION

**HATCH & SLACK
CYCLE**



HATCH & SLACK CYCLE

SYNONYMOUS

C4 PATHWAY

HATCH & SLACK AUSTRALIAN PLANT PHYSIOLOGISTS

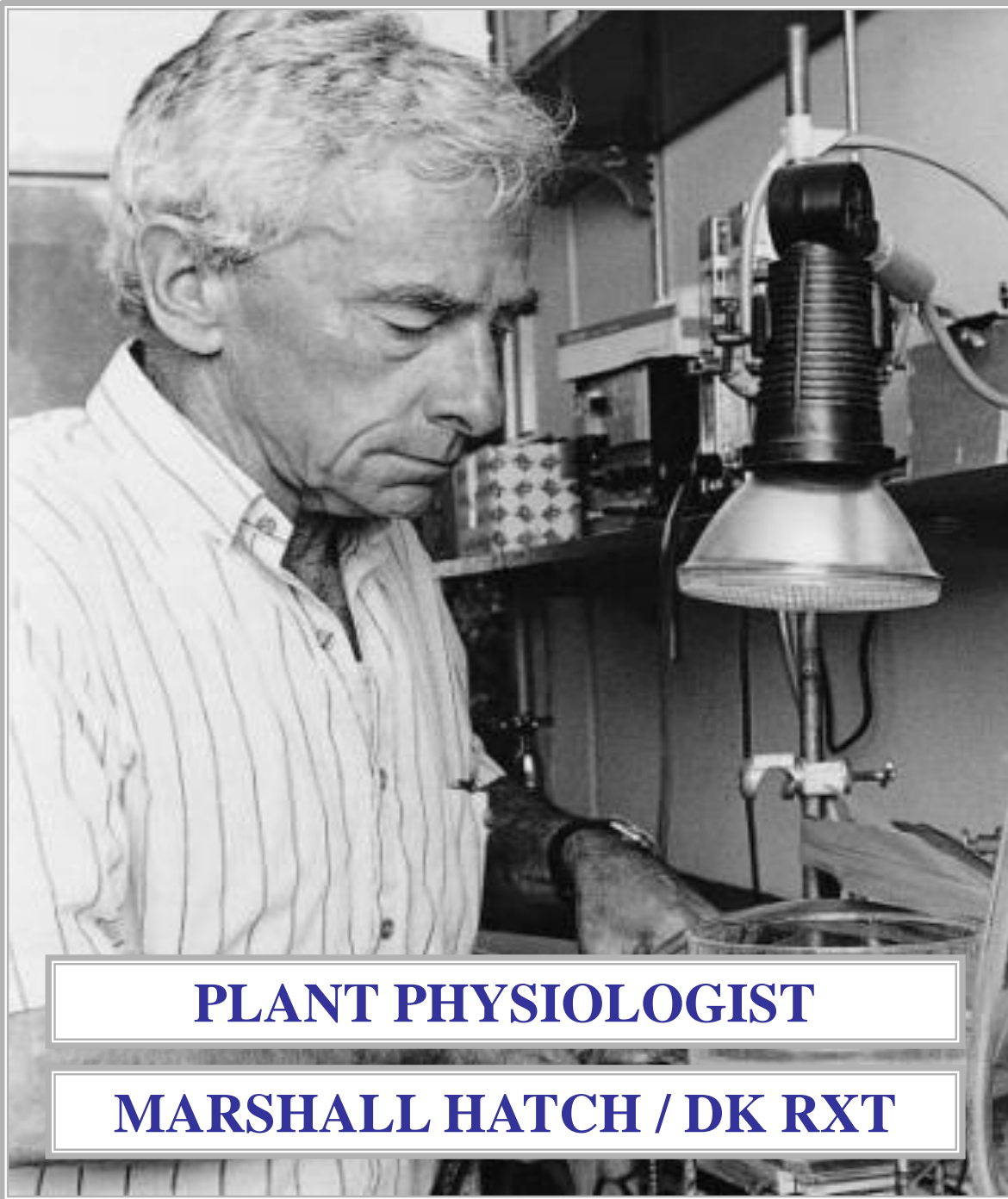
EL

AUSTRALIA

A map of the Pacific region, centered on Australia. The map shows the continent of Australia in a light green color, with a white box containing the word "AUSTRALIA" in black capital letters. Surrounding Australia are various island groups, also in light green, including the Northern Marianas, Philippines, Indonesia, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, Fiji Islands, New Caledonia, and New Zealand. The word "Asia" is labeled on the far left. The background is a light blue color representing the ocean. The text "HATCH & SLACK AUSTRALIAN PLANT PHYSIOLOGISTS" is in the top right, and "EL" is in a small box to the right of the map.

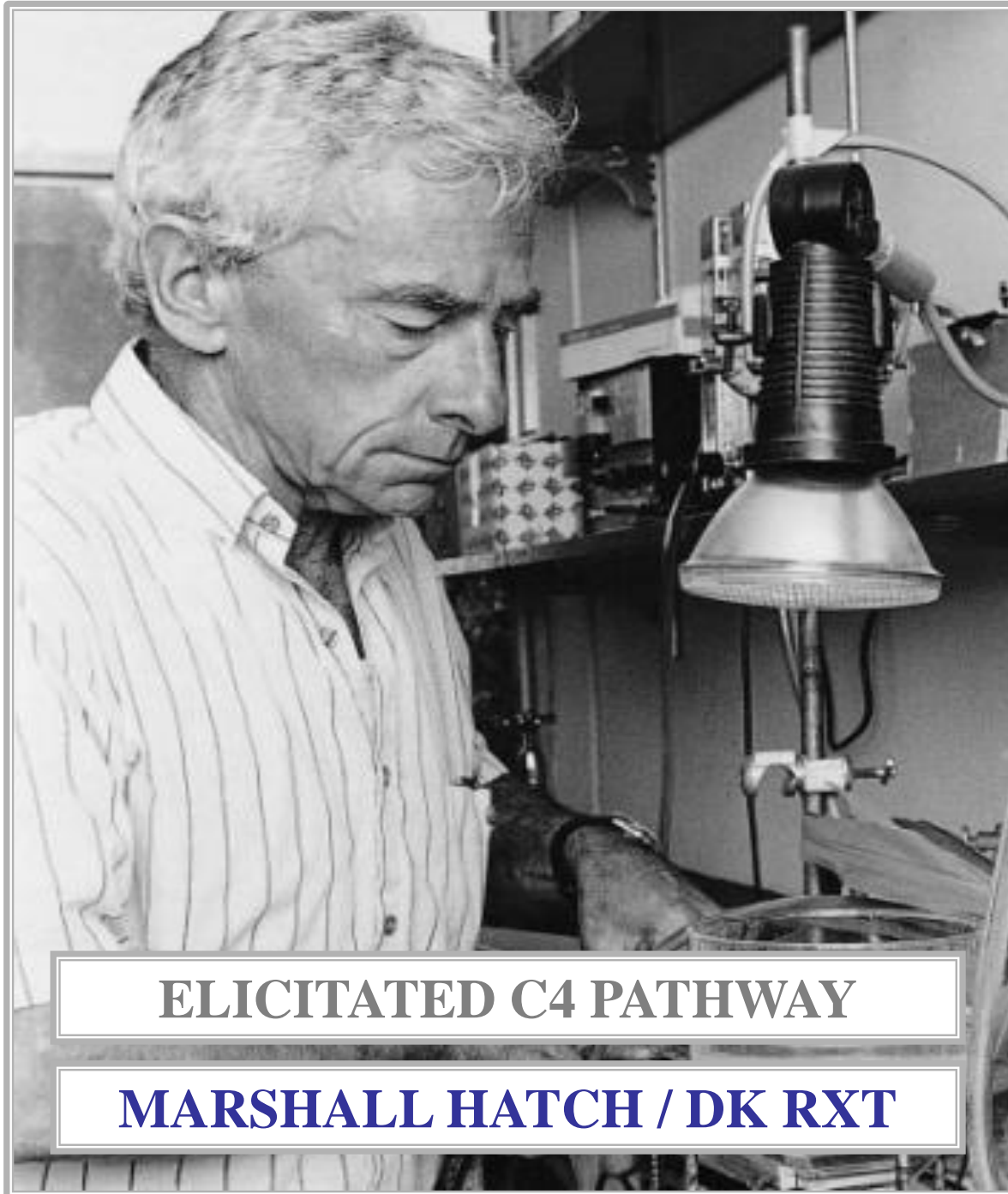
HATCH & SLACK ELICITATED C4 PATHWAY





PLANT PHYSIOLOGIST

MARSHALL HATCH / DK RXT



ELICITED C4 PATHWAY

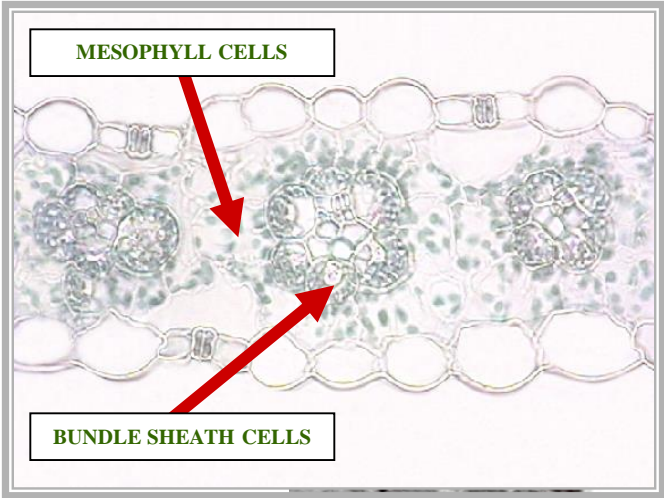
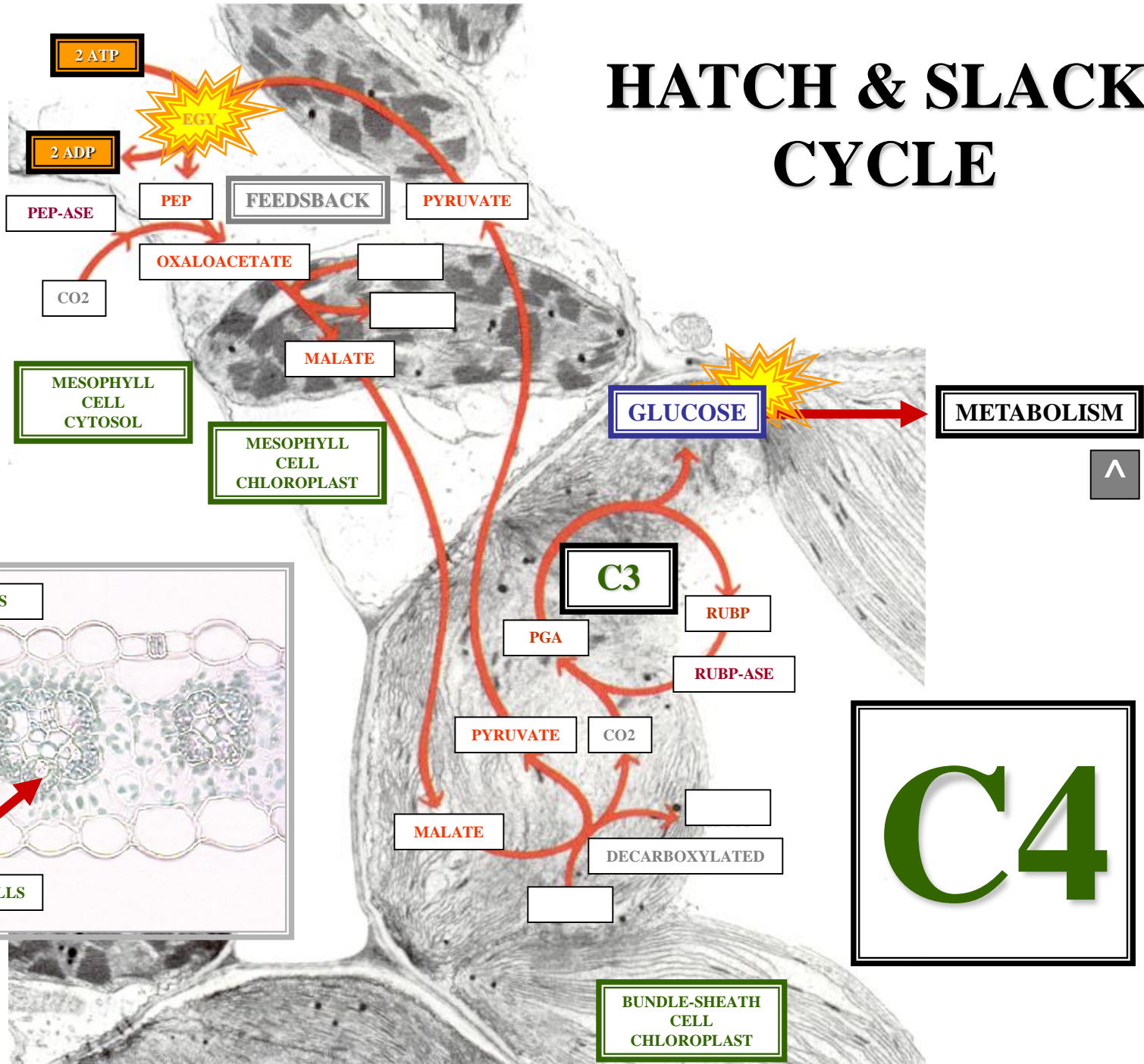
MARSHALL HATCH / DK RXT



HATCH & SLACK CYCLE



CORN



C4



C4
PATHWAY
ACRONYM

C4 ACRONYM



PEP = PHOSPHOENOLPYRUVATE

C4 ACRONYM



C4 PLANT
MODIFIED
C3 PLANT



C4
KRANZ
LEAF ANATOMY

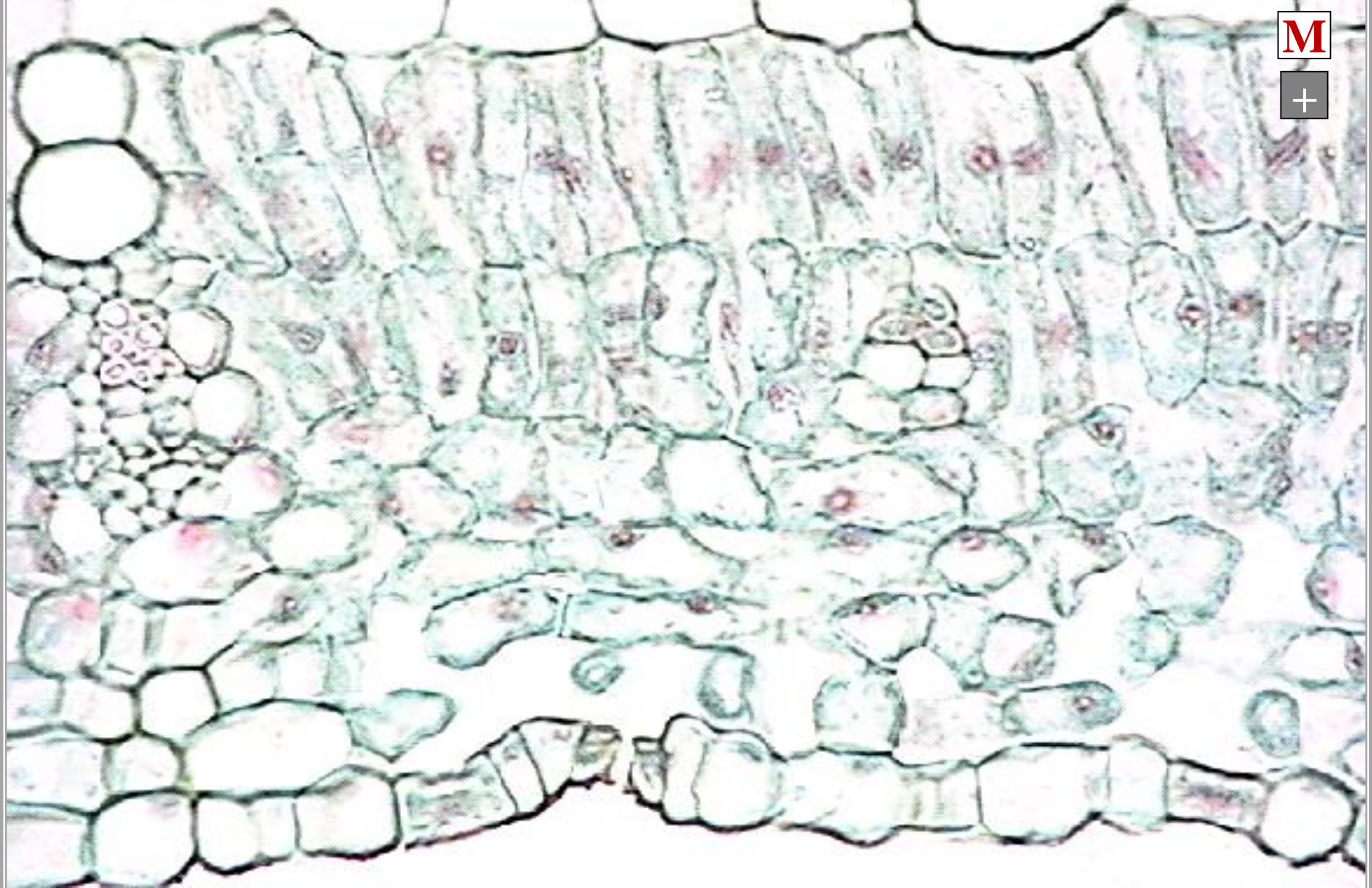
**C4
LEAF
MESOPHYLL**

MESOPHYLL

C3 LEAF

M

+



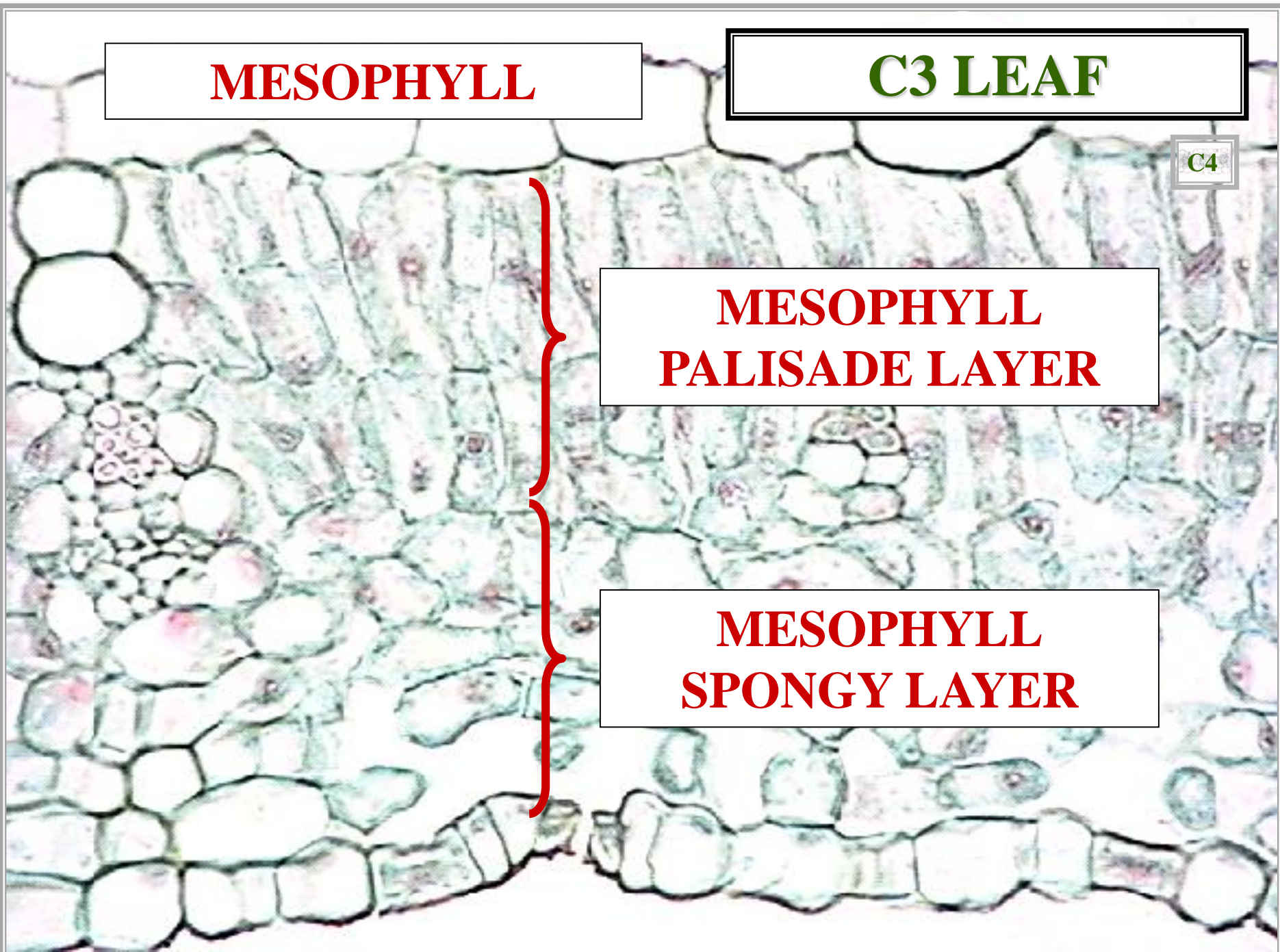
MESOPHYLL

C3 LEAF

C4

**MESOPHYLL
PALISADE LAYER**

**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**



MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

PL

+

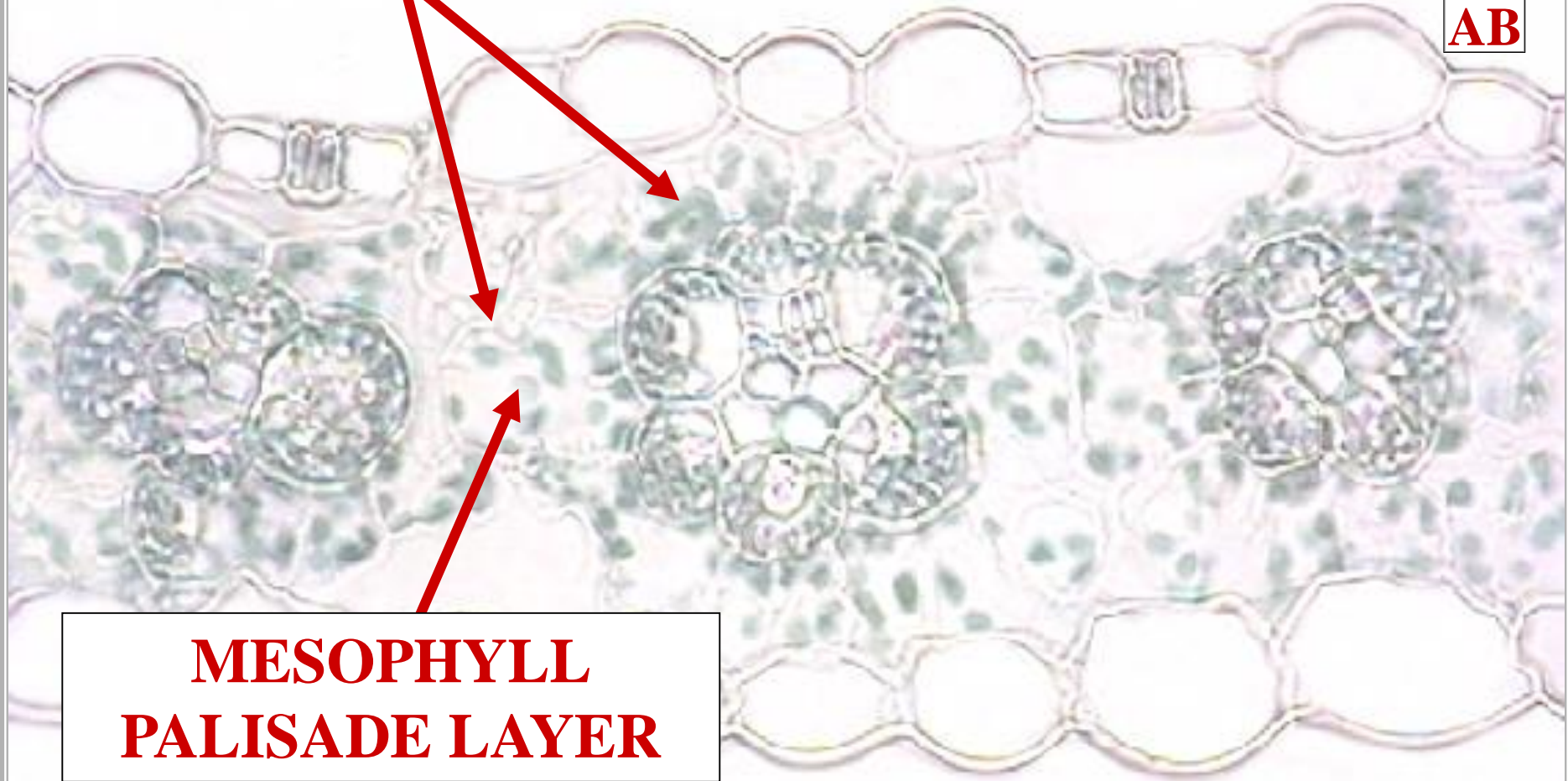


KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

AB



**MESOPHYLL
PALISADE LAYER**

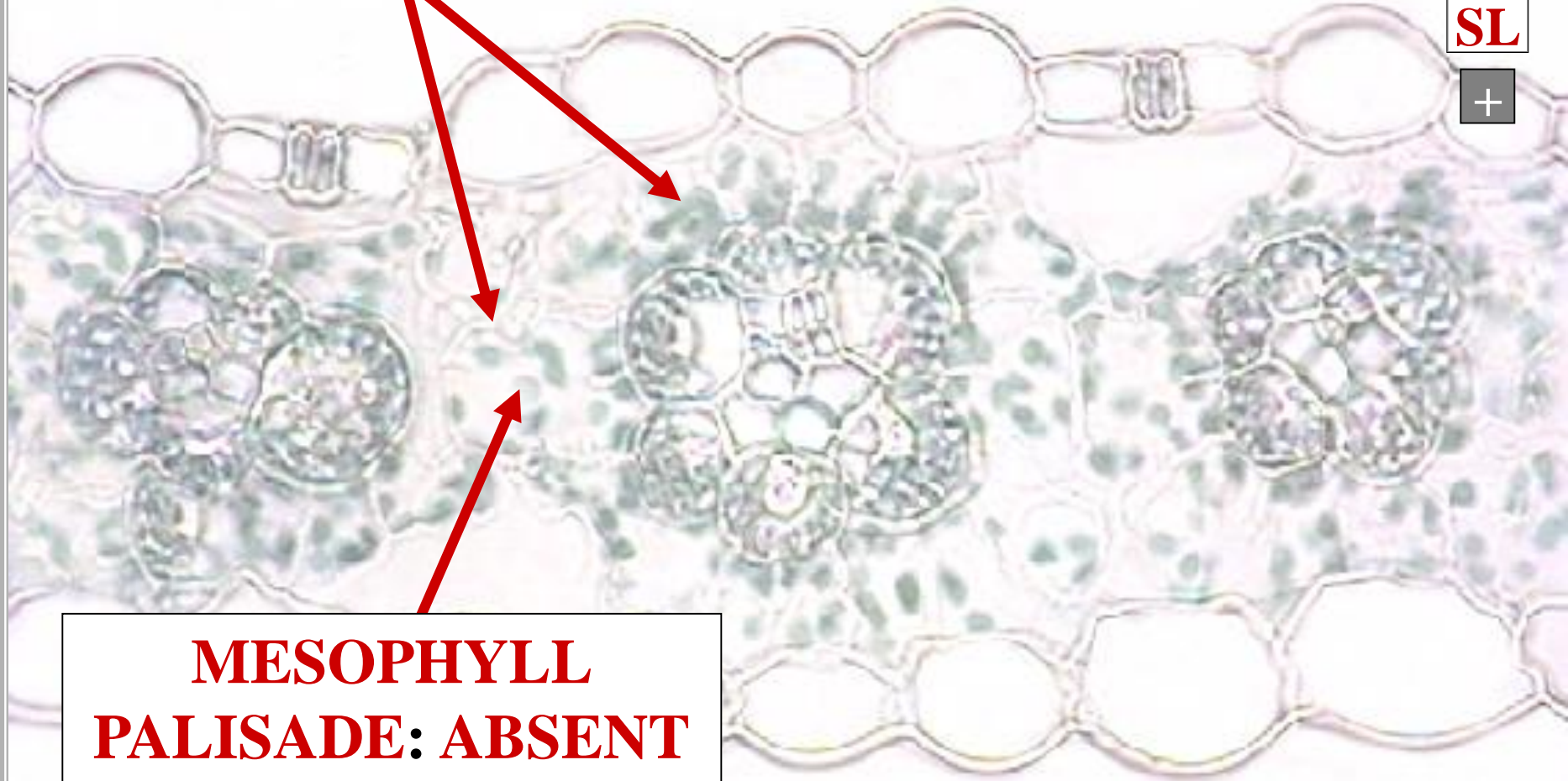
KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

SL

+



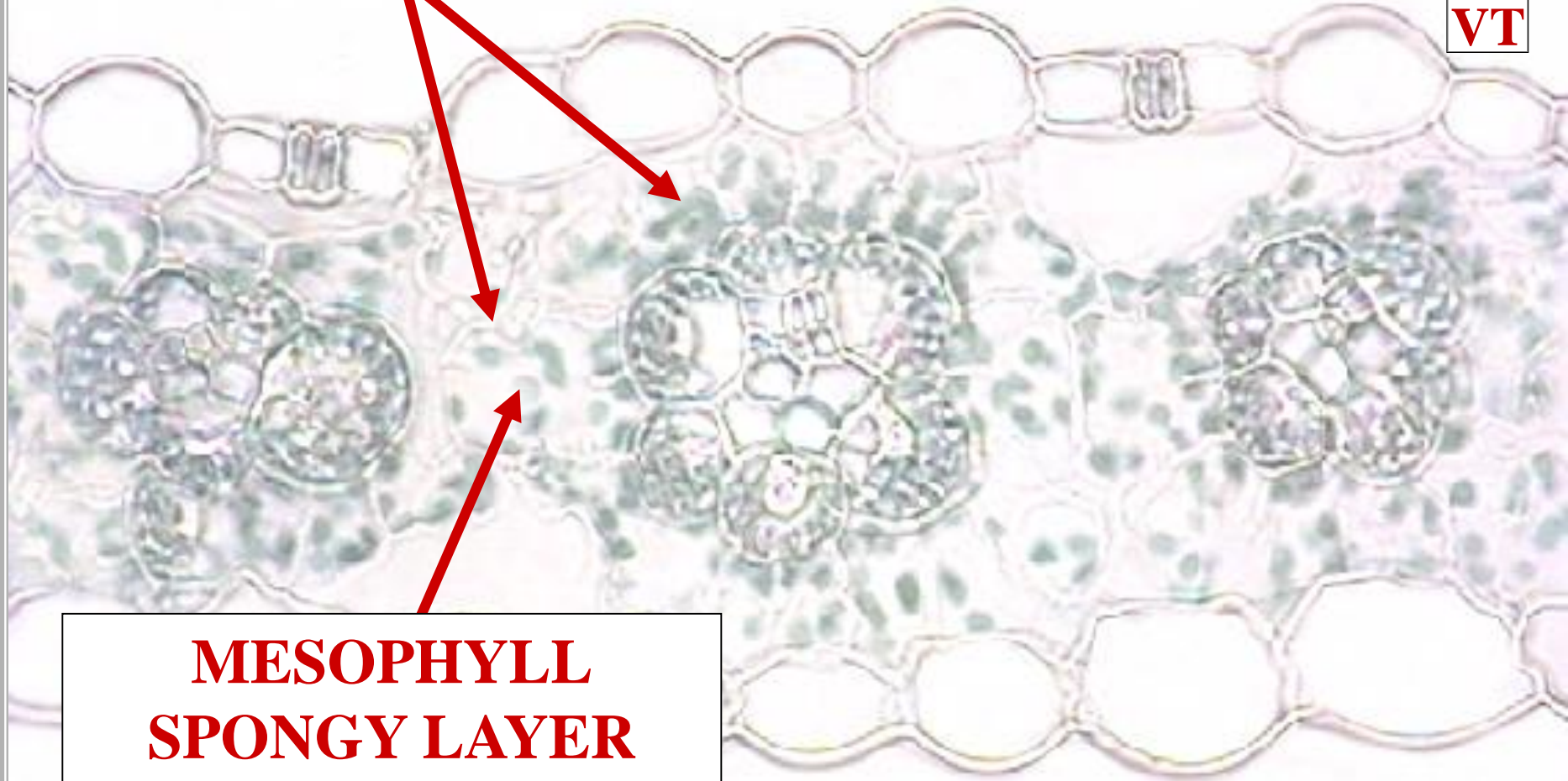
**MESOPHYLL
PALISADE: ABSENT**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

VT



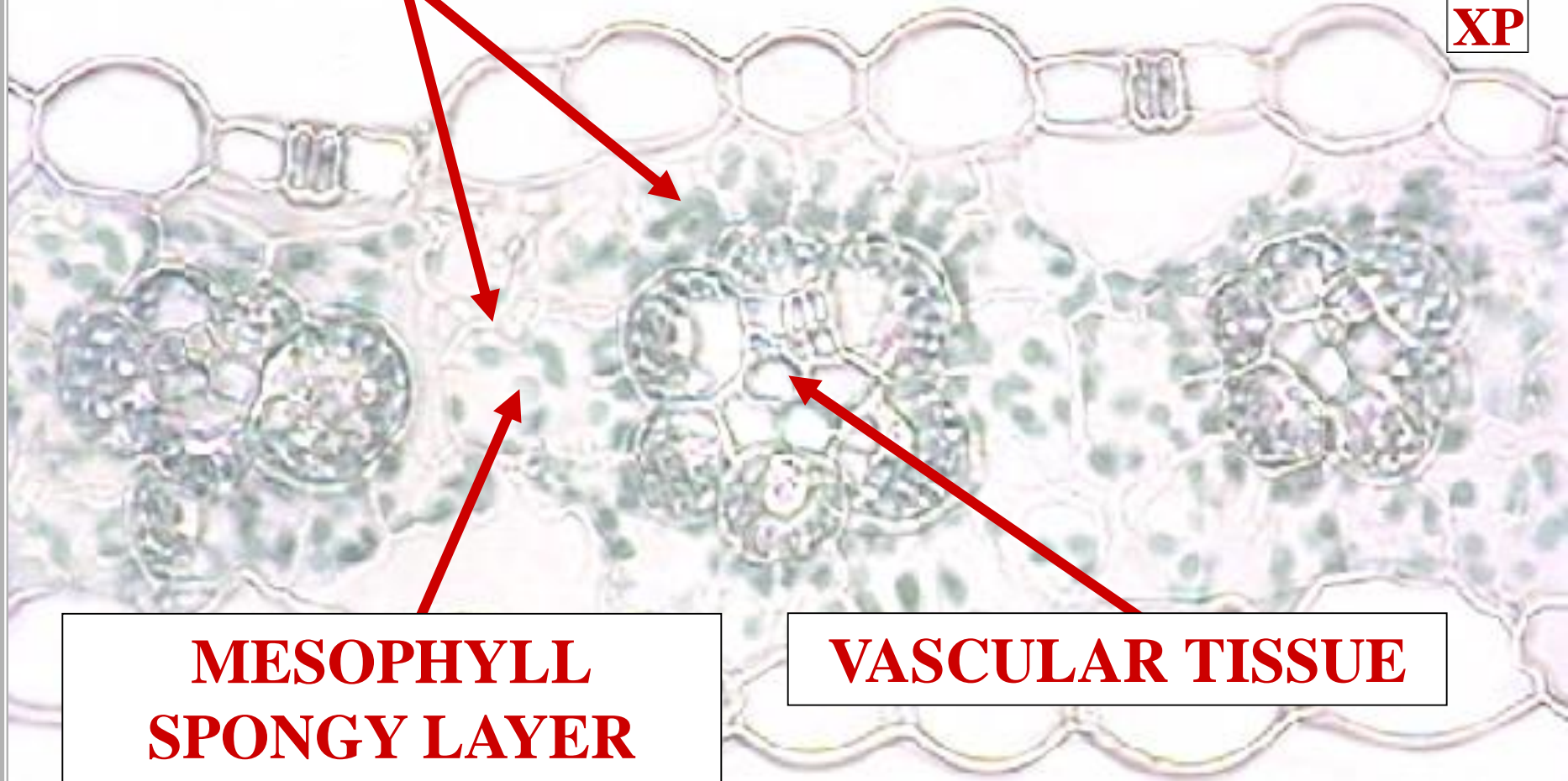
**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

XP



**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

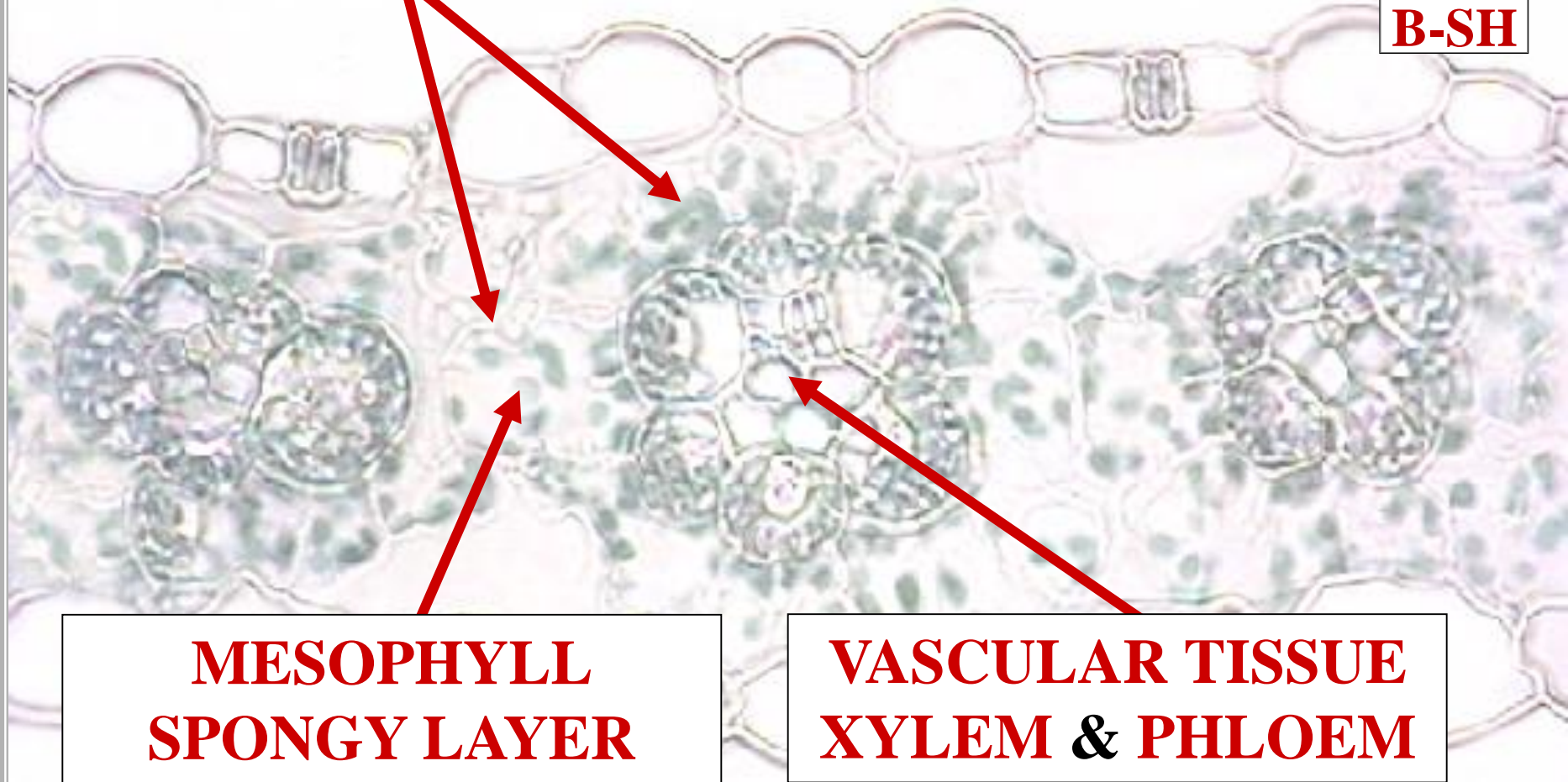
VASCULAR TISSUE

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

B-SH



**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

**VASCULAR TISSUE
XYLEM & PHLOEM**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY

MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

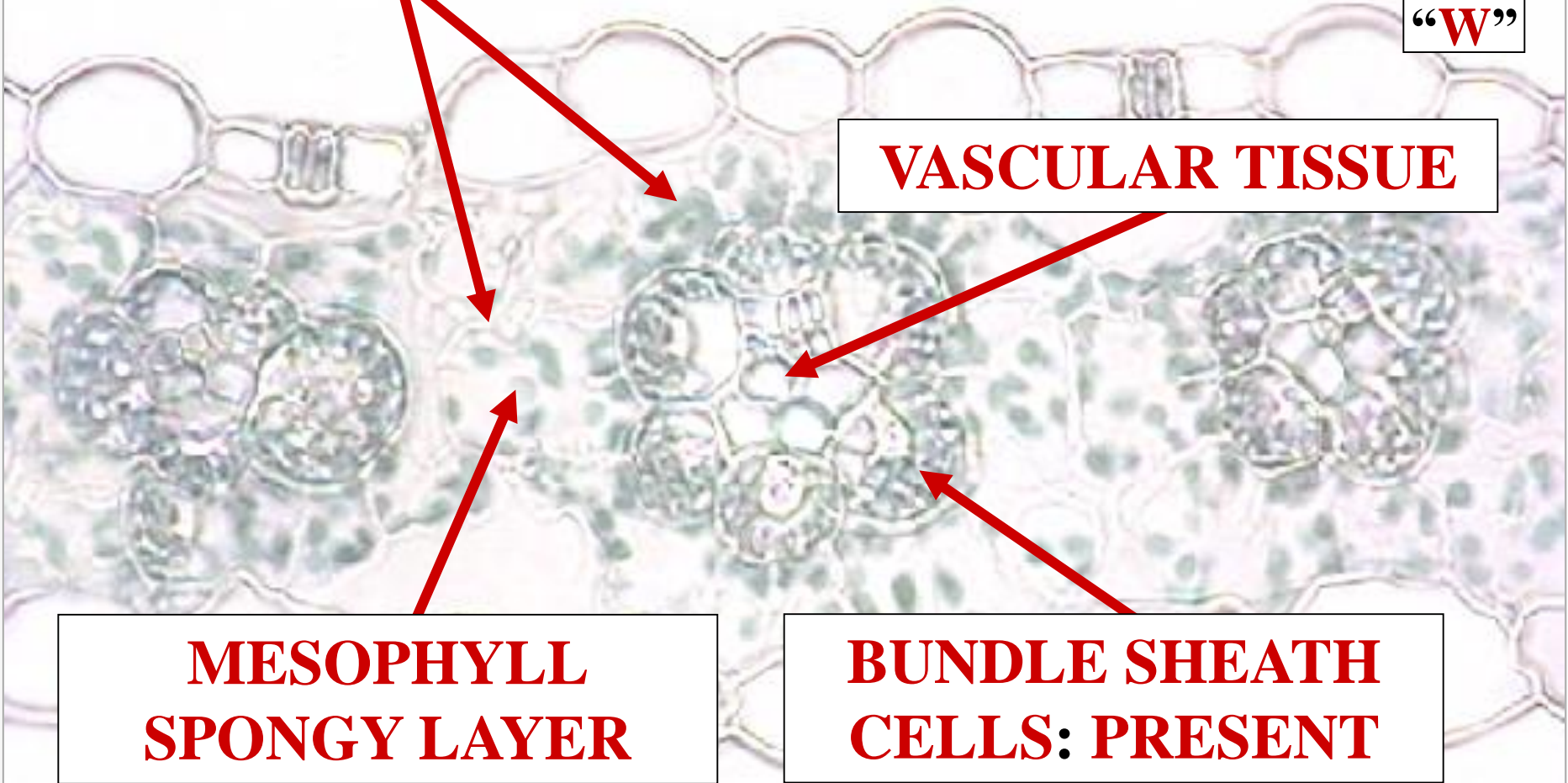
“W”

VASCULAR TISSUE

**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

**BUNDLE SHEATH
CELLS: PRESENT**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY



MESOPHYLL

C4 LEAF

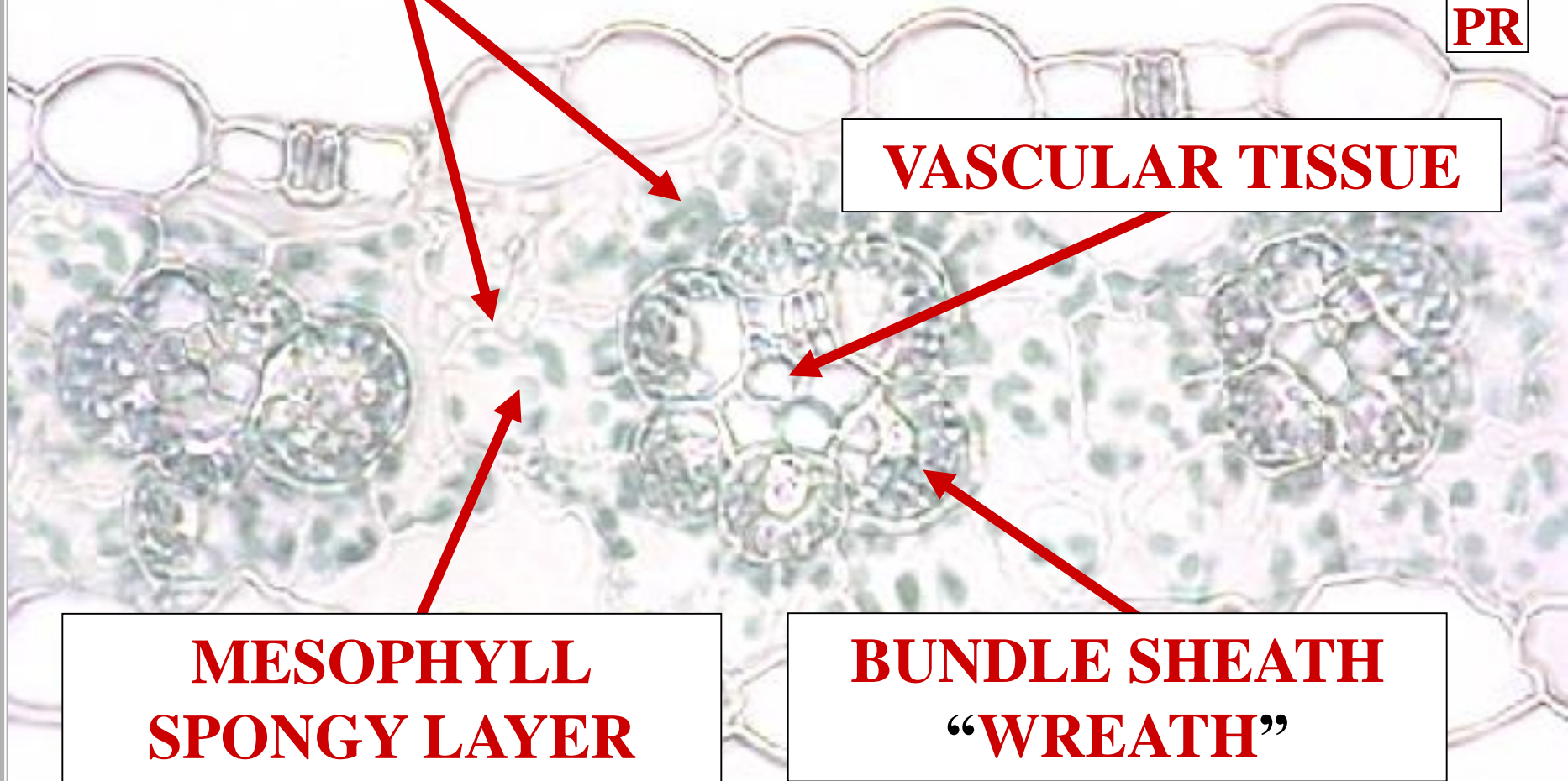
PR

VASCULAR TISSUE

**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

**BUNDLE SHEATH
“WREATH”**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY



MESOPHYLL

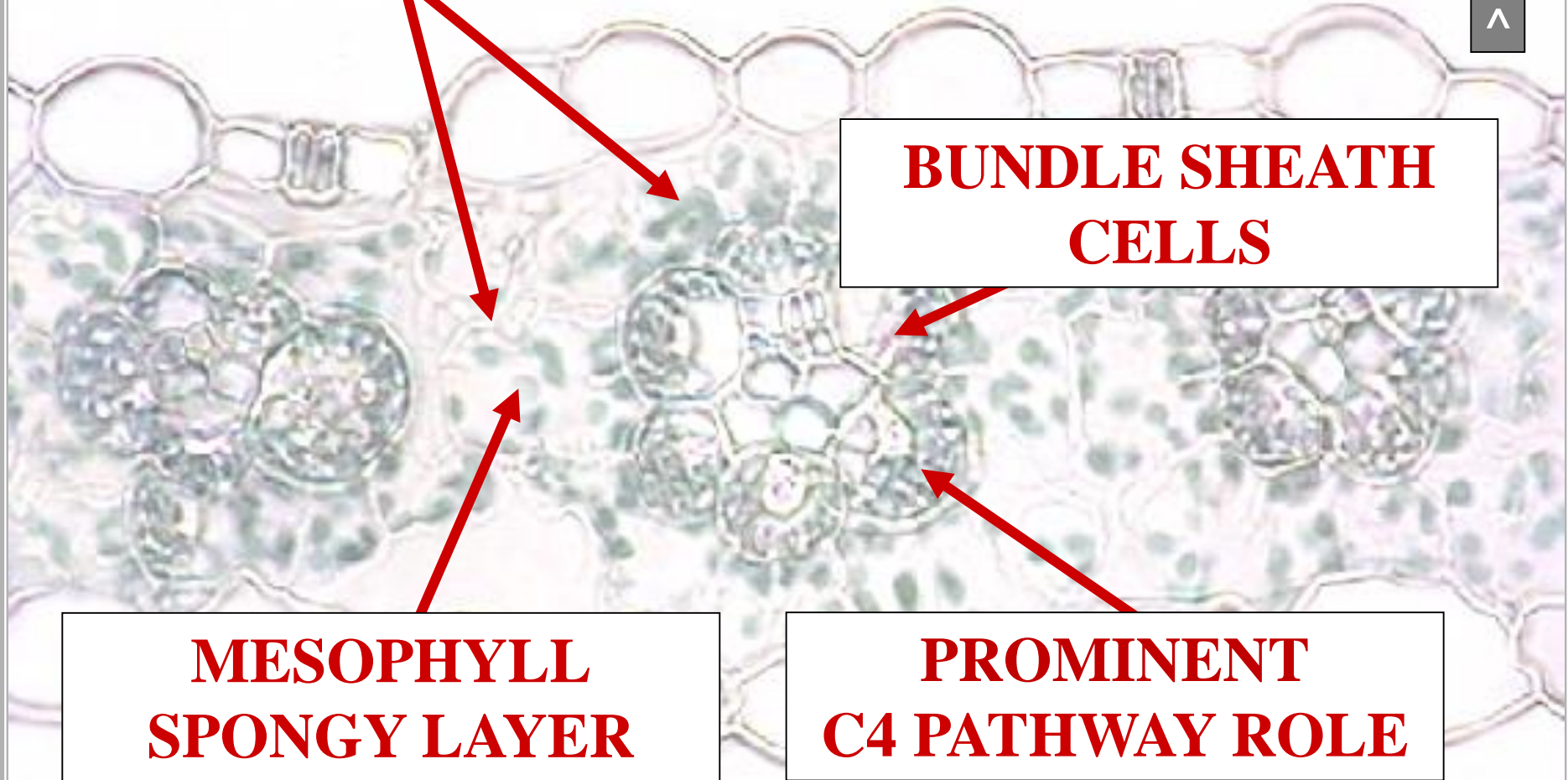
C4 LEAF

**BUNDLE SHEATH
CELLS**

**MESOPHYLL
SPONGY LAYER**

**PROMINENT
C4 PATHWAY ROLE**

KRANZ C4 LEAF ANATOMY





C4 PATHWAY SPECIFICS



C4 PATHWAY CORN PLANT



C4

CORN

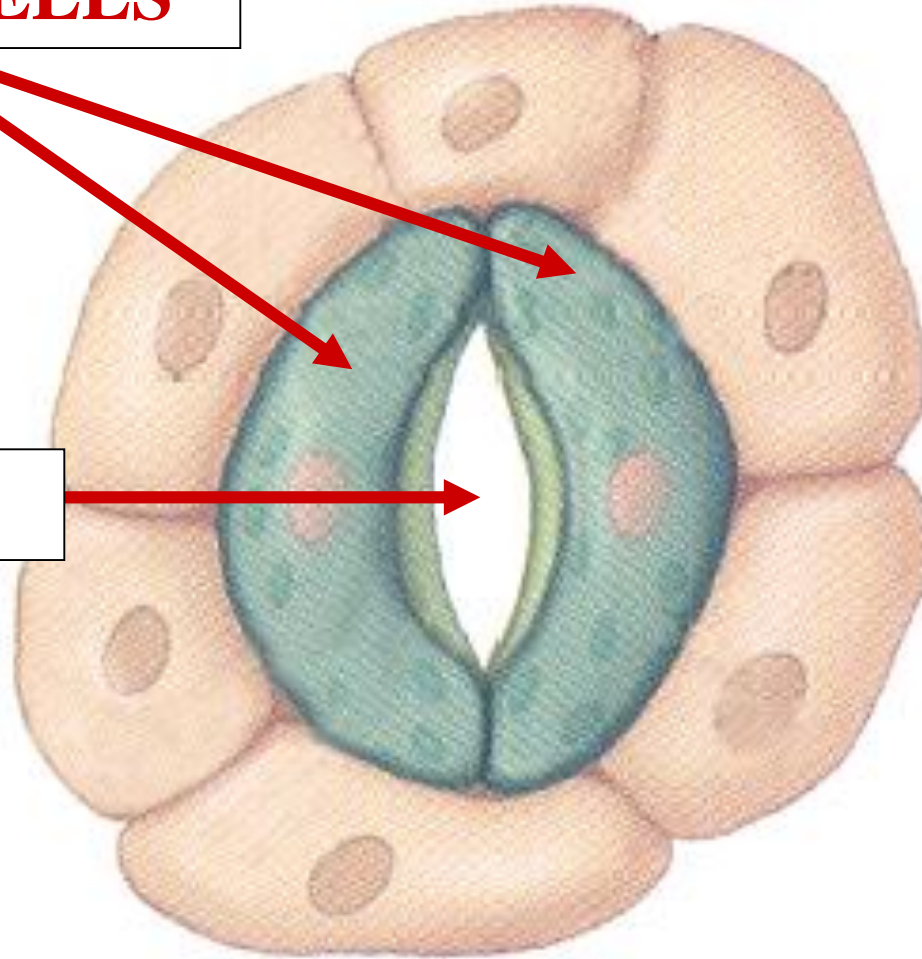


LEAF STOMATE

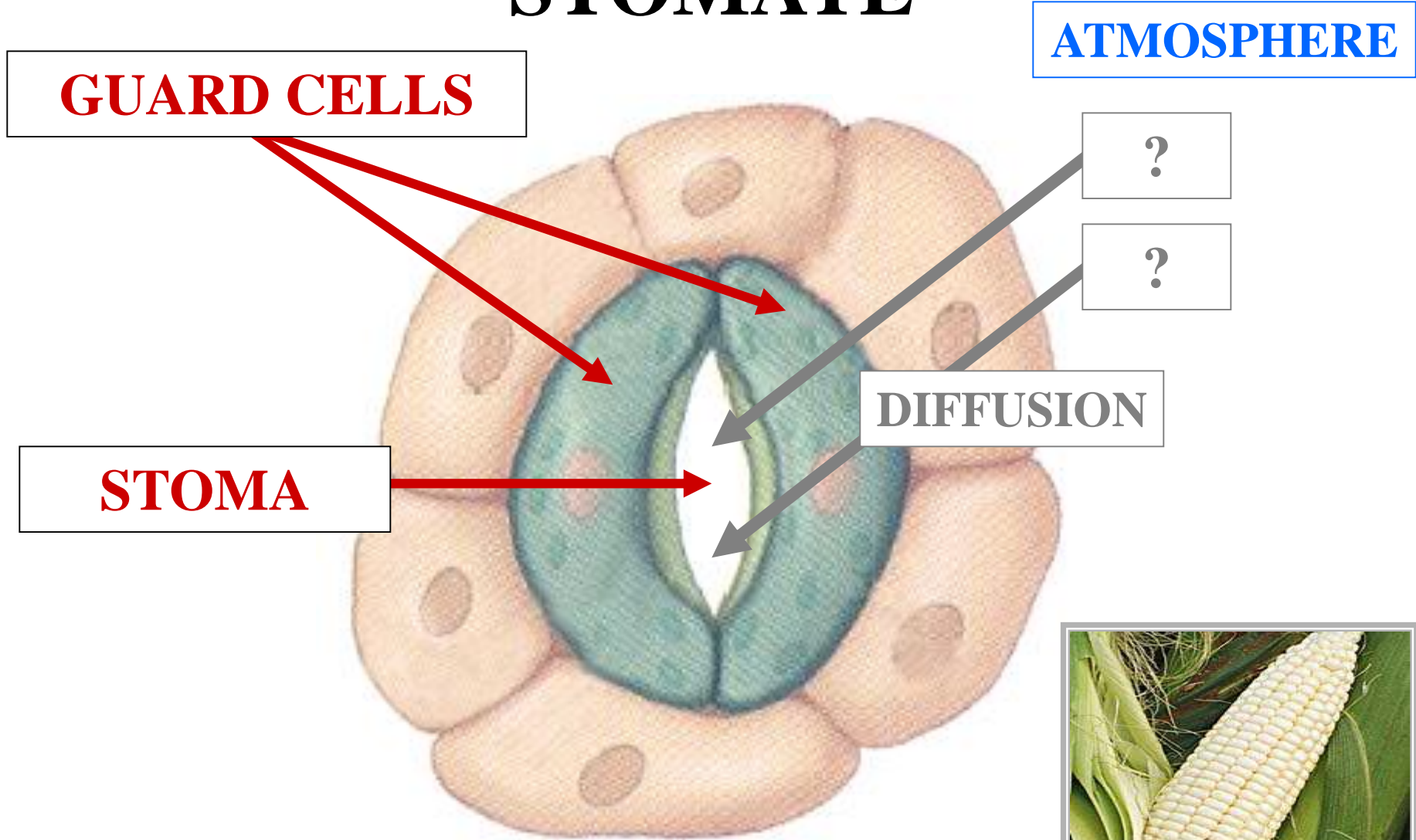
LEAF STOMATE

GUARD CELLS

STOMA



LEAF STOMATE



GUARD CELLS

ATMOSPHERE

?

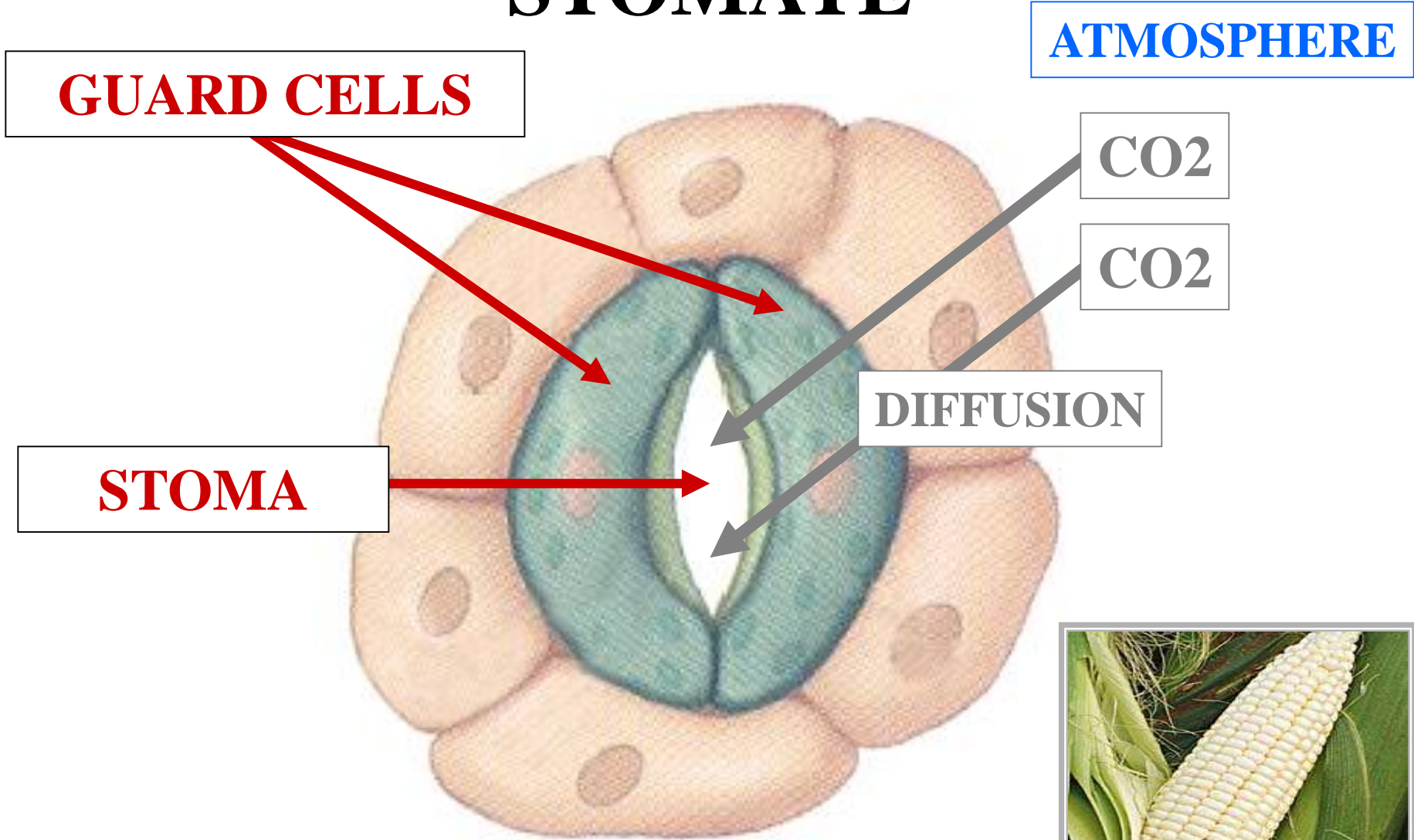
?

STOMA

DIFFUSION



LEAF STOMATE





C4 PATHWAY CO₂ DIFFUSION

ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

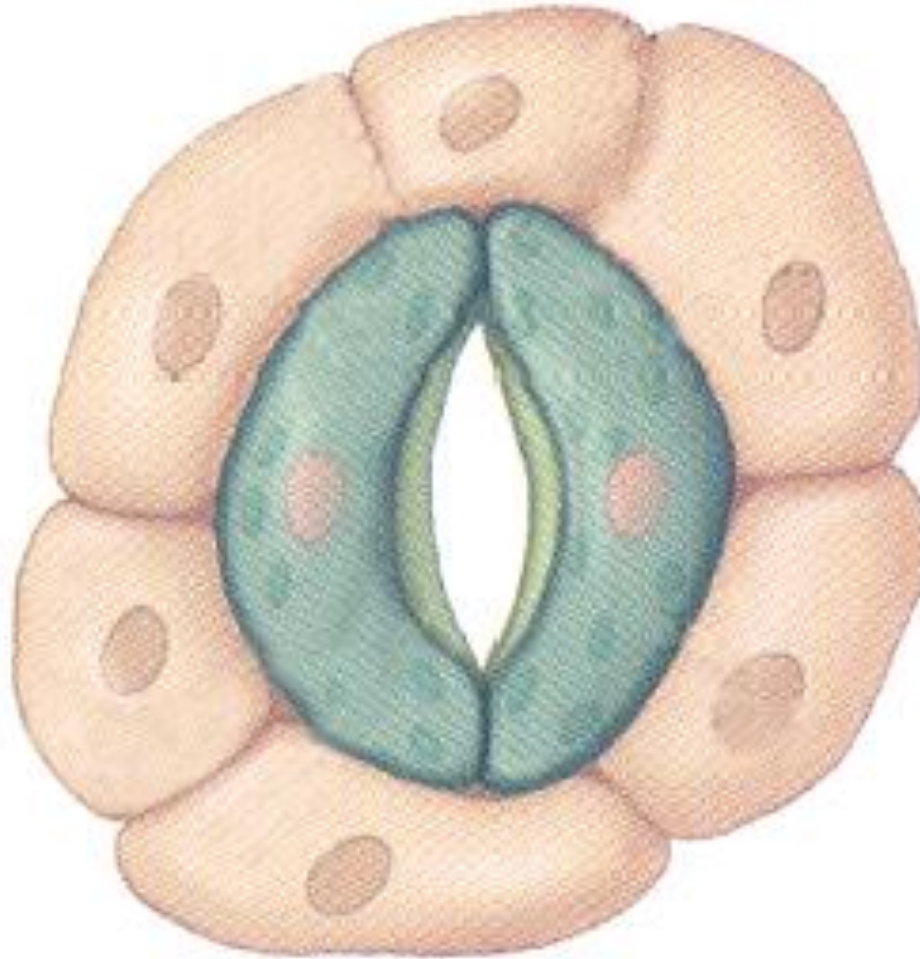
CO₂

CO₂



CO₂

CO₂



ATMOSPHERE

LEAF STOMATE

ATMOSPHERE

CO₂

DIFFUSION

CO₂

DIFFUSION



CO₂

DIFFUSION

CO₂

DIFFUSION

