

Swallow-tailed Kite (Elanoides forficatus)

Number of Priority Blocks with Breeding Evidence *Total:* 1 of 585 (<1%) **Confirmed:** 1 (0%) **Probable:** 0 (0%) **Possible:** 0 (0%)

- Number of Priority Blocks in Ecoregions with Breeding Evidence Interior Plateau: 0 of 52 (0%) Southwestern Appalachians: 0 of 124 (0%) Ridge and Valley: 0 of 72 (0%) **Piedmont:** 0 of 76 (0%) Southeastern Plains: 1 of 254 (<1%) Southern Coastal Plain: 0 of 7 (0%)
- **33°** Number of Blocks with Breeding Evidence Total: 10 of 5087 (<1%) **Confirmed:** 9 of 5087 (<1%)

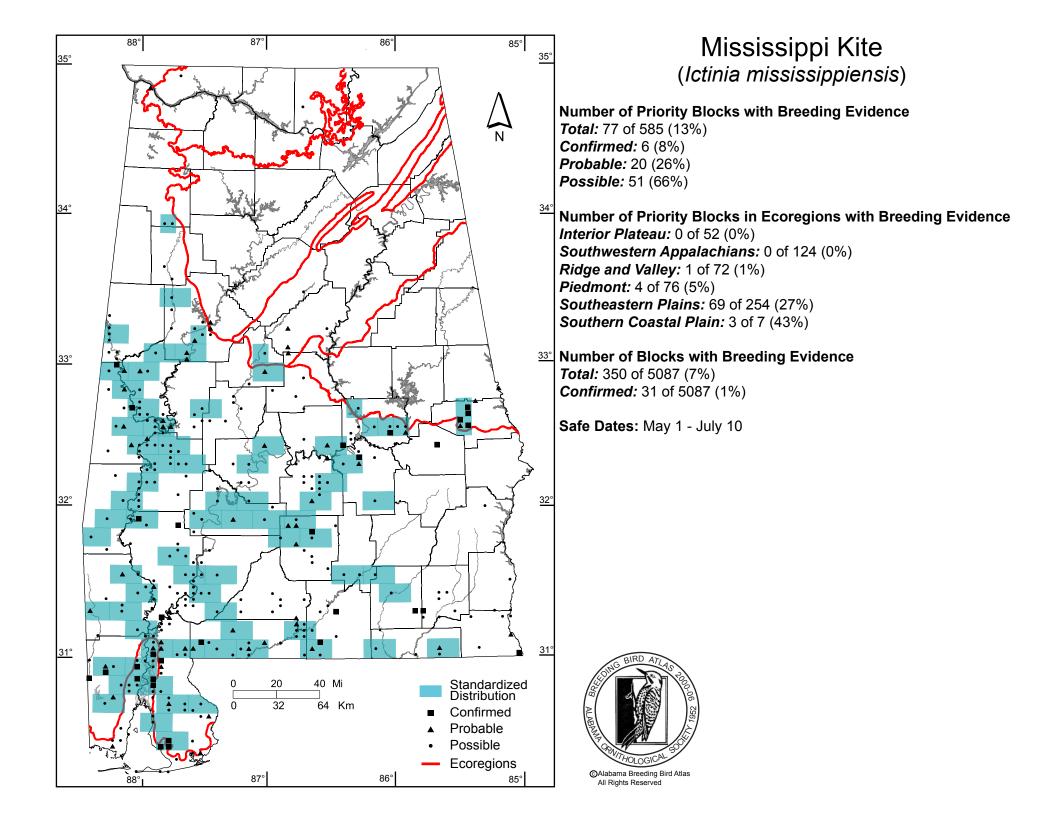
Number of Blocks with Nonbreeding Records **Observed:** 71 of 5087 (1%)

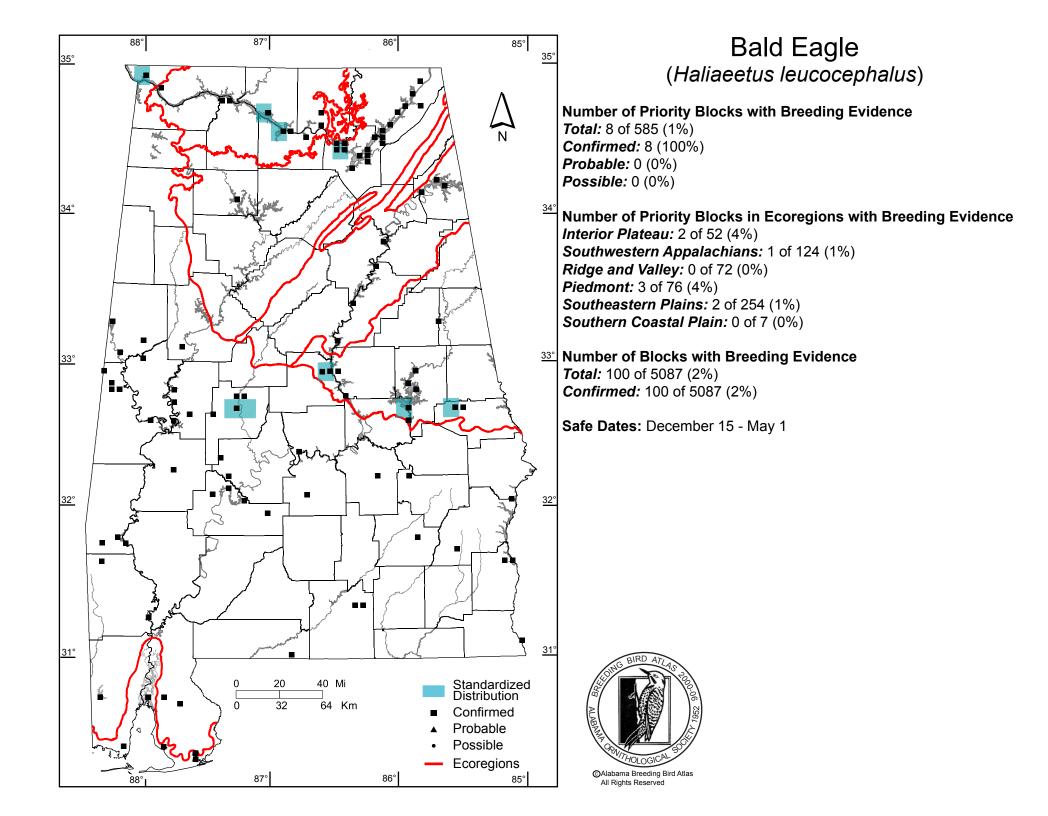
Safe Dates: April 20 - June 15

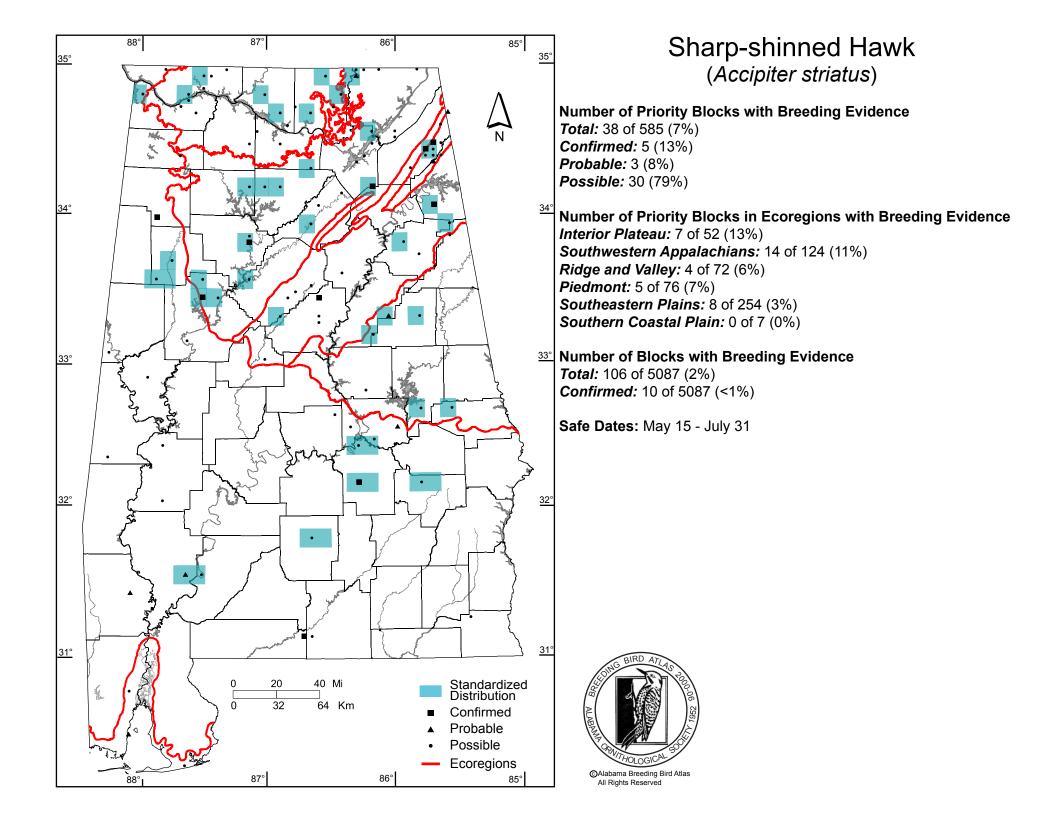
Swallow-tailed Kites forage widely and determining the actual breeding distribution is difficult. Most sightings of soaring birds received "observed" designation.

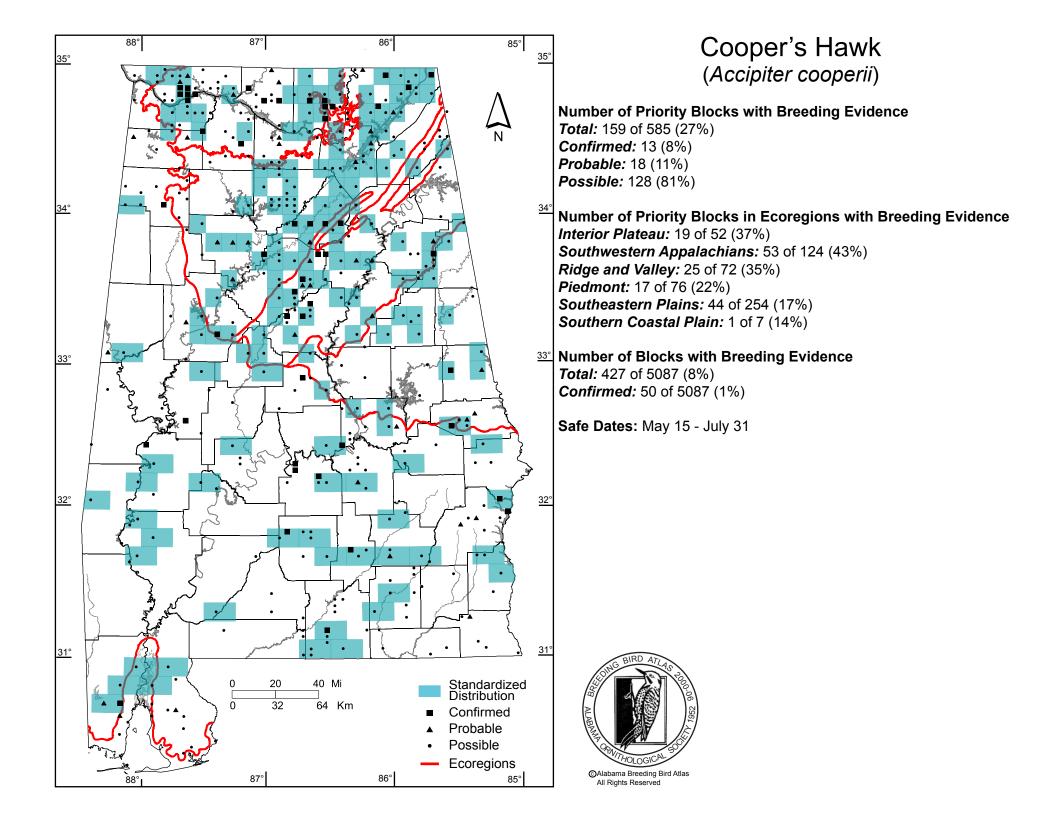


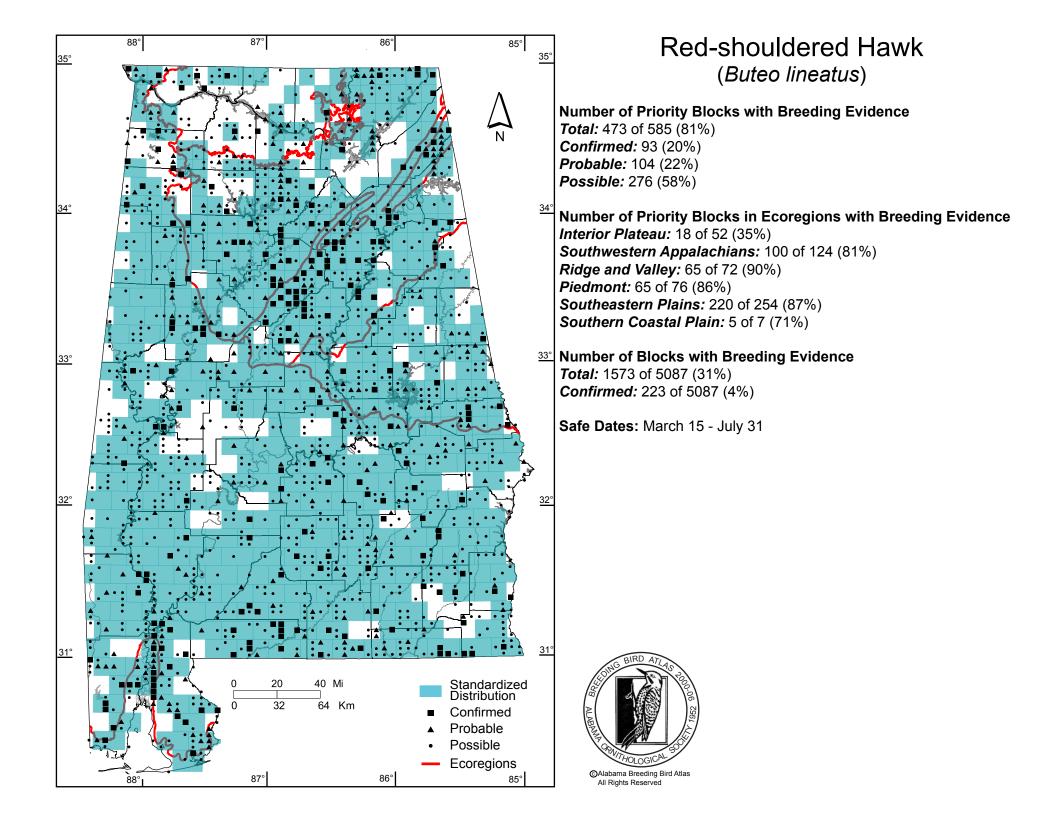
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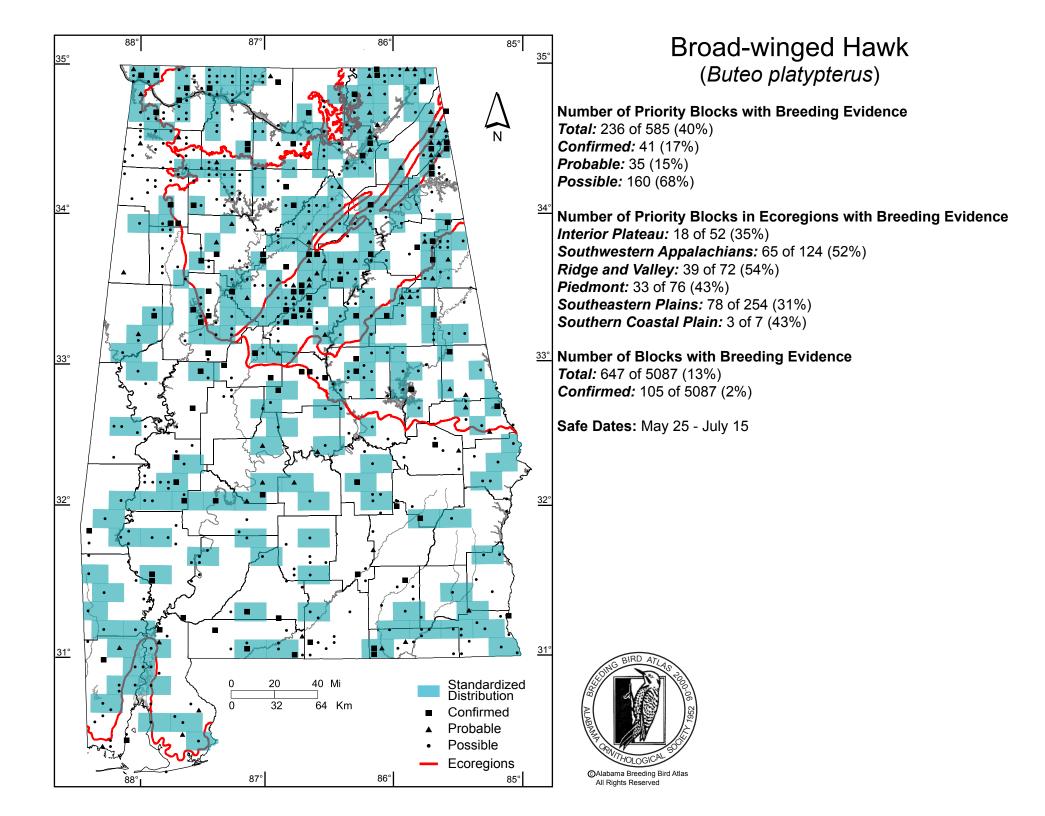


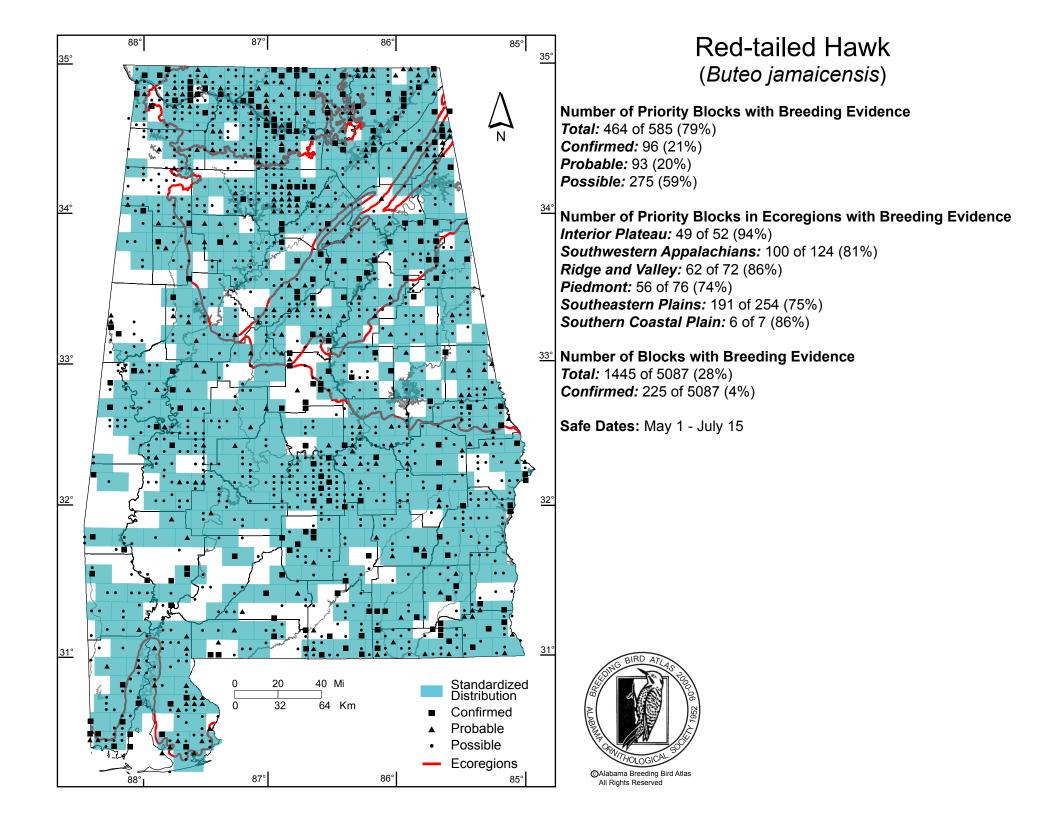


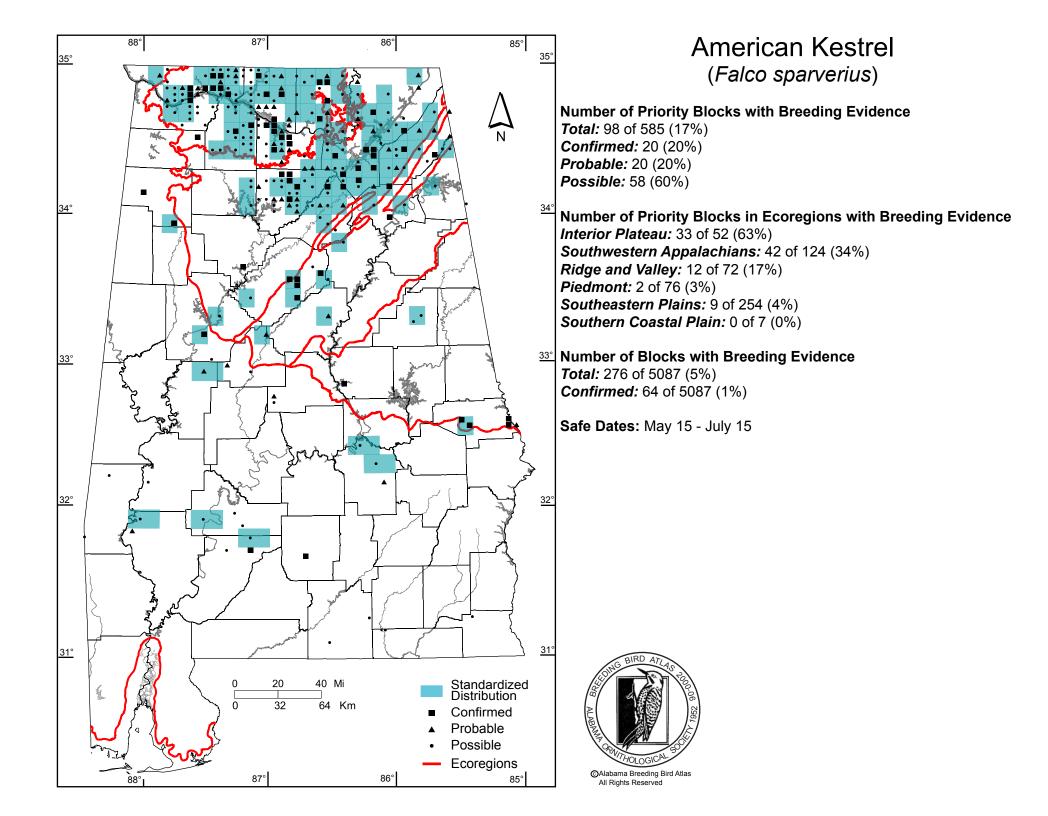


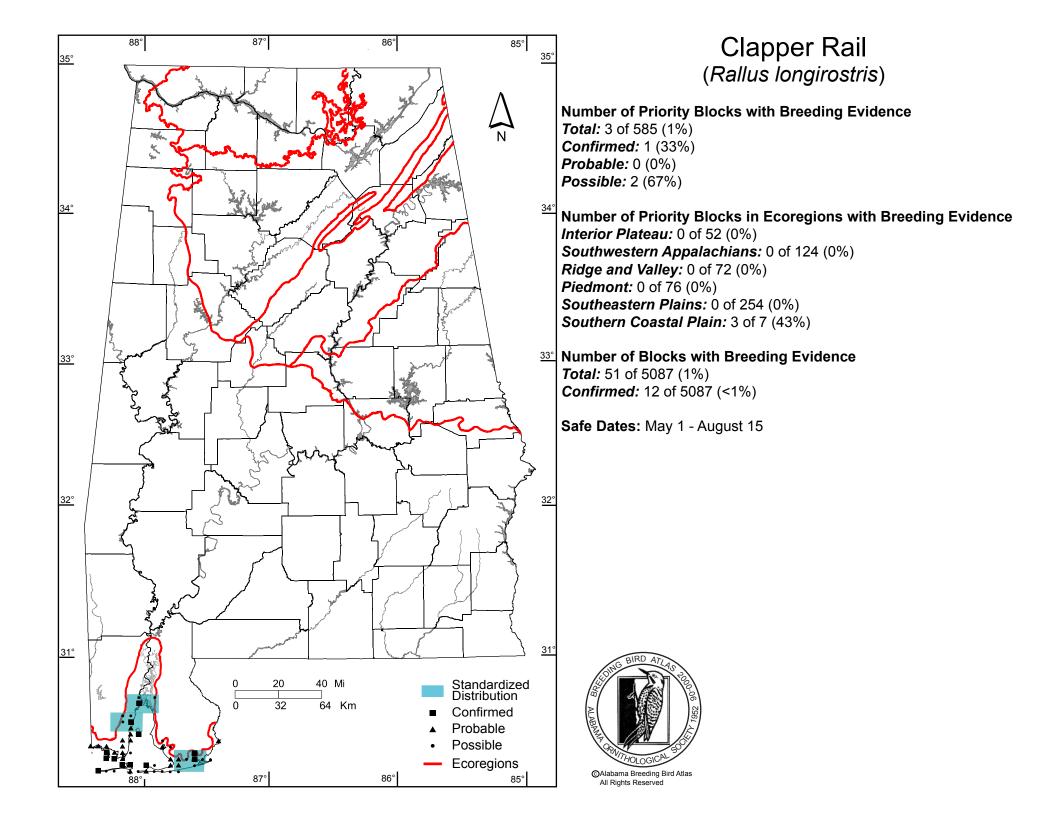


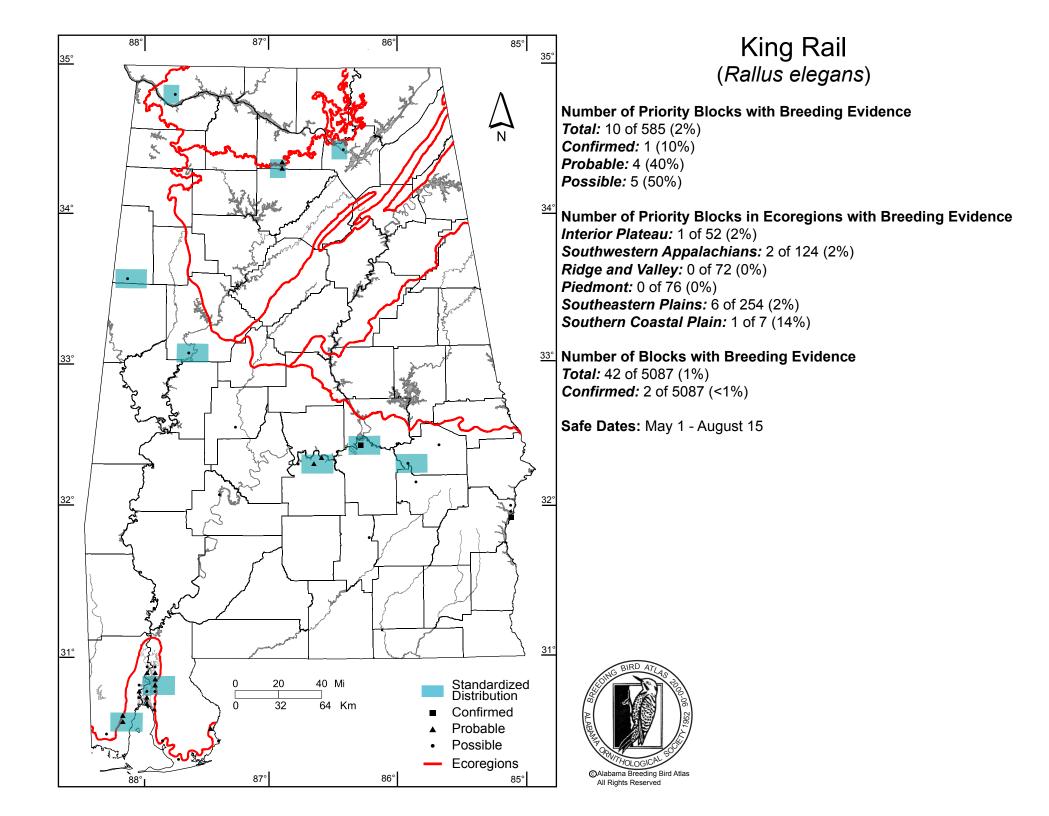


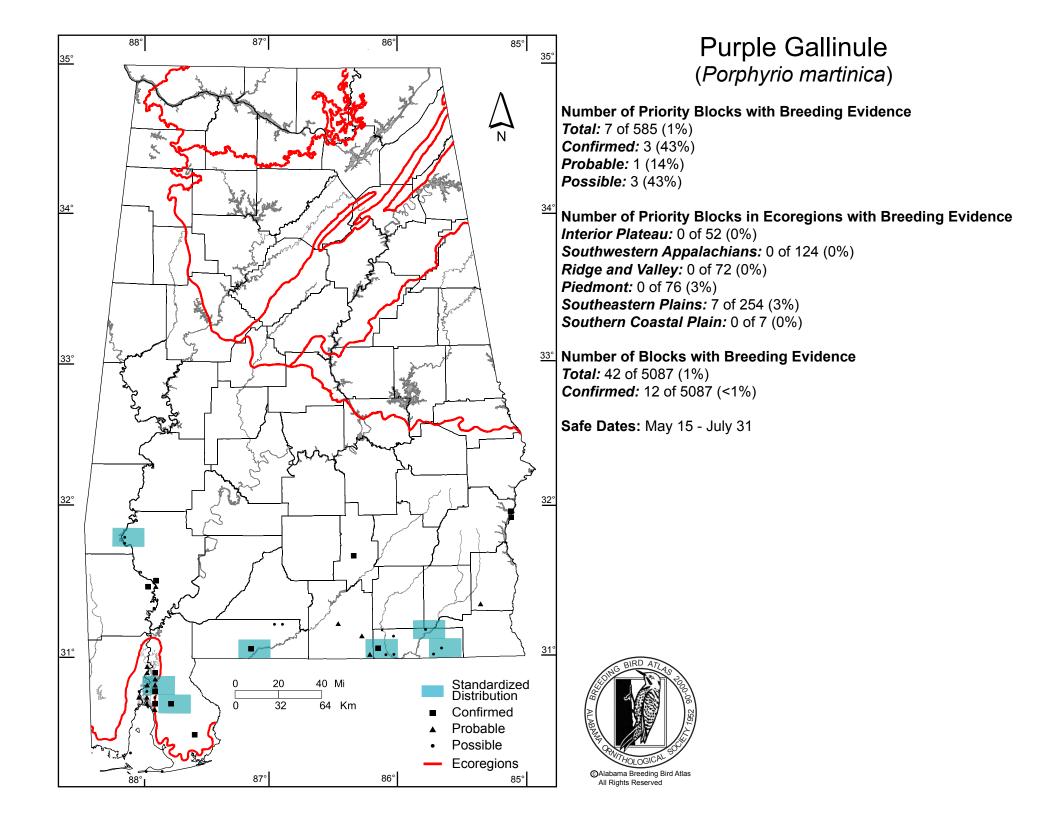


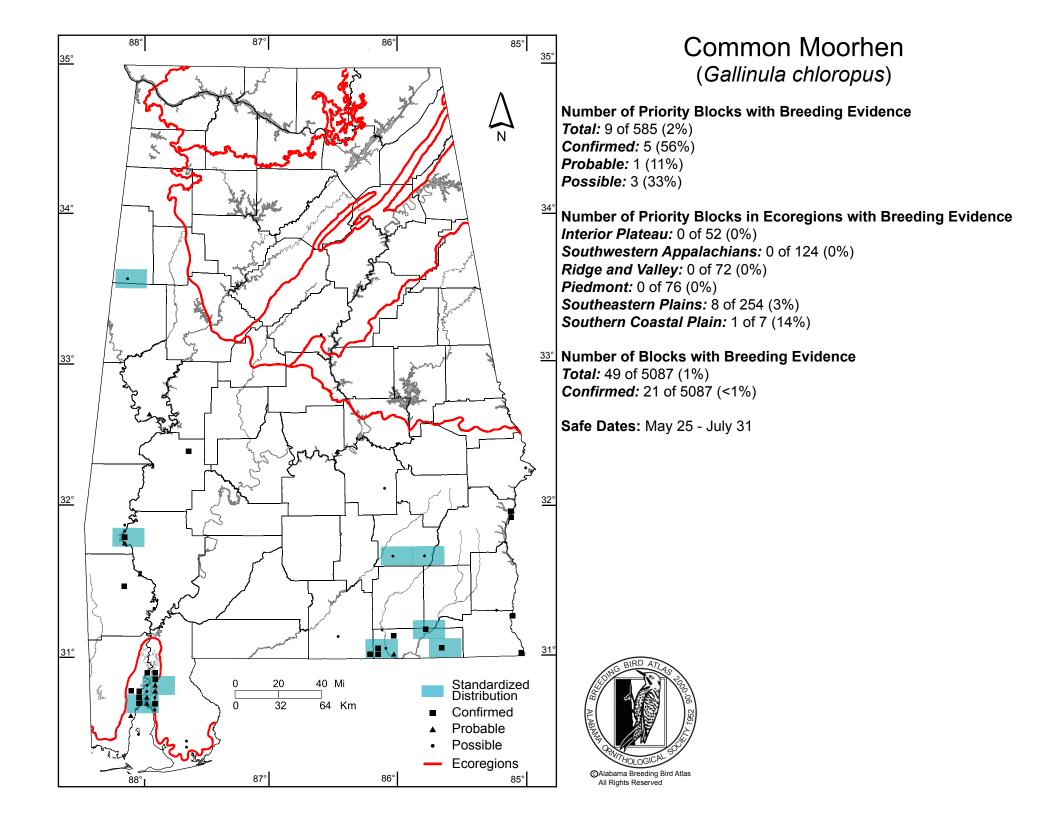


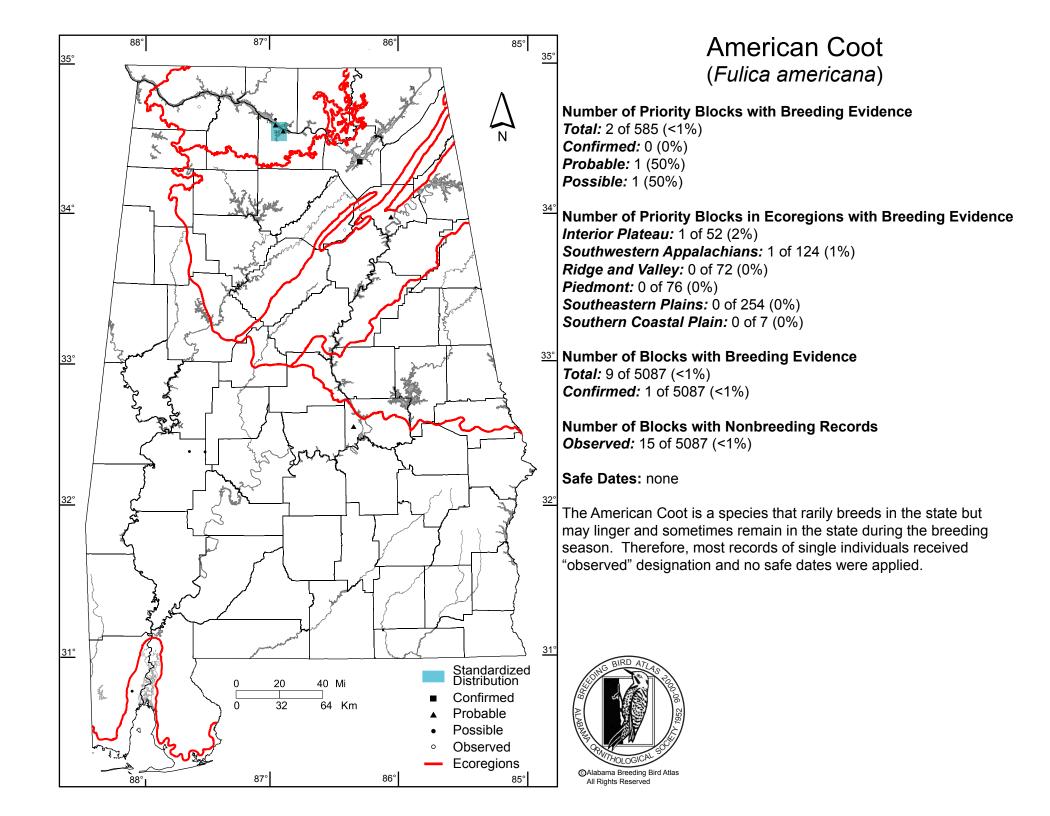


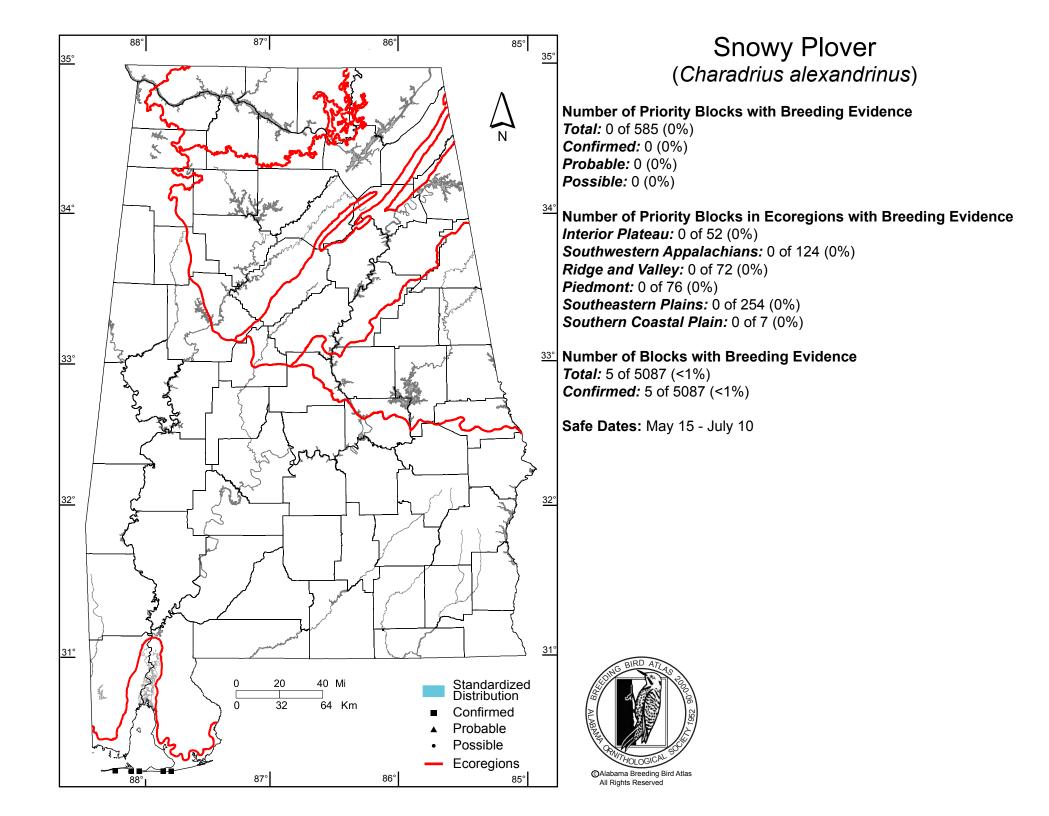


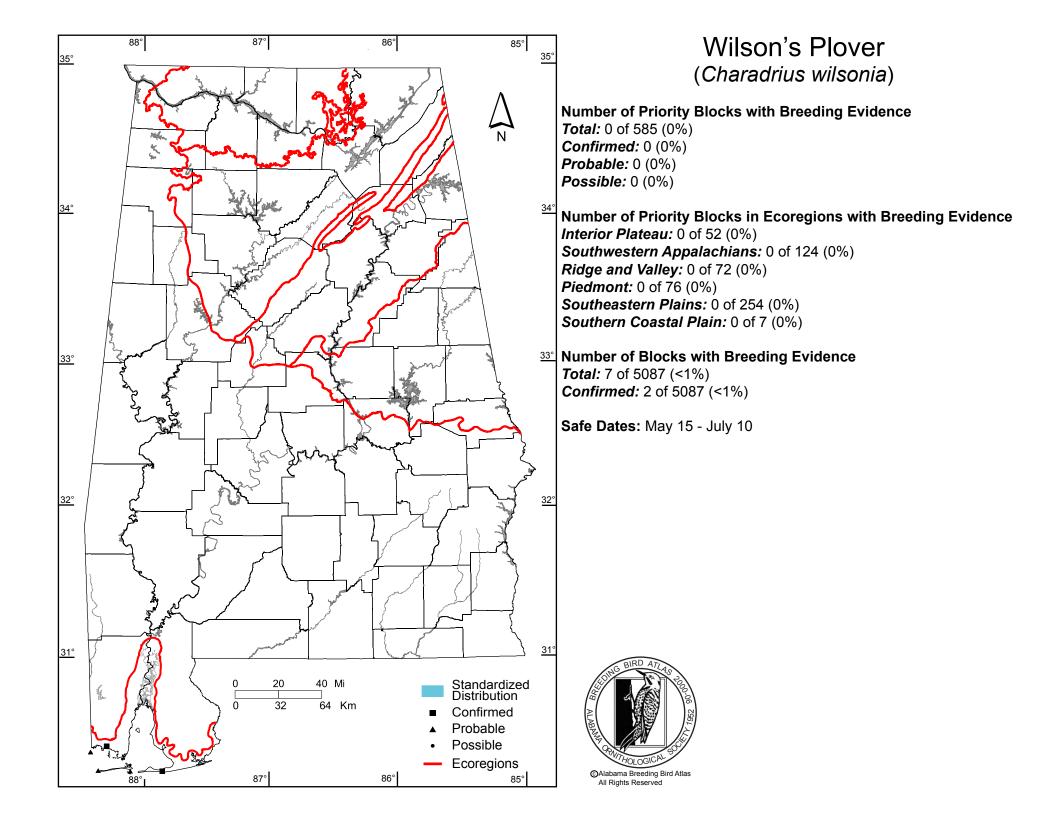


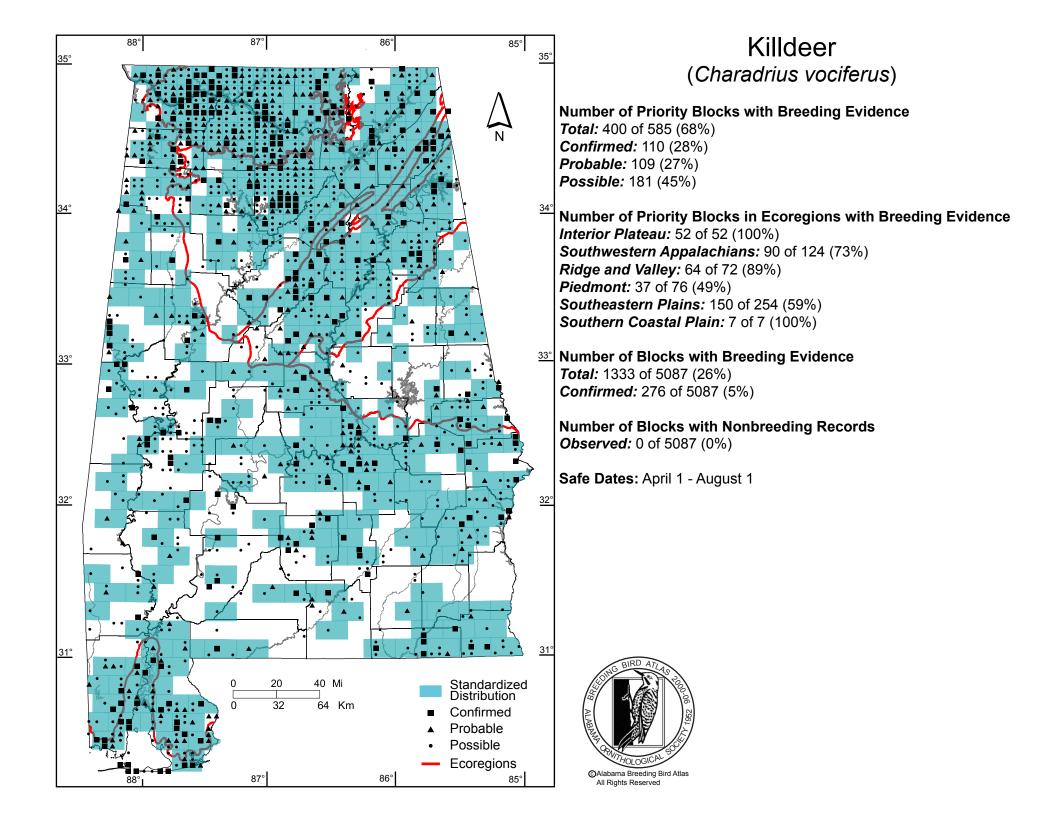


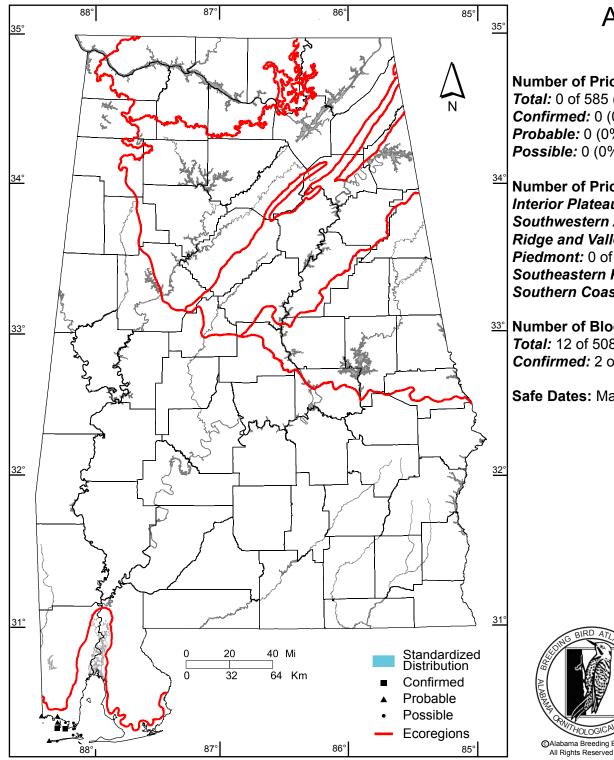












American Oystercatcher (Haematopus palliatus)

Number of Priority Blocks with Breeding Evidence *Total:* 0 of 585 (0%) **Confirmed:** 0 (0%) **Probable:** 0 (0%) **Possible:** 0 (0%)

- Number of Priority Blocks in Ecoregions with Breeding Evidence Interior Plateau: 0 of 52 (0%) Southwestern Appalachians: 0 of 124 (0%) Ridge and Valley: 0 of 72 (0%) *Piedmont:* 0 of 76 (0%) Southeastern Plains: 0 of 254 (0%) Southern Coastal Plain: 0 of 7 (0%)
- **33°** Number of Blocks with Breeding Evidence *Total:* 12 of 5087 (<1%) **Confirmed:** 2 of 5087 (<1%)

Safe Dates: May 15 - July 15



